



SHARP Programmable Controller New Satellite W series

Network module
Remote I/O slave module

Model Name

JW-20CM

JW-20RS

User's Manual

Thank you for purchasing the network module (JW-20CM), remote I/O slave module (JW-20RS) for the SHARP programmable controller.

Read this manual thoroughly to completely familiarize yourself with the operation according to the examples.

Besides this manual, the manuals of control module, support tool, and option module are available for the respective programmable controller.

We ask you to also read these manuals as well as this manual.

Keep this manual for future reference. We are confident that this manual will be helpful whenever you encounter a problem.

Note

- ★ This manual describes the JW-20CM, JW-20RS with 30Hn mark in front of the module. The following functions are added for the JW-20CM and JW-20RS without [30Hn] marks.
 - 1) This module can be communicated with JW30H.
 - ② For data link, available for use the following functions.
 - · Data link (memory capacity save function)
 - · Data memory start system for SEND/RECEIVE function.

In this manual, additional functions are represented by the $\sqrt{5}$ mark.

- ★ In this manual, programmable controller is referred to as "PC."
- ★ In this manual, programmable controllers and I/O modules with model name "ZW-xx" are referred to as "ZW model," and programmable controllers and I/O modules with model name "JW-xx" are referred to as "JW model."

Note

- · This manual is written with the utmost care.
- · No part of this manual may be reproduced in any form without permission of SHARP corporation.
- · The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice.

Safety Precautions

Read this manual and attached documents carefully before installation, operation, maintenance and checking in order to use the machine correctly. Understand all of the machine knowledge, safety information, and cautions before starting to use. In this instruction manual, safety precautions are ranked into "danger" and "caution" as follows.

<!> Danger

: Wrong handling may possibly lead to death or heavy injury.

♠ Caution

: Wrong handling may possibly lead to medium or light injury.

Even in the case of | \(\frac{\hspace{1}}{\text{Caution}} \) Caution |, a serious result may be experienced depending on the circumstances. Anyway, important points are mentioned. Be sure to observe them strictly.

The picture signs of prohibit and compel are explained below.

: It means don'ts. For example, prohibition of disassembly is indicated as (\mathbb{N}).

: It means a must. For example, obligation of grounding is indicated as (🚇).



1) Installation

♠ Caution

- Use in the environments specified in the catalog, instruction manual, and user's manual. Electric shock, fire or malfunction may be caused when used in the environments of high temperature, high humidity, dusty or corrosive atmosphere, vibration or impact.
- · Install according to the manual. Wrong installation may cause drop, breakdown, or malfunction.
- · Never admit wire chips or foreign matters. Or fire, breakdown or malfunction may be caused.

2) Wiring



Compel

· Be sure to ground. Unless grounded, electric shock or malfunction may be caused.

♠ Caution

- · Connect the rated power source. Connection of a wrong power source may cause a fire.
- Wiring should be done by a qualified electrician. Wrong wiring may lead to fire, breakdown or electric shock.

3) Use

Open the second of the seco

- Don't touch the terminal while the power is being supplied or you may have an electric shock.
- Assemble the emergency stop circuit and interlock circuit outside of the programmable controller. Otherwise breakdown or accident damage of the machine may be caused by the trouble of the programmable controller.

⚠ Caution

- "RUN" or "STOP" during operation should be done with particular care by confirming safety. Misoperation may lead to damage or accident of the machine.
- Turn on the power source in the specified sequence. Turning ON with wrong sequence may lead to machine breakdown or accident.

4) Maintenance



Prohibit

Don't disassemble or modify the modules.
 Or fire, breakdown or malfunction may be caused.

⚠ Caution

• Turn OFF the power source before detaching or attaching the module. Or electric shock, malfunction or breakdown may be caused.

■ Configuration of this manual

The network module JW-20CM has three functions: "remote I/O," "data link," and "computer link" functions. Accordingly, this manual describes about these three functions. Read each section according to your use of any of these functions.

Users who use the network module for the first time.

Read this manual from chapter 1.

First, thoroughly understanding general, precautions, name and function of each section. Then, read the contents from chapter 5 for proper use.

Users who want to use the remote I/O function.

Read from chapter 1 to chapter 7 and properly install and connect wiring work of the module. Then set switches and parameters by referring chapter 8 for correct use.

Switch setting

- \cdot Master module: JW-20CM See page 8·9
- · Slave module: JW-20RS See page 8·14

Parameter setting

- · Master module: JW-20CM See page 8·19
- · Slave module: JW-20RS See page 8-30

Users who want to use the data link function (including the computer link function)

Read from chapter 1 to chapter 7 and properly install and connect wiring work of the module. Then set switches and parameters by referring chapter 9 for correct use.

The module also can function the computer link as data link system with a host computer having a network module: ZW-98CM/ZW-20AX.

Switch setting

- · Master module See page 9·17
- · Slave module See page 9·17

Parameter setting

- · Master module See page 9·22
- · Slave module See page 9.33

Users who want to use only the computer link function

Read from chapter 1 to chapter 7 and properly install and connect wiring work of the module. Then set switches by referring chapter 10 for correct use.

Switch setting See page 10.3

Users who want to save and load parameter contents using a support tool.

Carefully read the contents of chapter 11 for correct use.

Users who want to add a communication station.

Carefully read the contents of chapter 7 and add a station.

Network module JW-20CM Remote I/O slave module JW-20RS

- User's Manual -

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Chapter 1 Outline

Using network module JW-20CM, you can construct a communications system (satellite net) which can easily send and receive an ON/OFF signal (machine information) and numerical data (production data) between PCs and a host computer using equipment control.

Using remote I/O slave module JW-20RS, you can construct a remote I/O system as master station for PC that installed JW-20CM.

PCs which can use JW-20CM and JW-20RS are W70H/100H, JW50/70/100, and JW50H/70H/100H.

① Data link/computer link function

This function enables to send and receive ON/OFF signals and numeric data between modules on a network (satellite net) which is connected PCs and personal computers having network module ZW-20CM/JW-20CM/JW-22CM, network module ZW-98CM/ZW-20AX, and satellite net board Z-335J.

2 Remote I/O function

If remote I/O slave module ZW-20RS/JW-20RS are mounted on I/O modules located separately, one PC having a network module JW-20CM can control these slave modules. (Connectable maximum 63 modules of slave stations.)

· In the remote I/O function, the remote I/O can choose either of synchronous or asynchronous for sending and receiving data with slave stations.

Synchronous type: Slave station scans input/output operation one time for each operation of the PC.

Asynchronous type: When PC's operation time is longer than data transfer required time of the remote I/O, the slave station scans input/output operation one time for each operation of the PC. When PC's operation time is shorter than the data transfer required time of the remote I/O, the slave station operate input and output one time for several operation of the PC.

3 Remote programming/remote monitor function

By constructing a satellite system using the JW-20CM, you can program and monitor other station's PC's (master station's PC in case that remote I/O function) on the satellite system using a support tool.

- · These remote programming and remote monitor functions are also available beyond one hierarchical layer difference (satellite net ←→ satellite net, satellite net ←→ SUMINET-3200).
 - * "SUMINET-3200" is a trademark of Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd.

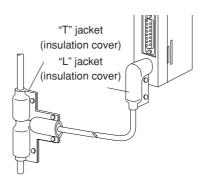
Chapter 2 Safety Precautions

2-1 Installation

- Do not install or store the JW-20CM in the following conditions.
 - · Direct sunlight
 - Ambient temperature exceeding the range of 0 to 55 °C (Storage temperature : -20 to 70 °C)
 - The relative humidity exceeding the range of 35 to 90%.
 - Sudden temperature changes which may cause condensation.
 - · Corrosive or inflammable gas
 - · Vibration or hard jolts
- Prior to installing or detaching the JW-20CM, make sure to turn OFF the power supply to the PCs.
- All screws must be tightened firmly.

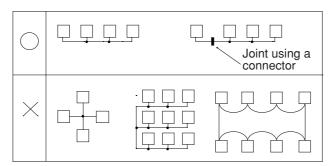
2-2 Wiring

- Make sure to use only the recommended types (see page 6 · 1) for cables, connectors, and crimping tools.
- When using connectors for branch or joint lines, provide jackets to protect connectors.
 (When a connector touches with an external enclosure or the like, a communication error may occur.)

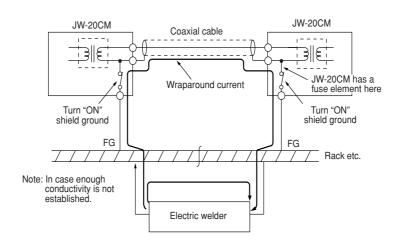


- Do not connect the ground terminal of the power supply module together with other equipment's ground lines. Make sure to provide class-3 grounding.
 When the JW-20CM is used without connecting a class-3 grounding, malfunctions by noise may occur.
- Communication cables should be arranged as far from any high voltage lines and strong power lines as possible. Do not lay the communication cable parallel or proximate to these lines.

Communication cables should be laid from the master station to the slave station one by one. Multiple wiring from one point or wiring without terminators may cause communication errors.



- Arrange total cable length within 1 km.
- Arrange branch cable line from a trunk within 400 mm.
- Prior to any electric welding around the JW-20CM, take out the coaxial cable from the JW-20CM. While the coaxial cable is connected to the JW-20CM, any electric welding nearby the JW-20CM will cause the welding current to enter the JW-20CM and may damage part of its circuit pattern.



2-3 Treatment

- For ventilation, holes are provided in the cabinet to prevent a temperature rise. Do not block the ventilation holes. Good ventilation is necessary.
- Never allow a liquid such as water and chemical solution and a metallic object like a copper wire inside the JW-20CM to avoid a possible hazard. Otherwise, it may be a cause of machine trouble.
- When a trouble or abnormal condition such as overheat, fume, or smoke is met, stop the operation immediately, and call your dealer or our service department.

2-4 Static electricity

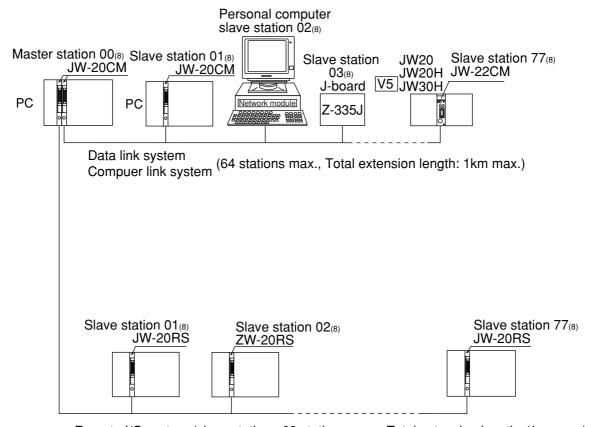
In extremely dry circumstances, the human body may have excessive static current. This excessive static current may damage parts in the JW-20CM's PC board. Therefore, prior to accessing the JW-20CM, touch your hand to a grounded piece of metal to discharge the static current in your body.

2-5 Maintenance

Use a clean, dry cloth when cleaning the JW-20CM. Do not use volatile chemicals such as thinner or alcohol as it may result in deformation and color fading.

Chapter 3 System Configuration

(Example of system configuration)

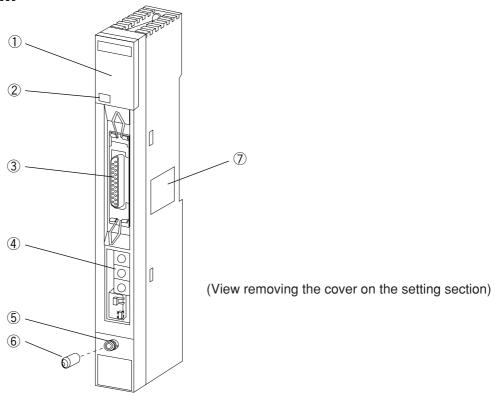


Remote I/O system (slave station : 63 stations max., Total extension length: 1km max.)

[&]quot;PC" indicates W70H/100H, JW50/70/100, and JW50H/70H/100H.

Chapter 4 Name and Function of Each Part

4-1 JW-20CM



1 Indication lamps

Lamps light ON/OFF indicates operation condition.

JW-20CM				
соммо	○ S 0			
SDO	○ S 1			
R D 🔾	○ S 2			
CDO	\bigcirc S 3			
LTO	○ S 4			
TESTO	○ S 5			
ERRORO	○ S 6			
FAULTO	○ S 7			
30Hn				

Name	Operation
COMM	Lights during communicating
SD	Lights when data sending
RD	Lights when data receiving
CD	Lights when detecting carrier
LT	Lights when turning "ON" the termination resistance
TEST	Lights during testing
ERROR	Lights at a communication error
FAULT	Lights at time up of the watchdog timer
S0 to S7	Lights error code when error occurs.

2 30Hn mark (Applied to JW30H)

JW-20CMs having 30Hn mark can communicate with JW30H.

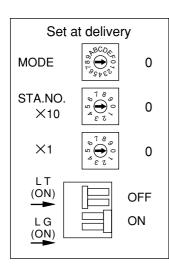
JW-20CMs having 30H can communicate with conventional modules of JW30H (JW-31CUH/32CUH/33CUH). However, when they will communicate with new modules of JW30H (JW-31CUH1/32CUH1/33CUH1/33CUH2/33CUH3), they recognizes these new modules as conventional modules.

3 Support tool connection connector

Connect a support tool and set parameter etc.

4 Setting switch

Set functions of JW-20CM.



· MODE switch Select functions

Number	Function		
0	Set at delivery		
1	Remote I/O		
2	Data link (standard function)		
	Computer link		
3	Data link (memory capacity save function)		
3	Computer link		
4 to F	Do not set.		

 \cdot S T A . N O.

X 10, X 1

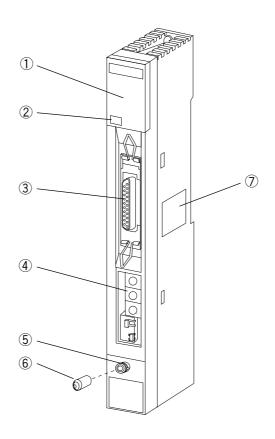
.... Set station number

- · L T Set ON/OFF of termination resistance
- · L G Set shield ground ON/OFF of communication cable

⑤ Communication cable connection connector BNC type receptacle (jack)

- **6** Connector protective cap
- 7 Rating plate

4-2 JW-20RS



1 Indication lamps

Lamps light ON/OFF indicates operation condition.

JW-20RS				
соммо	○ S 0			
SDO	○ S 1			
R D 🔾	○ S 2			
CDO	\bigcirc S 3			
LTO	○ S 4			
TESTO	○ S 5			
ERRORO	○ S 6			
FAULTO	○ S 7			
30Hn				

Name	Operation		
COMM	Lights during communicating		
SD	Lights when data sending		
RD	Lights when data receiving		
CD	Lights when detecting carrier		
LT	Lights when turning "ON" the termination resistance		
TEST	Lights during testing		
ERROR	Lights at a communication error		
FAULT	Lights at time up of the watchdog timer		
S0 to S7	Indicates error code.		

2 30Hn mark (Applied to JW30H)

JW-20RSs having 30Hn mark can communicate with JW30H.

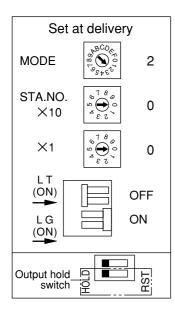
JW-20RSs having 30H can communicate with conventional modules of JW30H (JW-31CUH/32CUH/33CUH). However, when they will communicate with new modules of JW30H (JW-31CUH1/32CUH1/33CUH1/33CUH2/33CUH3), they recognizes these new modules as conventional modules.

3 Support tool connection connector

Connect a support tool and set parameter etc.

4 Setting switch

Set functions of JW-20RS.



· MODE switch Select functions

Number	Function
0	Do not set.
1	Remote I/O (ZW-I/O)
2	Remote I/O (JW-I/O)
3 to F	Do not set.

·STA.NO.

X 10, X 1

.... Set station number

- · L T Set ON/OFF of termination resistance
- · L G Set shield ground ON/OFF of communication cable

⑤ Communication cable connection connector

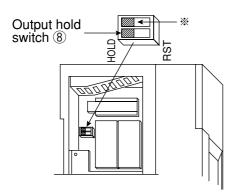
BNC type receptacle (jack)

6 Connector protective cap

⑦ Rating plate

8 Output hold switch

Set the status of the output module when the JW-20RS stops operation.



· In case of using ZW-I/O

HOLD: Holds operation condition

RST: All points is OFF

· In case of using JW-I/O

Be sure to setting at HOLD.

Keep the switch marked with x as the setting at delivery (condition in the figure above).

Chapter 5 Installation

5-1 JW-20CM

(1) Installation of cable for option module

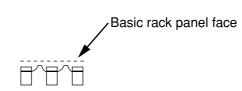
Install the optional cable on the basic rack panel that installed JW-20CM.

PC mod	PC module name		Cable for option module	Available for using I/O
ZW model	W70H	ZW-28KB	ZW-2CC	I/O mandalla of 7NN mandal
Zvv moder	W100H	ZW-46KB	ZW-2CC/4CC	
	JW50	ZW-28KB	ZW-2CC	I/O module of ZW model I/O module of JW model
	JW70	ZW-46KB	ZW-2CC/4CC	
JW model	JW100	JW-4BU	ZW-2CC	
JW IIIOGEI	JW50H	JW-6BU	ZW-2CC/4CC	
	JW70H	JW-8BU	ZW-2CC/4CC/6CC	
	JW100H	JW-13BU	ZW-2CC/4CC/6CC	

In case that install a basic rack panel JW-4BU to ZW-2CC

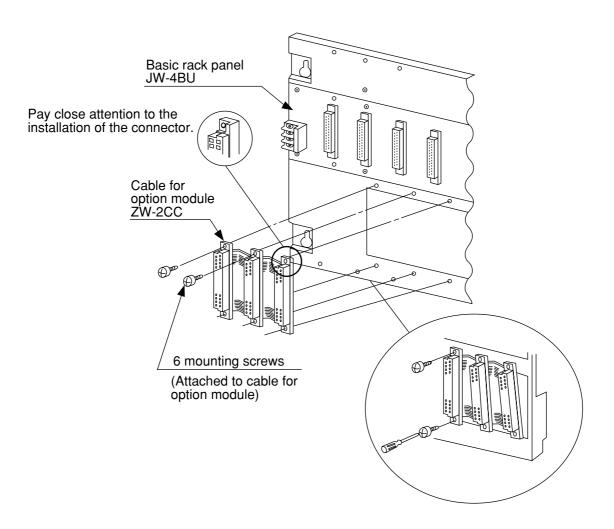
1 Bend the optional cable





Install the cable in a manner that it may be slack towards the rack panel.

② Attach the connectors in the optional cable one after another, starting from the left side.



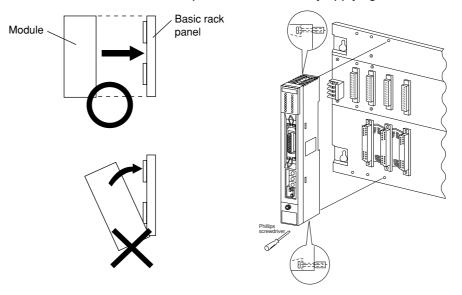
(2) Installation of JW-20CM

Attach the basic rack panel using the two attachment screws.

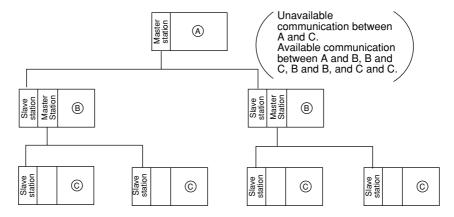
Before installation or removal, make sure to shut OFF the power supply to the PC.

(Example) Install on basic rack panel JW-4BU

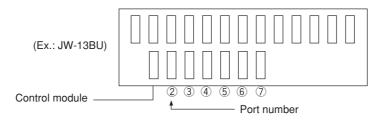
- · This module can be installed in any one of the optional slots.
- · Be careful not to bend the connector pins on the module by applying too much force to them.



· More than one modules of JW-20CM can be installed on one basic rack panel. However they cannot communicate by crossing-over another network.



· Optional slots have each port numbers. When an error occurs, the JW-20CM stores the port number corresponding to the error occurred module into system memory #050 in the PC. This is applied only error code 53: Optional error.

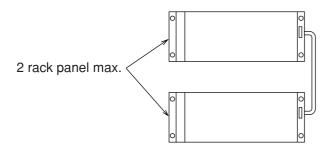


5-2 JW-20RS

Choose type of basic rack panel of the remote I/O slave module (JW-20RS) considering kinds and number of I/O modules to be installed.

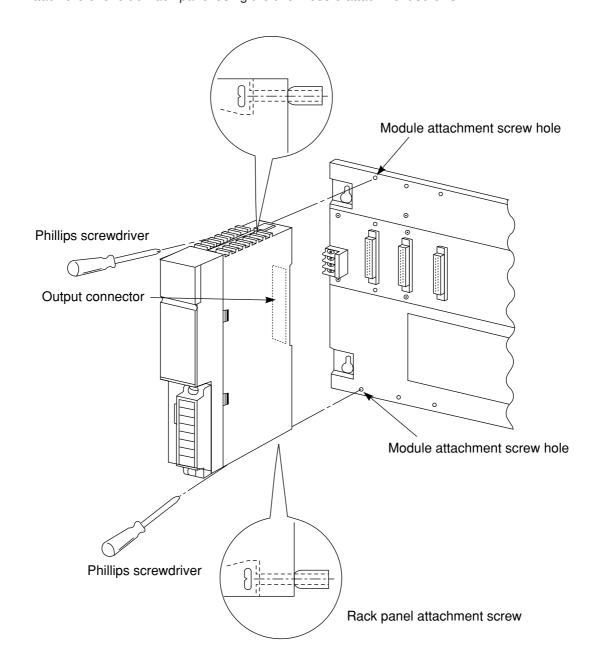
Kinds of I/O modules	Rack panel model name	
	ZW-08BU (for 8 modules)	
I/O module of ZW model	ZW-04KB (for 4 modules)	
	ZW-02KB (for 2 modules)	
	JW-4BU (for 4 modules)	
I/O module of JW model	JW-6BU (for 6 modules)	
I/O module of 3vv model	JW-8BU (for 8 modules)	
	JW-13BU (for 13 modules)	

When I/O modules for JW model are used, maximum two modules of basic rack panel can be connected per one remote I/O slave module. However, I/O bus expansion adapter (JW-1EA/JW-2EA) cannot be used.



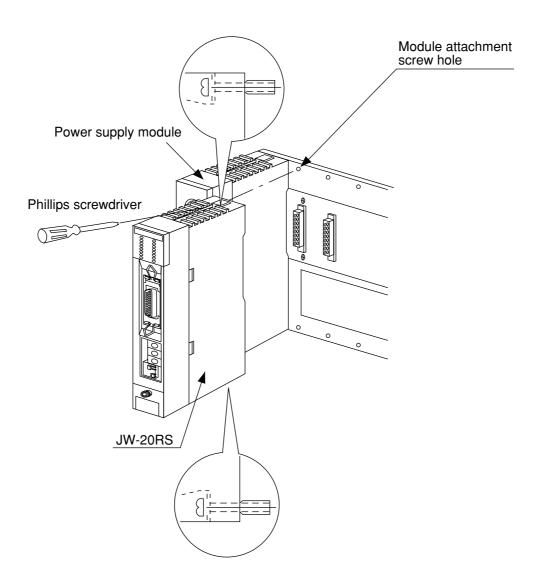
(1) Installation of power supply module

Attach the end left of rack panel using the two module attachment screws.



(2) Installation of JW-20RS

Install the JW-20RS in the second slot from the left end using the two module attachment screws. Before installation or removal, make sure to shut OFF the power supply to the PC.



Chapter 6 Processing of Cables

Make sure to use the recommended models shown below for cables and connectors.

	Name	Model	Maker
Cable	High frequency coaxial cable	ME-5C-2V	Mitsubishi Cable Industries,. Ltd. Fujikura Cable,. Ltd. Furukawa Denko Corporation Chugoku Cable,. Ltd. Shinagawa Cable,. Ltd.
Crim	ping tools	ME-42H Dice: 67-42H	Toko Denshi Corporation
Stripper for high frequency coaxial cable		CST-TM (The system consists of the main body, a blade cassette, and a blade setting gauge	Nihon Weidmüller Co., Ltd.
Jacket	"L" jacket	SB-2878	Shinagawa Shoko
Jacket	"T" jacket	SB-2879	Co., Ltd.
Insulation tape	Self-adhesive tape	NO.11	Nitto Denko Corporation
Connector Straight T's Termination	ME-GP-01		
	Straight	ME-JJ-01	T. D. 110
	Elbow	ME-LA-01	Toko Denshi Corporation DDK Ltd.
	T's	ME-TA-01	DBN Etd.
	(Tanks)	ME-75	

6-1 Processing cable end

1 Applicable cable

High frequency coaxial cable: ME-5C-2V

2 Required tools

Stripper for high frequency coaxial cable: CST-TM

3 Processing procedure

<Basic operation>

Move the cam wheel of the stripper (amber colored ring) back and forth and the cable holder moves back and forth accordingly. Confirm this movement of the stripper first.

To hold the stripper, put your forefinger through the hole and move the cam while pushing back and forth with your thumb.

<Pressure setting>

Set the operation range of the cable holder by moving the slider at the bottom of the body. Move to the left to increase pressure.

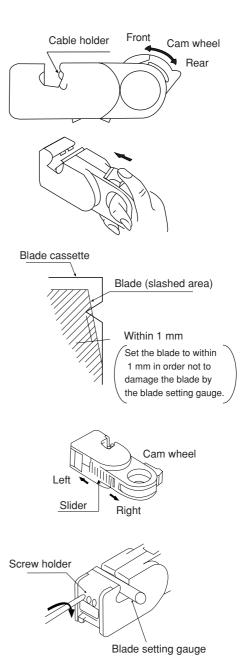
In this example, set the slider to the cam wheel side's end (right side) to set the pressure to low.

<Adjustment of blade cutting depth>

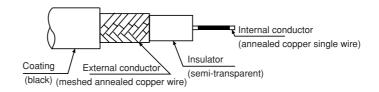
Adjust the cutting depth of the blade by turning the two screws at both ends of the screw holder. Set the blade position to within 1 mm from the cutting surface of the blade cassette prior to adjusting the cutting depth. For the cutting depth adjustment, use the "blade setting gauge" supplied as an accessory and match the blade position with the caved position of the gauge. Then move the cam wheel forward and secure firmly. Turn right lightly both adjustment screws at either end of the screw holder for adjustment. (Be careful not to break the blade setting gauge as it is made of aluminum.)

(Fine adjustment is required to get the optimum cutting depth.)

To the next page



mm



From the previous page

<Cutting of coating, external conductor, and insulator>

Put a coaxial cable while remaining approximately 10 mm into the cable stripper and securely tighten the cable with the middle finger, ring finger, and little finger of your left hand in order to hold stable during turning the stripper.

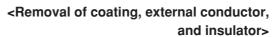
Put your right hand forefinger into the cam wheel and execute the procedure in order from step 1 below.

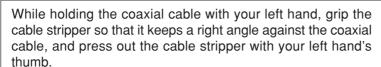


Press the cam wheel forward 3 times and turn Step 1 the stripper in the direction of arrow 2 to 3

Step 2 Press the cam wheel forward 1 time and then turn the stripper in the direction of arrow a further 2 to 3 times.

Step 3 Press the cam wheel forward 1 more time and turn the stripper in the direction of the arrow another 2 to 3 times.



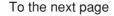


When the adjustment of the blade is not required

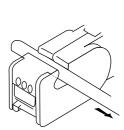
If the stripper cannot be removed smoothly, adjustment of the blade is not appropriate. In this case slide the cam wheel backward and remove the coaxial cable. Then adjust the blade.

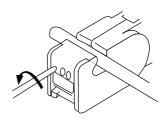


When the cutting depth is too shallow or too deep, and damages the external conductor or the internal conductor, turn the screws on the screw holder and adjust the blade depth a little.





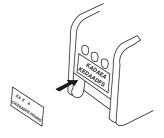




From the previous page

<Display of blade setting>

We recommend that in order to keep the adjusted position of the adjustment screws, after completion of adjustment for the coaxial cable and the screw holder, write the screw position etc. on a sticker and adhere it to the adjustment screws.

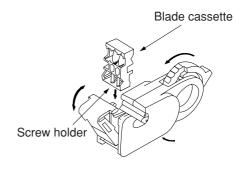


<Replacement of blades>

Hold up the upper section of the screw holder with a minus driver, and open the screw holder.

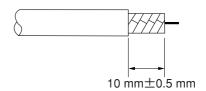
Remove the blade cassette and reinsert by turning

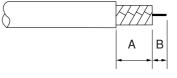
Remove the blade cassette and reinsert by turning the current blade back side front or insert a new blade cassette from its top.



<Processing of cable end>

Cut the internal conductor of the coaxial cable, which is already cut by the stripper, using a nipper etc. to the optimum dimension of 4 mm.





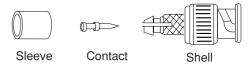
A: 10±0.5 mm B: 4±0.5 mm

6-2 Connector crimping procedure

1 Required tools: Hand-held crimping tool

Model: ME-42H
Dice No.: 67-42H
Crimping width: 10 mm

Connector parts



2 Connector: ME-GP-01

3 Processing procedure

<Insert a sleeve>

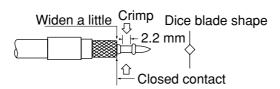
Put through a sleeve to an end-processed high frequency coaxial cable.



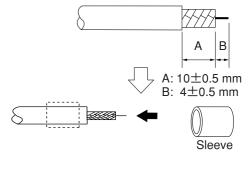
Insert a contact into the internal conductor and crimp.

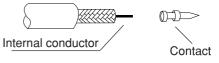
Put a contact into dice having a diamond shape and closely stick its end surface with the insulator and the dice. Pull the moving frame to the fixing frame side and crimp until the ratchet is removed.

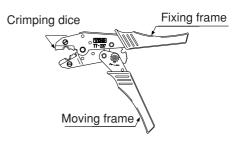
(Crimping width: 2.2 mm)

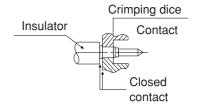


* Use the crimping tool in the direction shown in the illustration right. Using the crimping tool in the reverse direction will not crimp correctly.











To the next page

<Fixing the connector>

Slightly widen the external conductor of the coaxial cable, which is crimped to a contact on the internal conductor, in order to smoothly enter the shell inside the external conductor. Press in the external conductor end of the coaxial cable to just before the crimping part of the shell and put the sleeve into the crimping section. Then press in the coaxial cable until a "click" sound can be heard. Confirm that the contact end point touches your finger cushion.

<Crimping external conductor>

Crimp the external conductor.

Insert thoroughly the sleeve into the crimping section of the shell and crimp. Put the sleeve in the hexagonal dice and closely stick the shell to the crimping dice. Pull the moving frame to the fixing frame side while pressing the coaxial cable and shell from both sides, and crimp until the ratchet is removed.

(Crimping width: 10 mm)

 * Use the crimping tool in the direction shown in the illustration right.
 Using the crimping tool in the reverse direction will not crimp correctly.

<Insulation test>

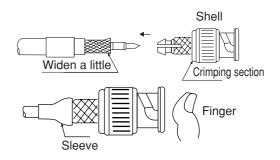
Insulation test of shell and contact

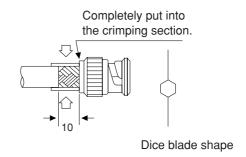
Using a tester, check the conductivity between the internal conductor and the external conductor in the connector. When the indication of the tester shows ∞ ohms, the insulation is appropriate.

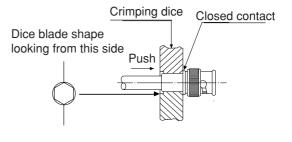
<Conductivity test>

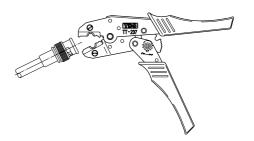
Conductivity test

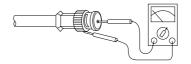
After short-circuiting the one end of the connector crimped to the coaxial cable, check that conductivity is attained.

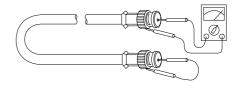








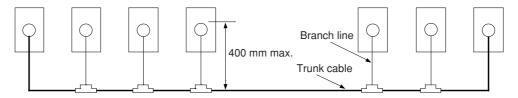




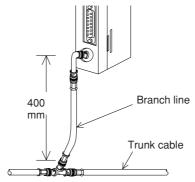
Chapter 7 Wiring

7-1 Cable trunk and branch lines

① On the illustration of the cable wiring below, a bold line means a trunk and the thin lines branched from the trunk with a "T" shape are called branch lines.



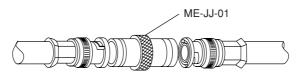
② The length of branch lines branched from the trunk should be within 400 mm.



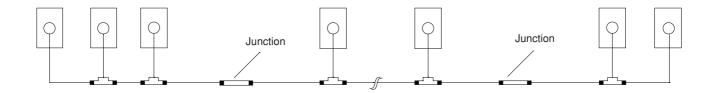
3 Total cable length should be within 1 km.

7-2 Relaying of trunk cables

1 To relay trunk cables, use the straight joint (ME-JJ-01).



② Relaying of trunk cables should be limited to indispensable cases only. Inadvertent relaying of trunk cables may cause a communication fault such as a weakened signal level due to contact resistance in the junction connector (straight).



7-3 Cable wiring procedure in control panel

[1] Fixing of the cable

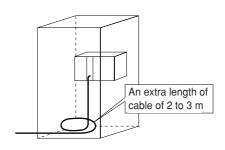
In order not to put any force on the cable and the JW-20CM, fasten the cable to an line nearby input of a control panel or a "T" branch point to the JW-20CM using saddles etc.

W Saddle

Saddle

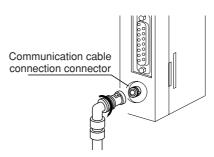
[2] Extra length of cable

Provide an extra length of the cable of 2 to 3 m inside a control panel for easier processing of the cable end and easier wiring when changing module positions.



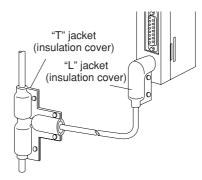
[3] Connection to the JW-20CM

The connector to the JW-20CM should be turned right to secure locking, not merely inserted.



[4] Insulation cover

When the connector touches with a high voltage section or external enclosures, communication errors may occur. Make sure to install an insulation cover.

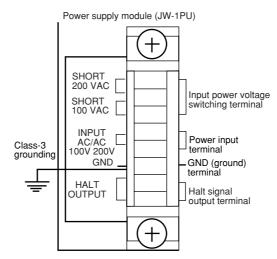


[5] Grounding of power supply module

Make sure to connect the GND terminal of the power supply module to a class-3 grounding.

• If the power supply module is not grounded, the JW-20CM cannot conduct with the ground after turning "ON" the shield ground switch.

In case of AC power supply module (JW-1PU)



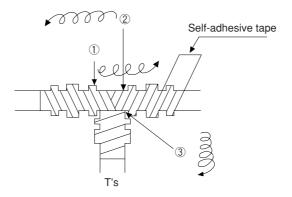
Detail of the terminal block

7-4 Waterproof and insulation processing of connectors

In order to prevent water intrusion into the "T" branch connectors and the straight connectors, we recommend to wind a self-adhesive tape and provide waterproof processing for them. For insulation purposes, cover these connectors with jackets.

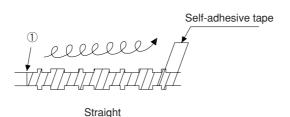
[1] "T" branch connector

To wind a self-adhesive tape, cut the tape at about 10 cm each and start winding from position ①. Start winding cut tapes from ② and ③ as well.



[2] Straight connector

To wind the self-adhesive tape, cut the tape at about 15 cm each and start winding from position ①.



(Remarks)

Prior to adhering the tape, clean the surface of the connectors and stick the adhesive side of the tape on the connector surface. Wind to lightly spread on the connector surface, and overlap with the next wrap to half of the tape width. Wind the tape for each wrap evenly so that the connector metal portion is completely covered with the tape.

Be careful not to excessively stretch the tape.

7-5 Wiring of cables at outside control panels

- ① Do not bundle the coaxial cable (the trunk and branch lines) together with power cables, and separate from power cables at least by 100 mm. Do not put the coaxial cable into a power line wired duct. The best way is to put the communication line in an independent duct.
- ② Be careful that the coaxial cable does not receive any load by laying under a heavy weight such as other cables.
 - When other cables run in the same duct as the coaxial cable, run the coaxial cable on the top position.
- ③ Do not run the coaxial cable outdoors as it may cause damage to the JW-20CM due to inductive lightning or atmospheric charge during lightning.



7-6 Check after wiring

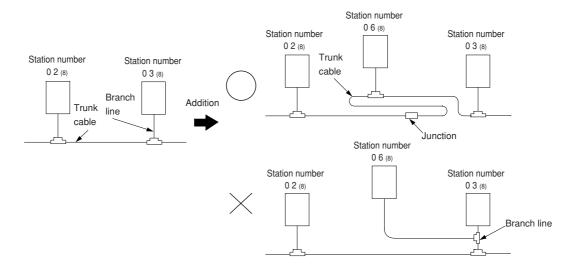
Check the items below after completion of wiring.

	Check contents	
1	The recommended connector types are used.	
2	The connectors are securely locked.	
3	The connectors are insulated by T jacket or L jacket.	
4	The recommended coaxial cable type is used.	
5	Curved radius of the coaxial cables are more than 45 mm.	
6	No heavy load is on the coaxial cables.	
7	The coaxial cable is not bundled with a power line cable.	
	(Away from power line cables more than 100 mm.)	
8	Length of branch lines is shorter than 400 mm.	
9	Total length of the cable is less than 1 km.	
10	Settings of the termination resistance switch and the shield ground switch are as per	
	the drawings.	

7-7 Wiring method for adding a communication station

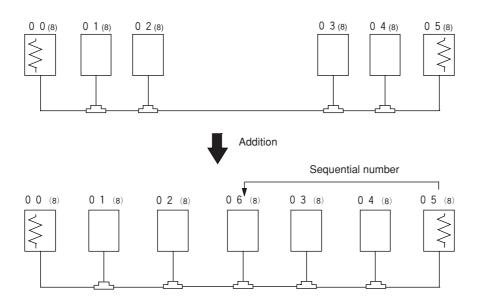
[1] Branching method

When branching a line for an additional station, be sure to branch from the trunk using a T connector. Never branch from a branch line.



[2] Station number of the additional station

Station number of the newly added station should be next largest number from the current largest numbered station. Each station should not be required to be arranged in order of each station's number.



> means the termination resistance switch being turned "ON."

[3] Notes

When adding a communication station, follow the items below.

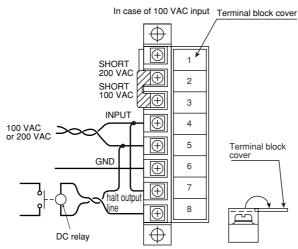
No.	Item	Reason
1	Branch from the trunk cable.	Another branch line from a branch line may not give appropriate communication by reflection wave.
2	Don't use the same station number twice.	The use of the same station number twice may cause communication errors.
3	Check the termination resistance switch.	When the newly added station becomes a termination of the circuit, change the setting of the LT switch.
4	Provide extra length for the expansion cable.	Have enough cable length in order to provide easy wiring.
5	Do not exceed the 1 km limit for total length of the cable.	Longer wiring may cause communication error by signal attenuation.
6	Change the layout drawing for installation.	Maintain the added work data for future maintenance use.
7	Do not overlap with any PC's communication area.	When the communication area or the flag area of the added station overlaps with other addresses in use, communication errors may occur.
8	Set the parameter memory of the master station and that of the newly added station.	Without setting the parameter memory of the master station and that of the slave station, the added station cannot communicate.

7-8 Wiring to power supply module

[1] JW-1PU

- · Open the terminal block cover, fasten with the screw with torque of less than 12kg·cm.
- · A maximum of three halt output lines can be connected serial. To use more than three sets, use a relay for interconnection.

In case of 100 VAC input

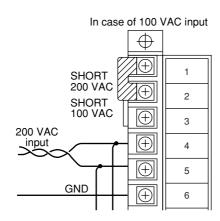


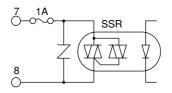
The coil rating must conform to the power supply voltage.

In case of using DC output module, connect the AC relay in the halt output line and insert the contact with the emergency stop circuit.

In case of 200 VAC input

- In case of using 200 VAC, switched to the 200 V side in terminal block of power supply module.
- · If 200 V is added with the clip connected to the 100 V side, it may damage the power supply module.

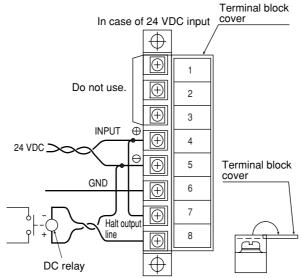




Halt output internal circuit

[2] JW-2PU

- · Open the terminal block cover, fasten with the screw with torque of less than 12kg·cm.
- · Halt output lines can not be connected serial. To use more than two sets, use a relay for interconnection.

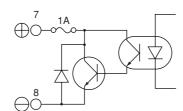


The coil rating must conform to the power supply voltage.

Connect the DC relay in the halt output line and insert the contact with the emergency stop circuit.

Remarks

- · Connect without confusing polarities of input power supply and halt output signal.
- · Wrong polarity connection may damage the power supply module when charged.



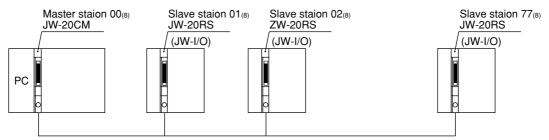
Halt output internal circuit

Chapter 8 Remote I/O

8-1 Description of remote I/O

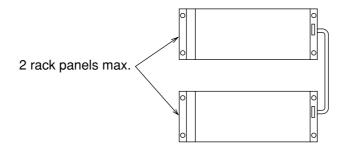
- · If remote I/O slave module JW-20RS is installed on I/O modules located separately, one PC (master station) having a network module JW-20CM can control these I/O modules.
- · Connect between a master station JW-20CM and slave station JW-20RS using one coaxial cable. As the network module JW-20CM and remote I/O slave module JW-20RS control communication, there is no need any special program for the PC.
- · More than one master stations can be mounted on one PC.
- · Maximum 63 modules of slave stations can be connected within the cable total extension length 1 km.
- · If a JW model PC has a master station, it can connect with stave stations having JW model I/O modules and slave stations having ZW model I/O modules. However, mixed installation of JW and ZW model I/O modules on one slave station is not available.

If a master station is installed on a ZW model PC, it can connect only with slave stations having ZW model I/O modules.



(Slave station: 63 stations max., cable total extension length: 1km max.)

 \cdot Rack panel can use 2 sets max. per slave station. But, unavailable for use I/O bus expansion adapter (JW-1EA,JW-2EA).



· Special I/O module of JW model has the following limitation for number of modules to be used.

Per remote I/O slave station	Total of special I/O module	8 modules max.	
rei femole i/O siave station	Total number of bytes of special I/O module	128 bytes max.	
All remote I/O slave station	Total of special I/O module	32 modules max.	
All remote I/O slave station	Total number of bytes of special I/O module	512 bytes max.	

Module name	Model name	Number of occupied bytes
Analog input	JW-8AD	36 bytes
Analog output	JW-2DA	8 bytes
High-speed counter	JW-2HC	8 bytes
I/O link master station	JW-31LM	2 to 64 bytes
ID control module	JW-11DU JW-12DU	Maximum 64 bytes
Positioning module	JW-12PM	16 bytes

· Allocation of number of I/O points per remote I/O slave station have "fixed allocation" and "manual allocation."

Allocation method	Contents	Number of I/O points per station	Available for connected number of slave stations	Total number of I/O points
Fixed	· Allocate for every 64 points or	64 points	63 stations	4032 points (504 bytes)
allocation	128 points	128 points	32 stations	4096 points (512 bytes)
Manual	 Allocate between 8 to 1024 points in 8 point unit Number of connectable slave stations and total number of 	(Example 1) In case of 64 points	63 stations	4096 points (512 bytes)
allocation	I/O points and total ridinger of I/O points are limited, 63 stations and 4096 points at maximum, be careful do not exceed these limitaitons.	(Example 2) In case of 1024 points	4 stations	4096 points (512 bytes)

8-2 Data transfer required time and communication timing

(1) Required time for data transfer

Time required for a master station to communicate with all the slave stations is determined by number of connected stations and number of points of all slave stations, as well as number of data bytes of JW model special I/O modules.

$$T = \frac{(N + 136 \times P) \times 2}{1250} + 1.4P + 5.3 + 2.5 (P + 1) + \alpha [ms]$$

N: Total number of data bytes of all the slave station's I/O model and JW model special I/O modules (value to be calculated by number of bytes × 8 points)

P: Number of slave stations

136: Use 136 bits for station address on the communication format and error check function.

1250: Baud rate; 1.25 M bit/sec.

1.4P + 5.3: Data processing time of the master station

2.5 : Total sequential send processing of the communication stations.

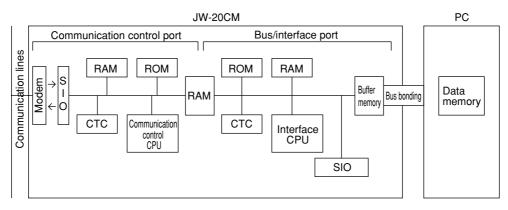
 α : Communication time at executing remote program/remote monitor.

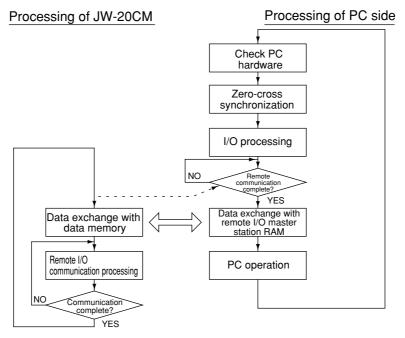
Remarks

- · If "synchronous" is selected, one scan cycle time of a PC will vary with change of transfer required time.
- \cdot Number of data bytes on the JW model special I/O module is a value set in parameter address 000600 to 000777₍₈₎ on the master station.

(2) Communication timing

- · For communication with slave stations, either of "synchronous" and "asynchronous" can be selected for operation with the master station PC.
- · When "synchronous" is selected, the JW-20CM communicates with synchronize with operation (one scan) of the master station PC.
- · When "asynchronous" is selected, the JW-20CM communicates with slave stations regardless of operation of the master station PC. Therefore, even if communication of all stave stations is not completed, the JW-20CM starts data exchange with the master station and PC.





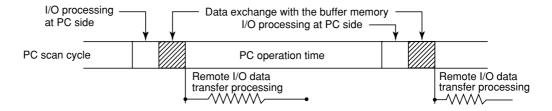
Remarks

The slave station will not performs the zero-cross operation even if the master station PC is "set zero-cross (zero-cross switch 07367 at OFF)".

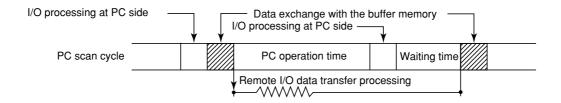
1) Operational synchronous

When more than one JW-20CM is installed while using the remote I/O function, set only one module as "operational synchronous." When a link module ZW-10CM or JW-10CM is used for remote I/O, the JW-20CM should be set as "operational asynchronous."

a. When operation interval (one scan) of the master station PC is longer than data transfer time of the remote I/O:



b. When operation interval (one scan) of the master station PC is shorter than data transfer time of the remote I/O:



* A waiting time is provided after the PC process to match with end timing of the data transfer process of the remote I/O so that the remote I/O can synchronize with the PC scan cycle.

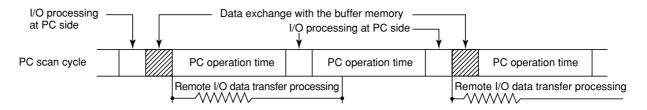
2 Operational asynchronous

The special I/O module can not be used with the remote I/O slave module as the special I/O module cannot synchronize with the master station PC for data exchange.

a. When operation interval (one scan) of the master station PC is longer than data transfer time of the remote I/O:

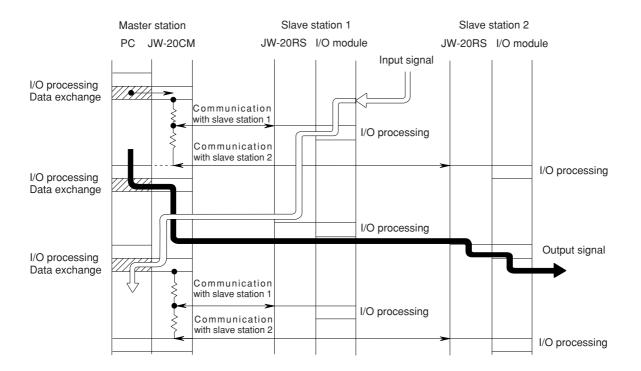
Same as operational synchronous above.

b. When operation interval (one scan) of the master station PC is shorter than data transfer time of the remote I/O:



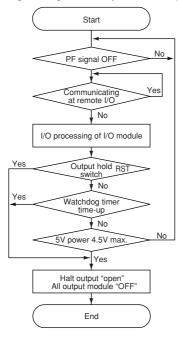
(2) Data flow with slave module

I/O processing of the slave module shall be carried out after completion of communication with the master station.



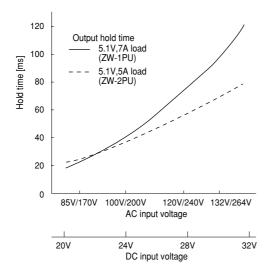
(4) Voltage interruption time of slave module

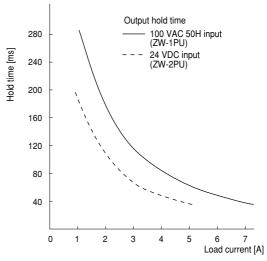
The voltage interruption operation of slave module is carried out for service interruption signal (PF signal) of power supply module, watchdog timer of slave module, and check 5 V power regardless of setting voltage interruption time (#246) of master module.



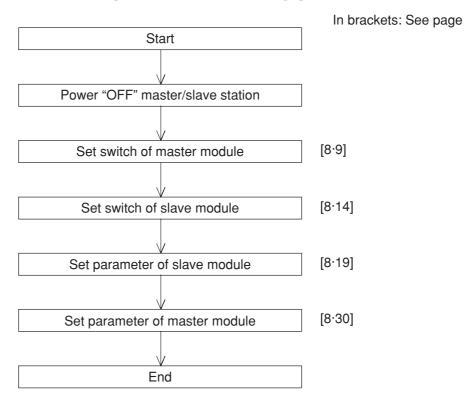
- The PF signal of the power supply module goes "OFF" below 85% of the rated voltage.
- The watchdog timer of the slave module goes time-up in "320 ms."
- · When output hold switch is "RST," the all halt output and output module become "OFF" when communication with master station have interruption of 320 ms.

· When the check of 5 V power is gone below 4.5 V, all are forced to reset. The power supply characteristics varies according to the consumption current of the power supply module as following diagrams.





8-3 Outline of switch and parameter setting procedure



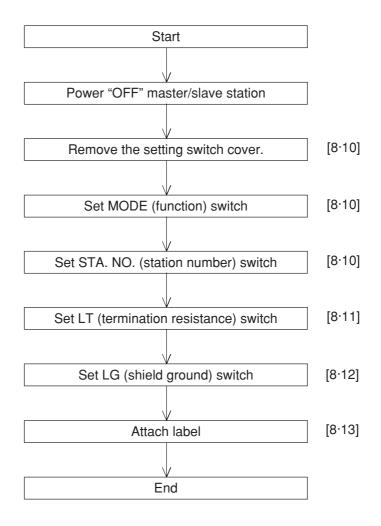
Remarks

- · Make sure to turn "OFF" the power of the PC prior to setting the switch.
- · Parameter must be started from the slave module first.
- · Prior to setting the parameters of master module, set the operation mode of the JW-20CM to "program mode."
- · Make sure to write the set parameters into the EEPROM on the JW-20CM after setting.

(1) Switch setting of master module (JW-20CM)

Operation procedure

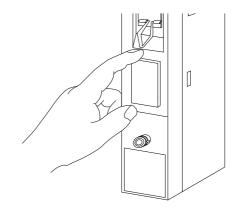
In brackets: See page



Turn master module and slave module power "OFF."

Remove the setting switch cover of master module JW-20CM.

- · With your fingertips over the top and bottom of the switch cover, pull the cover towards you to remove it.
- · Keep the cover saved as it must be installed after switch setting.



Set MODE (function) switch

· Be sure to setting "1."

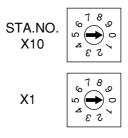
Setting value	Function
0	Set at delivery
1	Remote I/O
2	Data link (standard function)
	Computer link
3	Data link (memory capacity save function)
	Computer link
4-F	Test mode A service man will use these switches for adjustment.

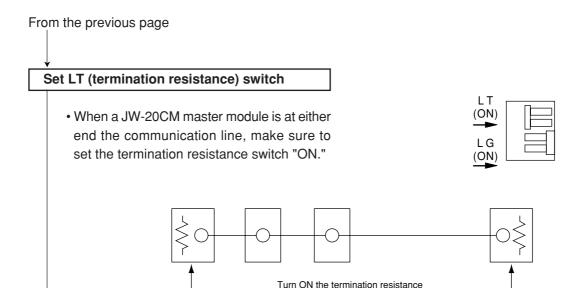
Do not set "4 to F."

MODE ROCO STOCK OF THE PARTY OF

Set STA. NO. (station number) switch

· Set the station address to "00."



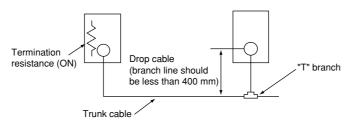


Reference: Function of the termination resistance switch

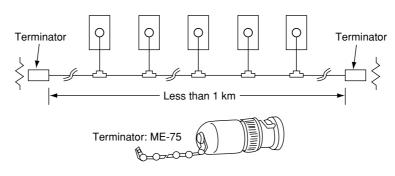
If the communication line does not have a termination resistance, the high frequency signal will be reflected at the ends of the cable. These reflected signals can collide with the original communication signals, so that some stations will not be able to communicate normally. The use of termination resistance suppresses reflected signals. If the termination resistance switch on any of the stations in between the end of the cable is turned ON, the station will generate a reflection wave signal or attenuate the original signal and may not communicate normally.

switches on these two stations.

· When the trunk line has a branch in it, turn ON the termination resistance at the station on the trunk cable.



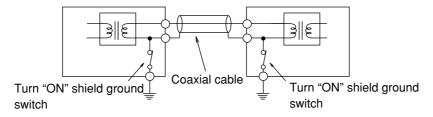
 \cdot If you use a terminator (termination resistance made by Toko Denshi: ME-75) at the end of a signal cable, turn OFF the termination resistance at the station on the end of the cable.



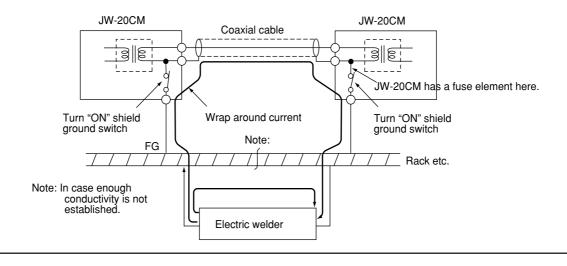
From the previous page Set LG (shield ground) switch

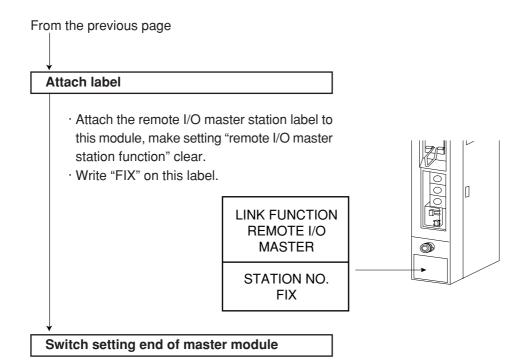


- · For communication lines, use a coaxial cable.
- As coaxial cable is an unbalanced circuit, ground its shield by turning "ON" the shield ground switch.



- Make sure to provide a class-3 grounding for the GND terminal of the power supply module. Without grounding the power supply module, the JW-20CM cannot become conductive with the ground after turning "ON" the shield ground switch. (See page 7·2.)
- Prior to any electric welding around the JW-20CM, take out the coaxial cable from the JW-20CM. While the coaxial cable is connected to the JW-20CM, any electric welding nearby the JW-20CM will cause the welding current to the JW-20CM and may damage part of its circuit pattern.



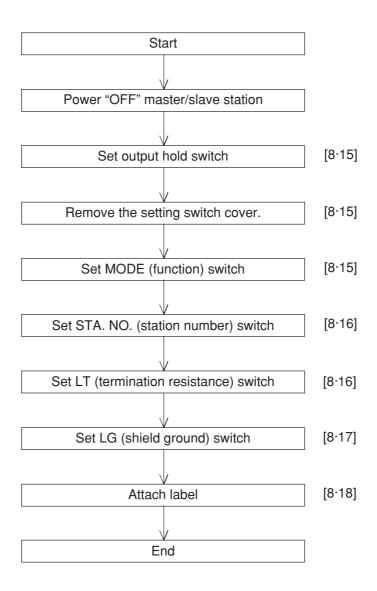


(2) Switch setting of slave module (JW-20RS)

Operation procedure

All slave module in common for setting method

In brackets: See page

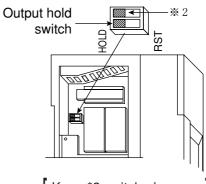


Power "OFF" master/slave station

Set output hold switch

- Set this switch whether to "latch" or "turn OFF all points" of output circuits when the slave module JW-20RS stops operation.
- · In case of using I/O module of JW model, be sure to setting "HOLD".

Switch setting	Contents	
In case of using I/O module of ZW model		"Hold"
	RST*1	"All points OFF"
In case of using I/O module of JW model	HOLD	Setting at "hold"



Keep *2 switch above as delivered condition.

¾ 1 When the slave module JW-20RS stopped, the halt output turns "open" and output module sets "all points OFF". (See page 8.50).

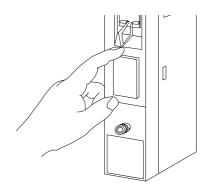
Remove the setting switch cover of master module JW-20RS.

- With your fingertips over the top and bottom of the switch cover, pull the cover towards you to remove it.
- · Keep the cover saved as it must be installed after switch setting.

Set MODE (function) switch

· Select the model of I/O module that installed on respective slave module.

Setting value	Model of I/O module	
1	I/O module of ZW model	
2	I/O module of JW model	

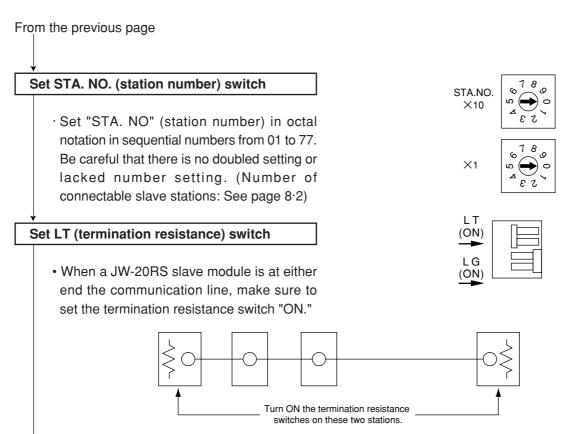




The mode switch is set to "2" at delivery.

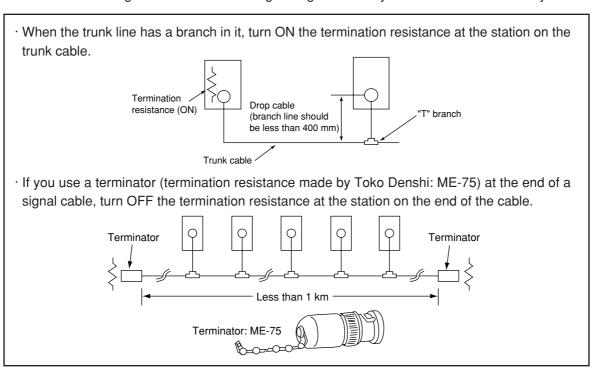
Positions "3 to F" will be used only by our service man. Do not set the switch to these positions.

· If the master station PC is JW model, it can connect to the slave modules having "ZW model I/O module" and "JW model I/O module" on the same circuit.



Reference: Function of the termination resistance switch

If the communication line does not have a termination resistance, the high frequency signal will be reflected at the ends of the cable. These reflected signals can collide with the original communication signals, so that some stations will not be able to communicate normally. The use of termination resistance suppresses reflected signals. If the termination resistance switch on any of the stations in between the end of the cable is turned ON, the station will generate a reflection wave signal or attenuate the original signal and may not communicate normally.

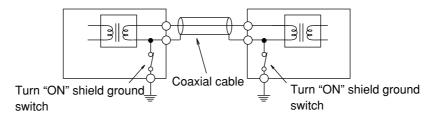


From the previous page

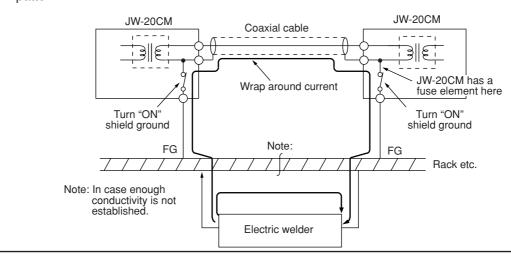
Set LG (shield ground) switch

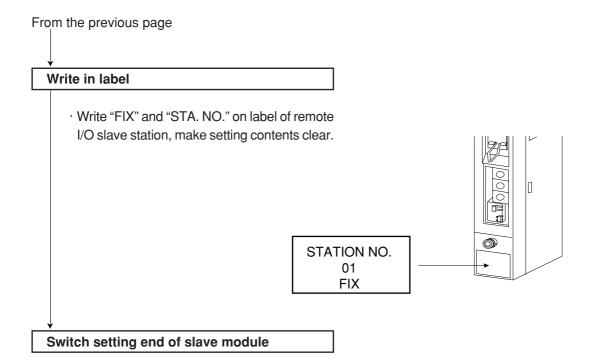
LT (ON) LG (ON)

- · For communication lines, use a coaxial cable.
- · As coaxial cable is an unbalanced circuit, ground its shield by turning "ON" the shield ground switch.



- Make sure to provide a class-3 grounding for the GND terminal of the power supply module. Without grounding the power supply module, the JW-20CM cannot become conductive with the ground after turning "ON" the shield ground switch. (See page 7·2.)
- Prior to any electric welding around the JW-20CM, take out the coaxial cable from the JW-20CM. While the coaxial cable is connected to the JW-20CM, any electric welding nearby the JW-20CM will cause the welding current to the JW-20CM and may damage part of its circuit pattern.





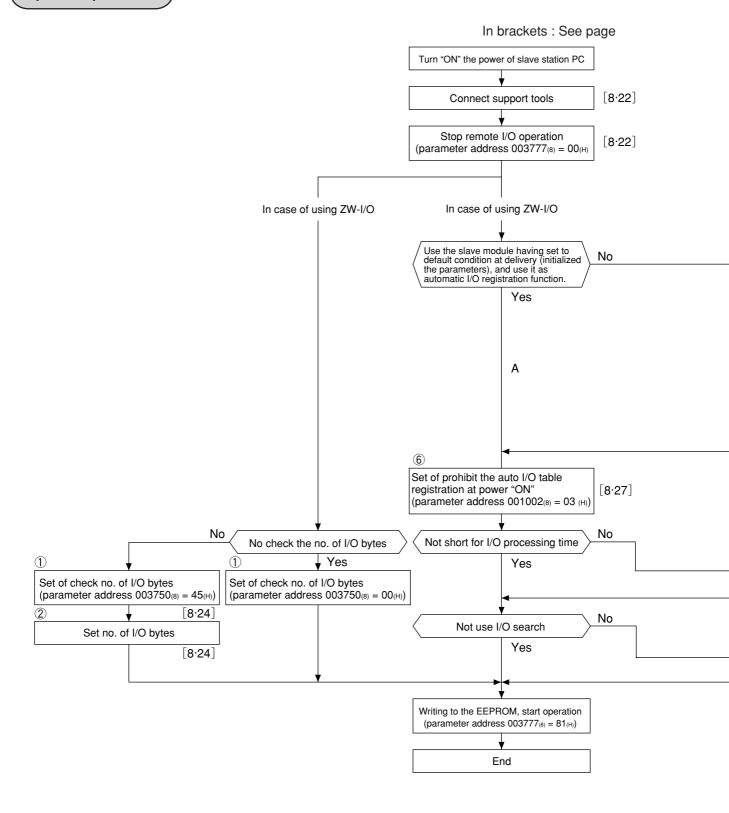
(3) Parameter setting of slave module (JW-20RS)

Set the following parameter address after setting switch. Setting item varies with using I/O module (JW model or ZW model).

O: Necessity for setting

ltom	Address	Initial value	Cotting contents	11/4/1/0	ZW-I/W	Coo nogo
Item	(8)	(H)	Setting contents	JW-I/O	ZVV-I/VV	See page
			0 : No. of dummy I/O points : No points			
			1 : No. of dummy I/O points : 16 points (2 bytes)			
			2 : No. of dummy I/O points : 32 points (4 bytes)			
			3 : No. of dummy I/O points : 48 points (6 bytes)			
			4 : No. of dummy I/O points : 64 points (8 bytes)			
Setting no. of dummy I/O			5 : No. of dummy I/O points : 80 points (10 bytes)			
points	000000		6 : No. of dummy I/O points : 96 points (12 bytes)			
· Use 1 byte per vacant	to	00	7 : No. of dummy I/O points : 112 points (14 bytes)		_	8 • 25
2 slots	10	00	8 : No. of dummy I/O points : 128 points (16 bytes)			0 - 23
· Set at only manual I/O	000017		9 : No. of dummy I/O points : 144 points (18 bytes)			
table registration			A : No. of dummy I/O points : 160 points (20 bytes)			
			B : No. of dummy I/O points : 176 points (22 bytes)			
			C : No. of dummy I/O points : 192 points (24 bytes)			
			D : No. of dummy I/O points : 208 points (26 bytes)			
			E : No. of dummy I/O points : 224 points (28 bytes)			
			F: No. of dummy I/O points: 240 points (30 bytes)			
			91:16 points output			
			92 : 32 points output			
	000100		94 : 64 points output			
Set kinds of I/O module	000100		00 : Vacant slot (lower is dummy I/O points)			
· Use 1 byte per slot	only manual I/O to 00		A1 : 16 points output	0	_	8 • 26
			A2 : 32 points output			
table registration	000137		A4: 64 points output D1: Special I/O module			
			F1 : Special I/O module			
Set max.racks and slot	004000	00	Upper 4 bits : Rack number			0 00
number	001000	00	Lower 4 bits : Slot number	0	_	8 · 28
			60 : Manual setting for both dummy I/O points and kinds of I/O module			
Cot manual I/O toble			64 : Manual setting for dummy I/O points and			
Set manual I/O table registration	001001	01001 00	auto setting for kinds of I/O module	0	_	
registration			65:00 for dummy I/O points and auto setting for			8 • 27
			kinds of I/O module			0 21
De sistem automotive lles au			00 : When setting is normal end			
Register automatically or not I/O table at power	001002	00	00 : Auto registration		_	
input.	00.002		03 : Prohibit the auto registration			
Set remote I/O top address	001004 001005	00	Set file address in octal when only using search module (SU) lamp.	0	_	8 • 29
Check no. of I/O bytes	003750	00	00 : No check the no. of I/O bytes	_	0	
555K 110. 51 1/6 bytes	000700		45 : Check the no. of I/O bytes			
	003752	00	If "checking number of I/O bytes to be used by the			8 • 24
Set no. of I/O bytes		-	I/O module" function is selected to "not to check"	–	0	
· ·	003753	00	using decimal notation 000 to 128, this setting is not needed.			
			00 : Stop remote I/O operation			
Multing to the EEDDOM			01 : Start remote I/O operation			
Writing to the EEPROM,	operation/stop 003777 01		80 : Writing to the EEPROM, stop operation			8 • 22
start operation/stop setting.			81 : Writing to the EEPROM, stop operation	0		8 • 23
Jooning.			08 : Initialize the parameter			
			oo . minalize the parameter			

[·] There is no difference of parameter setting between "fixed allocation" and "manual allocation."



[I/O table registration in case of using JW-I/O]

1. In case of not setting dummy I/O

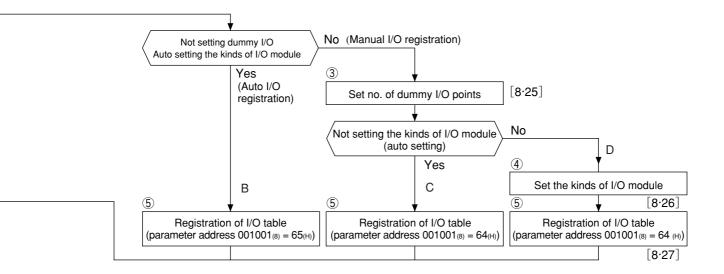
Register I/O table based on the installed I/O module. (Set parameter address $001001_{(8)} = 65_{(H)}$, the procedure B in the flow chart.)

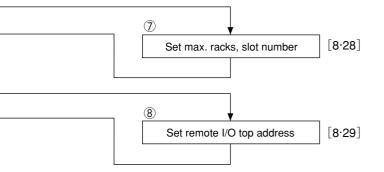
However, in case of parameter address of JW-20RS $001002_{(8)} = 00_{(H)}$ (default setting), the JW-20CM automatically registers I/O table when the power is input and there is no need to register I/O table. (Procedure A in the flow chart.)

2. In case of setting dummy I/O

Set number of dummy I/O points for each slot and registers I/O table based on this setting and the installed I/O module. (Set parameter address $001001_{(8)} = 64_{(H)}$, procedure C in the flow chart.)

Procedure D in the flow chart is special method to set byte of I/O module for each slot. Normally set I/O module type using steps 1 and 2 above.





1) to 8) are applied to page 8.24 to 29.

Turn "ON" the power of slave module

Connect support tools

 Connect a support tool with the slave module JW-20RS and prepare the setting parameter.

<Usable support tools>

JW-13PG/12PG

JW-50SP

JW-50PG, Z-100LP2S

• For operation of each support tool, see the instruction manual attached. The following describes an example of JW-13PG's key operation.

Stop operation of remote I/O

[HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

- · Setting of the parameter is only available when the operation of the JW-20RS is stopped.
- \cdot Write "00_(H)" to parameter address 003777₍₈₎ and stop operation of the JW-20RS.

(Operation example of JW-13PG)



Display the contents of parameter address 007777 by —/hexadecimal.

Mrite OO(H).

Screen display of JW-13PG

07775 HEX 00

07775 HEX 00 07776 HEX 1F I PARAM. >07777 HEX 00

Reference Function of JW-13PG

• 変換 key

key: Changeover unit of figures

→HEX (hexadecimal) → OCT (octal) → DCM (decimal) → Bit pattern ——

• FORCE LNGTH

· Please set ① to ⑧ of 8·24 and after when using ZW-I/O or JW-I/O.

To the next page

Remarks

Indicates in [] of each item mean as follows:

(Example) Stop remote I/O operation [HEX (hexadecimal), bytes]

This means to set "stop remote I/O operation" by hexadecimal and byte unit.



- \cdot Write "81_(H)" into parameter address 003777₍₈₎ and write the set parameter contents into the EEPROM. Then start the slave module.
- · After starting operation, the setting value changes to "01(H)."

Setting value (H)	Contents
0 0	Stop operation
0 1	Start operation
8 0	Writing to the EEPROM, stop operation
8 1	Writing to the EEPROM, start operation
0 8	Initialize setting values of parameter addresses

(Operation example of JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

03775 03776	HEX HEX	0 0 0 0
I PARAM. >03777	HEX	01
/ 03/1/	IILIX	0.

Remarks

- · Writing time to EEPROM is approximately 0.7 sec. When any error is found for parameter settings, lights the error code $9F_{(H)}$ by the indication lamp.
- · Written contents into the EEPROM are automatically written to the RAM of the slave module when turning ON the power of the PC. At reading, the PC checks BCC and compares BCC check code of the parameter memory address (003776 $_{(8)}$). When an error is found, the JW-20RS lights the error code 9E $_{(H)}$ by the indication lamp.
- \cdot After initialized the parameters, the JW-20RS initializes parameter address 000000 to 003776 $_{(8)}.$

"Only when using ZW model I/O module"

① | Select "number of I/O byte checking" function | [OCT (Octal), bytes]

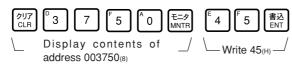
(Applied to item 1) on pages 8.20 to 22)

· Select whether to check or not number of bytes of I/O module used for the remote I/O slave module. Set selection in parameter address 003750₍₈₎. If "check" is selected, the I/O module can detect when number of I/O modules is changed by fault or disconnection of the I/O modules.

Set value	Contents
00(H)	Do not check
45 _(H)	Check

Initial value: 00(H) (Do not check)

(To select "check" using JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

03746 HEX 00
03747 HEX 00
I PARAM.
>03750 HEX 45

"Only when using ZW model I/O module"

② | Set number of I/O bytes | [DCM (decimal), word]

(Applied to item 2 on pages 8.20 to 22)

- · Set total number of bytes of installed modules when "yes" is selected (address $003750_{(8)} = 45_{(H)}$).
- · If the set number of I/O bytes mismatch with the actual number of bytes of the installed module, the JW-20RS detects as error (error code 92_(H)).
- · Set between 000 to 128 in decimal notation.

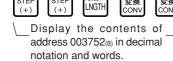
Address	Contents
003752(8)	Lower bytes
003753(8)	Upper bytes

Initial value: 00_(D) for both upper and lower bytes.

Ex.:

If one ZW-16N1 (16 points/2 bytes) and one ZW-16S1 (16 points/2 bytes) are installed,

(Set 2 bytes + 2 bytes = 4 bytes using the JW-13PG)



Write data _/

Screen display of JW-13PG

03746 D 00000
03750 D 00037
I PARAM.
>03752 D 00004

"Only when manual I/O registration using the JW model I/O module"

3 Set number of dummy I/O points [HEX (hexadecimal), bytes]

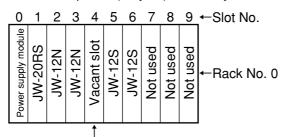
(Applied to item 3 on pages 8.20 to 22)

- · Set to allocate addresses (dummy I/Os) on vacant slots in parameter address 000000 to 000017(8).
- · Set two slots with one byte of parameter address.

Parameter address ₍₈₎	Rack No. 0		Parameter address(8)	Rack	No. 1
000000	Set to 0	Set to 0	000010	Slot 1	Slot 0
000001	Slot 3	Slot 2	000011	Slot 3	Slot 2
000002	Slot 5	Slot 4	000012	Slot 5	Slot 4
000003	Slot 7	Slot 6	000013	Slot 7	Slot 6
000004	Slot 9	Slot 8	000014	Slot 9	Slot 8
000005	Slot B	Slot A	000015	Slot B	Slot A
000006	Slot D	Slot C	000016	Slot D	Slot B
000007	Slot F	Slot E	000017	Slot F	Slot E

Set value(H)	Contnets	Set value(H)	Contnets
0	No dummy I/O point	8	128 points of dummy I/O (16 bytes)
1	16 points of dummy I/O (2 bytes)	9	144 points of dummy I/O (18 bytes)
2	32 points of dummy I/O (4 bytes)	А	160 points of dummy I/O (20 bytes)
3	48 points of dummy I/O (6 bytes)	В	176 points of dummy I/O (22 bytes)
4	64 points of dummy I/O (8 bytes)	С	192 points of dummy I/O (24 bytes)
5	80 points of dummy I/O (10 bytes)	D	208 points of dummy I/O (26 bytes)
6	96 points of dummy I/O (12 bytes)	E	224 points of dummy I/O (28 bytes)
7	112 points of dummy I/O (14 bytes)	F	240 points of dummy I/O (30 bytes)

Ex.: Set 32 points (4 bytes) of dummy I/O in the following vacant slots using JW-13PG.



Set number of dummy I/Os



Screen display of JW-13PG

•	-	
00000	HEX	00
00001	HEX	00
I PARAM.		
>00002	HEX	02

"Only when manual I/O registration using JW model I/O modules"

4 Set type of I/O module [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

(Applied to item 4) on pages 8.20 to 22)

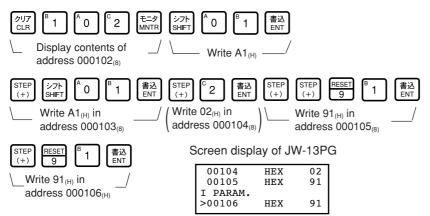
- · Set types of installed I/O module in each slot and number of dummy I/O points set for vacant slot into parameter address 000100 to 000137₍₈₎.
- · Set one slot with one byte of parameter address.

			·	
Parameter address (8)	Contents in rack No. 0		Parameter address (8)	Contents in rack No. 1
000100	Set to 00(H)		000120	Slot 0
000101	Set to 00(H)		000121	Slot 1
000102	Slot 2		000122	Slot 2
000103	Slot 3		000123	Slot 3
000104	Slot 4		000124	Slot 4
000105	Slot 5		000125	Slot 5
000106	Slot 6		000126	Slot 6
000107	Slot 7		000127	Slot 7
000110	Slot 8		000130	Slot 8
000111	Slot 9		000131	Slot 9
000112	Slot A		000132	Slot A
000113	Slot B		000133	Slot B
000114	Slot C		000134	Slot C
000115	Slot D		000135	Slot D
000116	Slot E		000136	Slot E
000117	Slot F		000137	Slot F

Set value(H)	Model name of the installed module
91	JW-12S, JW-13S
92	JW-32S JW-32SC, JW-33S JW-34S, JW-35S
94	JW-62SC
00 to 0F	Vacant slot 00 † Lower bits are number of dummy I/O points
A1	JW-11N, JW-12N JW-13N
A2	JW-31N, JW-32N JW-34N, JW-34NC
A4	JW-64NC
D1	JW-2DA, JW-8AD JW-31LM
F1	JW-2HC, JW-11DU JW-12DU

Set 00_(H) for a slot having power supply module or slave module JW-20RS.

Ex.: Set the I/O module in the previous page using the JW-13PG



"Only when using JW model I/O modules"

5 Registration of I/O table | [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

(Applied to item 5 on pages 8.20 to 22)

· Set in parameter address 001001(8)

Set value(H)	Contents
60	Set both number of dummy I/O points and type of I/O module with operation described in page 8·25 and 26
64	Manual setting number of dummy I/O points and automaticl setting of I/O module type.
65	Number of dummy I/O points is 00 (number of dummy I/O points set by operatoin in page 8·25 will be 00), and set I/O module type automatically.

When setting is complete normally, set value will be 00_(H).

· When manual I/O table registration is selected, the JW-20RS automatically registers I/O address table for each rack slot into parameter address 004000 to 004077₍₈₎.

It also stores sum check code of parameter address 000000 to $000277_{(8)}$ into parameter address $000300_{(8)}$.

Ex.: Set number of dummy I/O points and I/O module type set in page 8·25 and 26 using the JW-13PG.



Screen display of JW-13PG

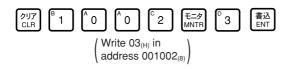
_	0.00 d.op.	a,	
	00777	HEX	0.0
	01000	HEX	00
	I PARAM.		
	>01001	HEX	60

"Only when using JW model I/O module"

6 Prohibit automatic registration of I/O table at inputting power [HEX (hexadecimal), bytes]
(Applied to item 6 on pages 8·20 to 22)

· Set 03_(H) in parameter address 001002_(H) to prohibit "automatic registration of I/O table" during inputting power to the slave station module.

(In case of setting using the JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

01000	HEX	00
01001	HEX	60
I PARAM.		
>01002	HEX	03

Note: If 00_(H) is set to parameter address 001002₍₈₎, the JW-20RS automatically register I/O at inputting power. If the power is reinput when an I/O module is faulty, the I/O address will automatically be registered. If the I/O module is faulty, reinput of power may register wrong I/O address. In this case use this function to prohibit wrong registration.

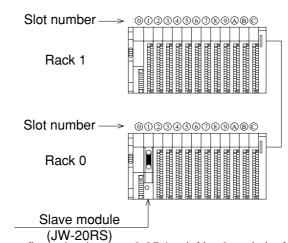
"Only when using JW model I/O module"

(Applied to item 7) on pages 8.20 to 22)

- \cdot Set maximum rack and slot numbers in parameter address $001000_{(8)}$ and shorten I/O processing time.
- \cdot If this is left $00_{(H)}$ (default value), the JW-20RS processes from rack No. 1 and slot number F so that it takes approximately 8 ms.
- · Set rack number in upper 4 bits and slot number in lower 4 bits.

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
001000(8)	Ra	ck ľ	Vo.		Slo	t N	0.	

· Maximum amount of usable racks is 2 and a rack having slave module JW-20RS is rack No. 0. Even the rack panel JW-13BU is used, number of slots will be up to "C."



Ex.: Set the configuration in page 8.25 (rack No. 0 and slot No. 6) using the JW-13PG.



Screen display of JW-13PG

•		
00776	HEX	00
00777	HEX	00
I PARAM.		
>01000	HEX	06

"Only when using JW model I/O module"

8 | Setting remote I/O top address | [OCT (octal), word]

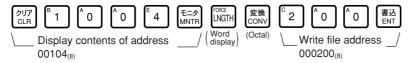
(Applied to item ® on pages 8.20 to 22)

· In order to light a search module (SU) lamp, set remote I/O top address of each slave station which are allocated in the master station using file address into parameter address 001004 and 001005₍₈₎.

001000(8) Lower bits 001000(8) Upper bits Display on the JW-13PG

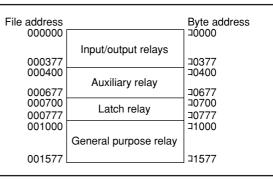
01000 0 000006
01002 0 000003
I PARAM.
>01004 0 000200

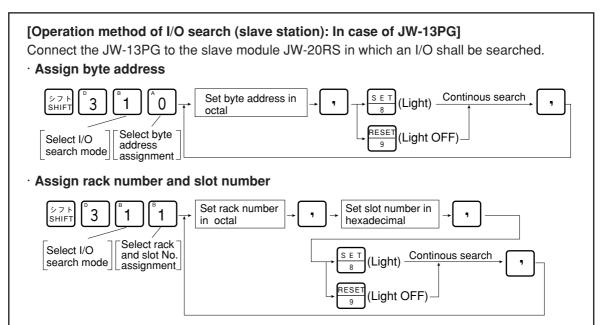
(When to set file address 000200(\(\pi\)0200) using the JW-13PG)



Remarks

 Though input output relays, auxiliary relays etc. of the PC are allocated their byte addresses for each item, allocate the file address which are allocated throughout the memory register range.





(4) Parameter setting of master module (JW-20CM)

Set the following parameter address after setting switch. Setting item varies with using PC (JW model or ZW model).

O: Necessity for setting

Initial					JW-PC		ZW-PC		
Item	Address (8)	value	Setting contents						
	(6)	(H)		Fixed	Manual	Fixed	Manual	page	
Set remote I/O operation mode	000000	00	001(8): Fixed allocation, asynchronous, error mode 1 002(8): Fixed allocation, asynchronous, error mode 2 004(8): Fixed allocation, synchronous, error mode 0 005(8): Fixed allocation, synchronous, error mode 1 006(8): Fixed allocation, synchronous, error mode 2 011(8): Manual allocation, asynchronous, error mode 1 012(8): Manual allocation, asynchronous, error mode 2 014(8): Manual allocation, synchronous, error mode 0 015(8): Manual allocation, synchronous, error mode 1 016(8): Manual allocation, synchronous, error mode 2	0	0	0	0	8∙ 34	
Set number of connected slave stations	000001	00	Set number of connected modules by decimal notation (01 to 63)	0	0	0	0	8· 35	
Set remote I/O top address	000002 000003	00	Set file address by octal notation	0	0	0	0	8· 35	
Enter the remote I/O top address of slave station 02 to 77	000004 to 000177	00	Enter the file address by octal notation	_	0	_	0	8· 40	
Enter the number of slave I/O points	000200	00	00(H): 64 points (8 bytes), number of slave station; 63 01(H): 128 points (16 bytes), number of slave station; 32	0		0		8. 38	
Enter the number of I/O bytes for each slave station	000201 to 000277	00	Enter the number of bytes of each slave station in decimal notation (0 to 128)	_	0	_	0	8· 42	
Set blank between stations	000301 to 000376	00	Enter the number of blank bytes between stations in decimal notation (0 to 255)	0	_	0	_	8· 39	
Enter I/O type for each slave station	000400 to 000407	FF	Set each station in bit unit 0: ZW model I/O module 1: JW model I/O module	0	0	ı	_	8· 43	
Enter the data register address of the special I/O mode	000600 to 000777	00	Set using 4 bytes per module (Set slave station number, rack number, slot number, number of data bytes, and register top address.)	0 **	O **	_	_	8· 44	
Set top address of flag area	003764 to 003767	00	Set file address with octal notation.	0	0	0	0	8· 36	
Writing to the EEPROM, start operation/stop setting	003777	01	00(H): Stop remote I/O operation 01(H): Start remote I/O operation 80(H): Writing to the EEPROM, stop operation 81(H): Writing to the EEPROM, start operation 08(H): Initialize the parameter	0	0	0	0	8· 37	

 $[\]cdot$ If a special I/O module is not set in a slave station, the setting is not required.

Operation procedure Turn ON the power switch on the master station PC Connnect support tools Stop PC operation Stop operation of the remote I/Os (parameter address 003777(8) = 00(H)) Set the operation mode of the remote I/Os Set the number of slave stations connected When using fixed allocation mode When using manual allocation mode Set the remote I/O top address Set the top address of remote I/O slave station 01 [8:35] Set the number of slave station I/O points 5 Set the top address of remote I/O slave station 02 to 77 [8:38] Set the blanks between stations Set the number of I/O bytes for each slave station [8.39] [8.42](If the master station PC is a JW model) Set the I/O model type for each slave station [8.43]When the master station PC is a Set the area for special I/O data registers ZW model [8.44] [8.36]Set the top flag address [8.37]Write to EEPROM, start operation (parameter address 00377(8) = 81(H)) PC operation [8.37]

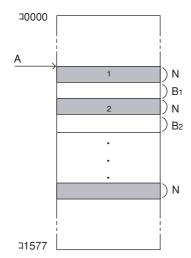
Steps ① to ⑧ correspond to the steps on pages 8.38 to 8.44.

End

Parameter setting range

<Fixed allocation>

· When fixed allocation is used, set parameter within the range shown below:



1 to n : Number of slave stations (1 \leq n \leq 32 or 63)

A: Remote I/O top address

N: Number of slave station I/O points (fixed to 64 points or

128 points)

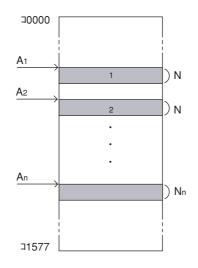
 B_1 to B_n : Blank between stations

(Setting of JW model special I/O module)

Data register	0 to 128 bytes in total per remote slave station 0 to 512 bytes in total of all stations
Number of modules	Up to 8 modules per remote slave station Up to 32 modules in total of all stations

<Manual allocation>

· When the manual allocation is used, set parameter within the range shown below:



1 to n : Number of slave stations (1 \leq n \leq 63)

 A_1 to A_n : Remote I/O top address

 N_1 to N_n : Number of slave station I/O bytes (0 $\leq N_n \leq 128)$

 $N_1+N_2+\cdots+N_n\leqq 512$

 $A_1 \leqq A_2 \leqq \, \cdots \leqq A_n$

(Setting of JW model special I/O module)

Data register	0 to 128 bytes in total per remote slave station 0 to 512 bytes in total of all stations
Number of modules	Up to 8 modules per remote slave station Up to 32 modules in total of all stations

Turn "ON" the power of master module

Connect support tools

- Connect a support tool with the JW-20CM master module and prepare the setting parameter.
- <Usable support tools>

JW-13PG/12PG

JW-50SP

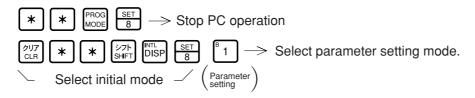
JW-50PG, Z-100LP2S

· For operation of each support tool, see the instruction manual attached. The following describes an example of JW-13PG's key operation.

Stop PC operation

• Turn to program mode (stop PC operation). Setting of parameters is only available when the PC is in program mode.

(Operation example of JW-13PG)



Stop operation of remote I/O

[HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

- · Setting of the parameter is only available when the operation of the JW-20CM is stopped.
- · Write "00_(H)" to parameter address 007777₍₈₎ and stop operation of the JW-20CM.

(Operation example of JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

03775	HEX	00
03776	HEX	00
I PARAM.		
>03777	HEX	00

Reference Function of JW-13PG

• 👸 key: Changeover unit of figures



 PROG MODE
 key: Byte display
 Changeover word display

From the previous page

Set remote I/O operation mode

[OCT (octal, word)]

· Set operation method of the remote I/O into parameter address 000000(8).

Operation method			
Set value(8)	Operation when a slave station error occurs	Communication method	Allocation of I/O address
001	Remote I/O operation (communication) stops. The PC continues operation. (Mode 1)		
002	Only normal slave stations will continue operation (communication). The PC continues operation. (Mode 2)	Asynchronous	
004	Remote I/O operation (communication) stops. The PC also stops operation. (Mode 0)	Synchronous	Fixed allocation
005	Remote I/O operation (communication) stops.The PC continues operation. (Mode 1)		
006	Only normal slave stations will continue operation (communication). The PC continues operation. (Mode 2)		
011	Remote I/O operation (communication) stops. The PC continues operation. (Mode 1)	Asynchronous	Manual allocation
012	Only normal slave stations will continue operation (communication). The PC continues operation. (Mode 2)		
014	Remote I/O operation (communication) stops. The PC also stops operation. (Mode 0)	Synchronous	
015	Remote I/O operation (communication) stops. The PC continues operation. (Mode 1)		
016	Only normal slave stations will continue operation (communication). The PC continues operation. (Mode 2)		

· Concerning the contents of "synchronous" and "asynchronous" communications, see page 8.4 "Communication timing."

Set "slave station operation at error: mode 0" and "communication method: synchronous" and "address allocation: manual"

000000(8)

Display the contents of







After converting to octal notation, write it at 014(8). Screen display of JW-13PG

OCT 000 17776 17777 OCT 000 I PARAM. >00000 OCT 014

From the previous page

Set number of connected slave stations

[DCM (decimal), byte]

- · Set number of connected remote I/O slave stations into parameter address 000001(8).
- · Maximum number of connectable slave stations varies with setting value of I/O points per slave station.

Number of I/O points	Number of connected modules
64 points/station	0 to 63 _(D)
128 points/station	0 to 32 _(D)

Initial value: 00(H)

(When to set 10_(D) using the JW-13PG)







Write setting value $10_{\left(D\right)}$ in address $000001_{\left(8\right)}$ after converted into decimal notation.

Screen display of JW-13PG

17777	DCM	000
00000	DCM	012
I PARAM. >00001	DCM	010

"Only when using fixed allocation mode"

Set remote I/O top address

[OCT (octal, word)]

"Only when using manual allocation mode"

Set remote I/O top address of slave station 01

[OCT (octal), word]

· Set remote I/O top address to parameter address 000002 and 000003(8) with file address (see page 8·32 and 13·20). (slave station 01 when free allocation is selected.).

000002(8) 000003(8) Lower bits Upper bits

Initial value: 00(H)

(In case of setting file address 000200(¬0200) using the JW-13PG)



display







write in file address 000200(8).

After converting into octal notation,





Screen display of JW-13PG

000000 17776 00000 005014 PARAM. >00002 000200

Set step ③ to ⑧ starting from page 8:38 with cases of fixed/manual allocation and ZW or JW series PC.

To the next page

· Steps ① to ⑧ above correspond to each step in operation procedures in page 8·31.

From the previous page

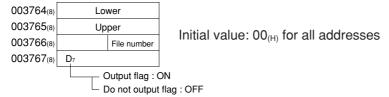
Set top address of flag area

OCT (octal), word

· Set the top address of the flag area (8 bytes) in order to monitor the communication condition and PC operation condition on the parameter address 003764 to 003767₍₈₎.

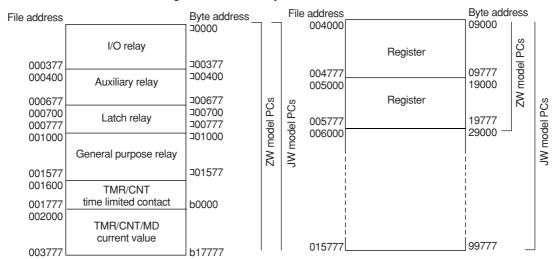
MET (hexadecimal), byte

· Flag area uses 8 bytes regardless number of connecting stations.



Remarks

• The PC's input/output relays, auxiliary relays, registers etc. are all allocated individual byte addresses for each item. However, the JW-20CM can assign these addresses with file addressees allocated throughout the memory.

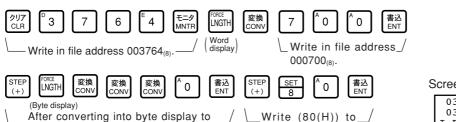


· The usable file numbers will vary with the memory module that is installed on the PC.

Name of memory module	Usable file numbers
ZW-1MA, JW-1MAH	0 or 1%
ZW-2MA, JW-2MAH	0 or 1
ZW-3MA, JW-3MAH	0, 1, 2
ZW-4MA, JW-4MAH	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

If file number is 1, file address shall be within 000000 to 037777₍₈₎. (See page 13·20 and 21 for other cases.)

(In case of setting file address 000700 (30700) using the JW-13PG)



After converting into byte display to 003766₍₈₎, write in file number 0 in hexadecimal notation.

Write (80(H)) to_____output to a flag in 003767₍₈₎

Screen display of JW-13PG

03765 HEX 01 03766 HEX 00 I PARAM. >03767 HEX 80

To the next page

Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-20CM, start operation

[HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

- \cdot Write "81_(H)" into parameter address 003777₍₈₎ and write the set parameter contents into the EEPROM of the JW-20CM. Then start the remote I/O operate.
- · After starting operation, the setting value changes to "01(H)."

Setting value (H)	Contents
0 0 _(H)	Stop operation of the remote I/O (initial value)
0 1	· Calculate BCC of parameter addresses 000000 to 003775(8). When normal, the remote I/O will start operation. When abnormal, the module will output error code BE(H).
8 O(H)	 Check the parameter contents When normal, the module calculates BCC and writes the check sum value into address 003776₍₈₎. When abnormal, it outputs a BF_(H) error code. Changes the value to 00_(H) (stops the operation of the remote I/O), and writes it into the EEPROM. If a write error to the EEPROM occurs, it outputs a 30_(H) error code and keeps the value set to 80_(H). Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-20CM, start operation
8 1 _(H)	Check the parameter contents When normal, the module calculates BCC and writes the check sum value into address 003776 ₍₈₎ . When abnormal, it outputs a BF _(H) error code. Changes the value to 01 _(H) (starts the operation of the remote I/O), and writes it into the EEPROM. If a write error to the EEPROM occurs, it outputs a 30 _(H) error code and keeps the value set to 81 _(H) . Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-20CM, start operation
0 8	Initialize setting values of parameter addresses 000000 to 003777(8)

(Operation example of JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

03775	HEX	00
03776	HEX	00
I PARAM.		
>03777	HEX	01

PC operation

Turning a master station PC to monitor or change mode (PC operation).

(Operation example of JW-13PG)



"Only when using fixed allocation"

3 Enter the number of slave station I/O points

[HEX (hexadecimal), bytes]

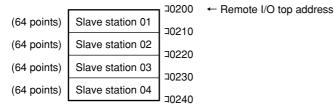
(Applied to item 3 on pages 8.31 and 8.35)

- · Store the number of I/O points per slave station at parameter address 000200(8).
- The number of slave stations that can be connected varies with the setting for the number of I/O points per slave station.

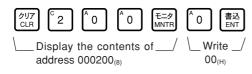
Set value	Number of I/O points	Number of modules that can be connected.
00(H)	64 points/station	0 to 63(D)
01 _(H)	128 points/station	0 to 32(D)

Initial value: 00(H)

- · Allocates the number of I/O points per slave station as 64 points per unit or 128 points per unit, starting from the top address set by the procedure on the previous page.
- Ex.: When a remote I/O's top address is 30200 and the number of slave station I/O points is 64.



(When set for 64 points per station using the JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

00176	HEX	00
00177	HEX	00
I PARAM.		
>00200	HEX	00

"Only when using fixed allocation"

4 Set blanks between stations

[DCM (decimal), bytes]

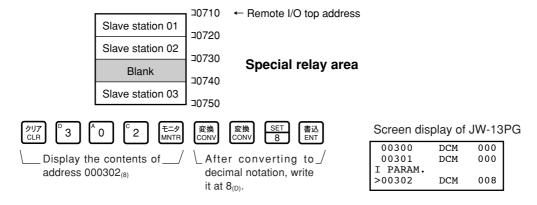
(Applied to item 4) on pages 8.31 and 8.35)

- · Enter the number of blank bytes for each slave station at parameter addresses 000301 to 000376(8).
- · Enter only the number of blank stations needed using 0 to 255(D) bytes.

Address(8)	Stations ₍₈₎	Address ₍₈₎	Stations ₍₈₎	Address(8)	Stations ₍₈₎	Address(8)	Stations ₍₈₎
-	-	000320	20 to 21	000340	40 to 41	000360	60 to 61
000301	1 to 2	000321	21 to 22	000341	41 to 42	000361	61 to 62
000302	2 to 3	000322	22 to 23	000342	42 to 43	000362	62 to 63
000303	3 to 4	000323	23 to 24	000343	43 to 44	000363	63 to 64
000304	4 to 5	000324	24 to 25	000344	44 to 45	000364	64 to 65
000305	5 to 6	000325	25 to 26	000345	45 to 46	000365	65 to 66
000306	6 to 7	000326	26 to 27	000346	46 to 47	000366	66 to 67
000307	7 to 10	000327	27 to 30	000347	47 to 50	000367	67 to 70
000310	10 to 11	000330	30 to 31	000350	50 to 51	000370	70 to 71
000311	11 to 12	000331	31 to 32	000351	51 to 52	000371	71 to 72
000312	12 to 13	000332	32 to 33	000352	52 to 53	000372	72 to 73
000313	13 to 14	000333	33 to 34	000353	53 to 54	000373	73 to 74
000314	14 to 15	000334	34 to 35	000354	54 to 55	000374	74 to 75
000315	15 to 16	000335	35 to 36	000355	55 to 56	000375	75 to 76
000316	16 to 17	000336	36 to 37	000356	56 to 57	000376	76 to 77
000317	17 to 20	000337	37 to 40	000357	57 to 60	-	-

Initial value: 00(H) in all addresses

Ex.: In case of setting as blanks in slave stations 2 to 3 to prevent double use of the 8 bytes in the special relay area (J0730 to J0737)



"Only when using manual allocation"

5 Enter the I/O top addresses of slave stations 02 to 77

[OCT (octal), words]

(Applied to item 5 on pages 8.31 and 8.35)

- · Enter the remote I/O top address for each slave station at parameter addresses 000004 to 000177₍₈₎, using file addresses.
- \cdot "Single address" or "continuous address" can be selected by setting the upper bit (D_7) in the 2nd byte.

000004₍₈₎ Lower bit 000005₍₈₎ Upper bit

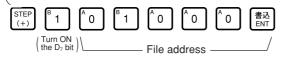
Initial value: 00(H) in all addresses

ON: Single address (enter only the slave station)

OFF: Continuous address (continue from the previous slave station. It is not possible to change the address value.)

Address (8)	Slave station number(8)	Address (8)	Slave station number(8)	Address (8)	Slave station number(8)	Address (8)	Slave station number ₍₈₎
-	-	000040 000041	20	000100 000101	40	000140 000141	60
-	-	000042 000043	21	000102 000103	41	000142 000143	61
000004 000005	02	000044 000045	22	000104 000105	42	000144 000145	62
000006 000007	03	000046 000047	23	000106 000107	43	000146 000147	63
000010 000011	04	000050 000051	24	000110 000111	44	000150 000151	64
000012 000013	05	000052 000053	25	000112 000113	45	000152 000153	65
000014 000015	06	000054 000055	26	000114 000115	46	000154 000155	66
000016 000017	07	000056 000057	27	000116 000117	47	000156 000157	67
000020 000021	10	000060 000061	30	000120 000121	50	000160 000161	70
000022 000023	11	000062 000063	31	000122 000123	51	000162 000163	71
000024 000025	12	000064 000065	32	000124 000125	52	000164 000165	72
000026 000027	13	000066 000067	33	000126 000127	53	000166 000167	73
000030 000031	14	000070 000071	34	000130 000131	54	000170 000171	74
000032 000033	15	000072 000073	35	000132 000133	55	000172 000173	75
000034 000035	16	000074 000075	36	000134 000135	56	000174 000175	76
000036 000037	17	000076 000077	37	000136 000137	57	000176 000177	77

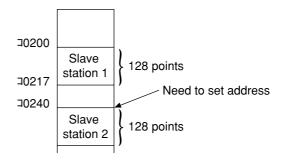
 ς . Enter a single file address 001000 (\lnot 100) at the remote I/O top address on slave station 0 using the JW-13PG.



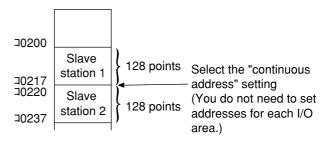
Screen display of JW-13PG

[Single address and continuous address]

· If a slave station's I/O area is not linked to the previous slave station's I/O area, this slave station should be set as a "single address slave station."



· If a slave station's I/O area is linked to the previous slave station's I/O area, you do not have to set the address this slave station if "continuous address" is selected (turn OFF the D₇ bit in the address's upper byte).



· If "continuous address" is selected, the address changes in the previous slave station (the top I/O address in slave station 1 in the example above) will automatically changes the addresses of the linked slave stations accordingly.

If you want to disable automatic address changes, select the "single address" mode, even if the slave station address is in a continuous series with the previous slave station addresses. Then enter the address of the slave station manually.

"Only when using manual allocation "

6 Enter the number of I/O bytes for each slave station

[DCM (decimal), byte]

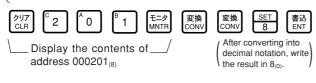
(Applied to item 6 on pages 8.31 and 8.35)

- · Enter the number of I/O bytes per slave station at parameter addresses 000201 to 000277(8).
- Enter the number of I/O bytes per slave station (1 to 128 bytes) in decimal notation. Entering a value greater than 128 is treated as an error.

Address	Slave station number ₍₈₎	Address	Slave station number(8)	Address (8)	Slave station number(8)	Address	Slave station number(8)
-	-	000220	20	000240	40	000260	60
000201	01	000221	21	000241	41	000261	61
000202	02	000222	22	000242	42	000262	62
000203	03	000223	23	000243	43	000263	63
000204	04	000224	24	000244	44	000264	64
000205	05	000225	25	000245	45	000265	65
000206	06	000226	26	000246	46	000266	66
000207	07	000227	27	000247	47	000267	67
000210	10	000230	30	000250	50	000270	70
000211	11	000231	31	000251	51	000271	71
000212	12	000232	32	000252	52	000272	72
000213	13	000233	33	000253	53	000273	73
000214	14	000234	34	000254	54	000274	74
000215	15	000235	35	000255	55	000275	75
000216	16	000236	36	000256	56	000276	76
000217	17	000237	37	000257	57	000277	77

Initial value: 00(H) in all addresses

Ex. Assign 8 bytes (64 points) to slave station 01 and 10 bytes (80 points) to slave station 02 using the JW-13PG.





Screen display of JW-13PG

00200 DCM 000 00201 DCM 008 I PARAM. >00202 DCM 010

"Only when the master station is a JW model"

[Bit pattern, bytes]

(Applied to item 7 on pages 8.31 and 8.35)

- \cdot Declare whether the I/O module installed in each slave station (01 to $77_{(8)}$) is a "JW model" or a "ZW model" at parameter address 000400 to 000407₍₈₎.
- · Set the bit corresponding each slave station to 0 (OFF) if it is a ZW model, or 1 (ON) if it is a JW model.

Set value	Enter the value of the I/O type
0 (OFF)	ZW model
1 (ON)	JW model

Parameter	Corresponding to the slave station number(8)											
addresses(8)	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
000400	07	06	05	04	03	02	01	-				
000401	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10				
000402	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20				
000403	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30				
000404	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40				
000405	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50				
000406	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	60				
000407	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70				

Initial value: FF_(H) in all addresses

Ex. Make slave station 07 a "ZW model" and all the other slave stations JW models, using the JW-13PG.

クリア CLR	€ 4	^ o	Î Ô	モニタ MNTR	変換 CONV	変換 CONV	変換 CONV	^ O	B 1	1	1	1] [1]	^B 1	^B 1	書込 ENT

_ Display the contents of ____/
address 000400₍₈₎

- Write a 0 in bit 7 (slave station 07) after converting to bit pattern

Screen display of JW-13PG

00376	
00377	
I PARAM	1.
>00400	
	00377 I PARAM

"Only when the master station PC is a JW model and a JW model special I/O module is used as a slave station"

8 Enter the data register address of the special I/O module

(Applied to item ® on pages 8:31 and 8:35)

Station number: OCT (octal), bytes

Rack and slot numbers: HEX (hexadecimal), bytes

Number of data bytes: DCM (decimal), bytes Register top address: OCT (octal), bytes

- · Since the special I/O module uses an I/O relay area and a data memory area, you have to enter slave station numbers, rack/slot numbers, the number of data bytes, and the top register addresses of the slave station which contains the special I/O module at parameter address 000600 to 000777₍₈₎.
- · Use 4 bytes of memory to assign one special I/O module.

Parameter address (8)	Set contents	Special I/O number
000600	Slave station number (00 to 77(8))	
000601	Upper 4 bits: Rack number (0 or 1) Lower 4 bits: Slot number (00 to 0F _(H))	No.1
000602	Number of data bytes (01 to 64 _(D))	INO.1
000603	Top register address (file address) D7 bit: 1 for set, 0 for not set.	
to	to	to
000774	Slave station number (00 to 77(8))	
000775	Upper 4 bits: Rack number (0 or 1) Lower 4 bits: Slot number (00 to 0F _(H))	No.32
000776	Number of data bytes (01 to 64 _(D))	110.32
000777	Top register address (file address) D7 bit: 1 for set, 0 for not set.	

Initial value: 00(H) in all addresses

Number of data bytes

Enter the number of bytes that the special I/O module uses for data exchange.

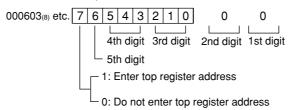
A maximum of 128 bytes can be assigned per station. A maximum of 512 byes can be assigned to all stations.

Special I/O module model name	Number of data bytes
JW-8AD (analog input)	36 bytes
JW-2DA (analog output)	8 bytes
JW-2HC (high speed counter)	8 bytes
JW-31LM (I/O link master station)	2 to 6 bytes
JW-11DU/12DU (ID control module)	64 bytes max.
JW-12PM (positioning module)	16 bytes

■ Top register address

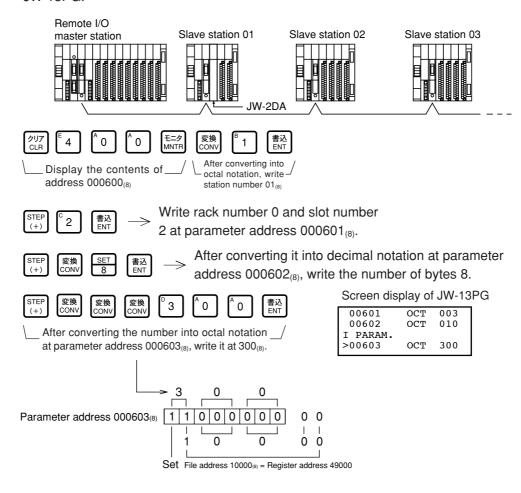
Enter top address of each special I/O module, which can be allocated up to 64 points per unit, at file addresses 000000 to $017700_{(8)}$.

Bit contents of the parameter address



Lower 2 digits are always 00.

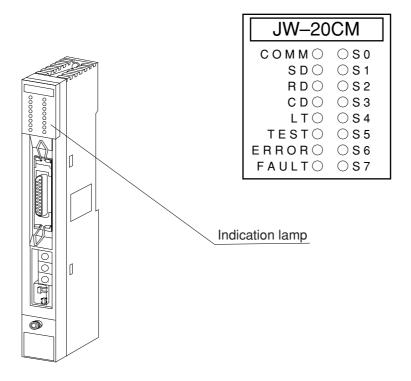
Ex.: Set a JW-2DA (8 data bytes and a top register address of 490000) installed in "slave station number 01," "rack number 0," "slot number 2" and assigned as No. 1 (1st module) using the JW-13PG.



8-4 Error and treatment

Operation status of the JW-20CM can be check by indication lamps, flags, or system memory.

- (1) Indication lamp
 - ① JW-20CM



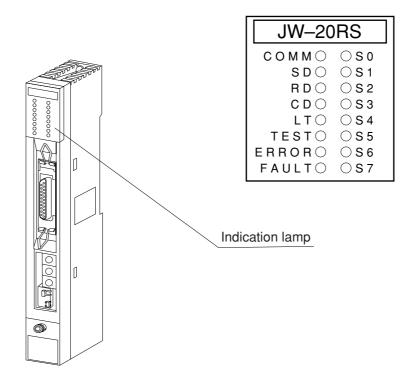
Name	Operation	Recovery
COMM	Lights while the remote I/O is operating	
SD	Flickers while sending data	
RD	Flickers while receiving data	
CD	Flickers while detecting a carrier	
LT	Lights when the termination resistance switches turned ON	
TEST	Lights while testing	
ERROR	Lights while an error is detected (Indicate error code by S0 to S7 LEDs)	 Check disconnection of communication cable Check settings of switches Check settings of parameter Check power supply voltage.
FAULT	Lights when the watchdog timer is time up (JW-20CM is faulty)	Replace the JW-20CM
S0 to S7	Indicates error codes by hexadecimal when an error is occurred	See the next page

		1.0	<u> </u>	nar				Error					
S7	6	5	4	3	2	1	S0	code (HEX)	Cause	Measure			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	01 _(H)	ROM error, upper CPU				
\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	02 _(H)	RAM error, upper CPU	Replace the JW-20CM			
\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	0	•	•	03 _(H)	2 port RAM error against PC, upper CPU				
0	0	0	0	0		0	0	04 _(H)	2 port RAM error against communication CPU, upper CPU				
0	0	0		0	0	0	•	11 _(H)	ROM error, communication CPU	• Check the communica			
0	0	0		0	0	•	0	12 _(H)	RAM error, communication CPU	tion cable			
0	0	0		•	0	0	0	18 _(H)	Communication LSI error, communication CPU	Check for doubled allocation of slave station number			
0	0	0		•		•		1F _(H)	No response, communication CPU	Replace the JW-20CM			
0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	20 _(H)	More than one token detected	Check the parameter			
\circ	0		0	0	0	0		21 _(H)	Doubled address detected	setting and switch settin			
0	0		0	0	0	•	0	22 _(H)	Fault of sending section	Replace the JW-20CM			
\bigcirc	0		0	0	0			23 _(H)	Token does not return within the rated interval	Check the communication ca			
0	0	•		•	0	•	\circ	2A _(H)	Overflow of receiving buffer. Occurs when the upper CPU processing is delayed.	Check the communication			
\bigcirc	0	•	0	•	0	•		2B _(H)	Flame length error • Occurs because of a media execution	cable			
\bigcirc	0	•	0	•	•	0	0	2C _(H)	Media error error or noise from outside.				
$\overline{}$								00	EEPROM error	Check the communication cal			
								30 _(H)	LEI HOM GIO	Replace the JW-20CM			
	0			•			\circ	BE _(H)	BCC error	Charletha naramatar cantar			
	0							$BF_{(H)}$	Parameter setting error	Check the parameter conter			
		0	0	0	0	0		*C1 _(H)	Communication error	Observation of the second of t			
			t	0				to	 After converting into octal, the lower two digits represent the slave station number of the current 				
								*FF _(H)	error. (Ex. 01(H) = 301(8) = slave station 01)	cable and slave module			

lacktriangle : ON, \bigcirc : OFF

Remarks

- Error codes "23" and "2A(H)" may occur when applying power. This is not an error.
- To check the communication cable, remove both connectors and short the connector terminals at one end. Then measure the conductivity using a tester.
- Check the parameter and switch settings for all stations. If the settings are correct, replace the JW-20CM or JW-20RS.



Name	Operation	Recovery
COMM	Lights while the remote I/O is operating	
SD	Flickers while sending data	
RD	Flickers while receiving data	
CD	Flickers while detecting a carrier	
LT	Lights when the termination resistance switches turned ON	
TEST	Lights while testing	
ERROR	Lights while an error is detected (Indicate error code by S0 to S7 LEDs)	 Check disconnection of communication cable Check settings of switches Check settings of parameter Check power supply voltage.
FAULT	Lights when the watchdog timer is time up (JW-20RS is faulty)	Replace the JW-20RS
S0 to S7	Indicates error codes by hexadecimal when an error is occurred	See the next page

(Error code)

Check the communication cable 23 _(H) Token does not return within the rated interval Replace the JW-20RS Overflow of receiving buffer. Occurs when the upper CPU processing is delayed. Check the communication cable Check the communication cable Check the communication cable Pagina and the power or noise from outside. Reinput the power of the powe			LE	Đι	nar	ne			Error			
Communication CPU	S7	6	_			_	1	S0		C	Cause	Measure
Check the communication CPU Check the communication Cable and master module Check the communication CPU Check the communication Cable and master module Check the communication Cable Check the communication Cable Check the communication Cable and master module Check the communication Cable Chec	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			ROM error, upper C	PU	
O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	02 _(H)	RAM error, upper C	PU	
O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	0	0	0	0	0	0			03 _(H)	2 port RAM error ag	ainst PC, upper CPU	Replace the JW-20RS
Check the communication CPU Check the communication cable Check for doubled allocation disave station number Check for doubled allocation stave station number Check the communication CPU Check the communication CPU Check the communication cable	\bigcirc	0	0	0	0		0	\circ	04 _(H)	2 port RAM error against c	ommunication CPU, upper CPU	
Communication LSI error, communication CPU	0	0	0		0	0	0		11 _(H)	ROM error, commur	nication CPU	
Check for doubled allocation of slave station number of I/O points Check the communication cable	0	0	0		0	0			13 _(H)	RAM error, commun	Check the communica-	
of slave station number of l/O processing is delayed. Check the communication cable number of l/O pro	0	0	0	•		0	0	0	18 _(H)	Communication LSI er		
Substitute of sending section Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cab Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cable Check the communication cable Replace the JW-20RS Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cable Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cable Check the communication cable Check the communication cable and master module Check the communication cable Check the communication cable and master module, or communication cable Check power supply Check master station PC master module, or communication cable	\bigcirc	0		0	0	0	0	\bigcirc	20 _(H)	More than one toker	n detected	
Check the communication cable 23(H) Token does not return within the rated interval Check the communication cable Replace the JW-20RS Overflow of receiving buffer. Occurs when the upper CPU processing is delayed. Check the communication cable Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cable Check the communication cable Reinput the power Decrease load of slave station Check the communication cable Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cable Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cable	0	0		0	0	0	0		21 _(H)	Doubled address de	etected	Replace the JW-20RS
Overflow of receiving buffer. Occurs when the upper CPU processing is delayed. Check the communication cable Check the communication cable Reinput the power Decrease load of slave station Check the communication cable Check the communication cable Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cable Check I/O module, option cables Check the communication cable Check master station PC master module, or communication cable Check parameter content	\bigcirc	0		0	0	0		\bigcirc	22 _(H)	Fault of sending sec	etion	Replace the JW-20RS
- Replace the JW-20RS Overflow of receiving buffer. Occurs when the upper CPU processing is delayed. Check the communication cable Plame length error or noise from outside. Synchronization between master and slave station is deviated Perror or noise from outside. Reinput the power or neceiving buffer. Check the communication cable Reinput the power or neceiving buffer. Check the communication cable Replace the JW-20RS Reinput the power or neceiving buffer. Check the communication cable or neceiving buffer. Check the communication cable or neceiving buffer. Check the communication cable or neceiving buffer. Check the communi									23	Token does not retur	n within the rated interval	Check the communication cable
Check the communication cable Check the communication cable									23(H)	TORCH GOES HOL TELLIN	Replace the JW-20RS	
Check the communication cable Occurs when the upper CPO processing is delayed. Check the communication cable									21	Overflow of receiving b		
O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O									∠ ⊢ (H)	Occurs when the upper	r CPU processing is delayed.	Check the communication
Synchronization between master and slave station is deviated • Reinput the power • Decrease load of slave station • Check the communication cab • Replace the JW-20RS • Check the JW-20RS	\circ	0		0		0			2B _(H)	Flame length error	Occurs because of a media execution	cable
station is deviated Decrease load of slave station Check the communication cab Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cab Replace the JW-20RS Check I/O module, option cables Check the communication cable and master module Check power supply Check master station PC master module, or communication cable PEPROM error Check the communication cable and master module communication cable and master module, or communication cable PEROM error Check the communication cable and master module communication cable and master module, or communication cable PEROM error Check the communication cable and master module communication cable Check power supply Check master station PC master module, or communication cable	0	0		0			0	\bigcirc	2C _(H)	Media error	error or noise from outside.	
station is deviated Check the communication cabe. Replace the JW-20RS Check the communication cabe. Replace the JW-20RS Check I/O module, option cables Check the communication cabe. Replace the JW-20RS Check I/O module, option cables Check the communication cable and master module. Check power supply Check master station PC master module, or communication cable. Station is deviated Check the communication cable. Check master station Check the communication cable and master module, or communication cable.									2F	Synchronization bet	ween master and slave	Reinput the power
 Replace the JW-20RS Replace the JW-20RS Check I/O module, option cables Check the communication cable and master module Gheck master station Page 10 Check I/O module, option cables Check the communication cable and master module Check power supply Check master station PC Page 10 Page 11 Page 12 Page 13 Page 14 Page 14									∠∟(H)	station is deviated		Decrease load of slave station
 Replace the JW-20RS O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O									30,,,,	EEDDOM orror		Check the communication cable
 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O									30 _(H)	EEPROM error		Replace the JW-20RS
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □		0	0	•	•			0	90 _(H)	I/O bus error		Check I/O module.
Oheck the communication cable and master module. Check the communication cable and master module. Check power supply Check master station PC error PS _(H) Master station PC error Check parameter content.		0	0	0	0	0	0		91 _(H)	I/O signal error		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
93 _(H) Interrupted data from master station cable and master module Check power supply Check master station PC master module, or communication cable 9E _(H) BCC error Check parameter content		0	0	•	0	0		0	92 _(H)	Mismatch number o	f I/O points	
cable and master module Check power supply Check master station PC master module, or communication cable PC PS(H) PS(02	linka www.waka al alaka ƙwa w		Check the communication
Check master station PC master module, or communication cable 95(H) 95(H) BCC error Check parameter content									93 _(H)	interrupted data fror	n master station	cable and master module
● ○ ○ ● ○ ● ● ● ○ 95 _(H) Master station PC error master module, or communication cable ● ○ ○ ● ● ● ○ 9E _(H) BCC error Check parameter content		0	0		0		0	\circ	94 _(H)	Defected power failu	Check power supply	
communication cable 9E _(H) BCC error Check parameter content												Check master station PC,
● ○ ○ ● ● ● ○ 9E _(H) BCC error		0	0		0		0		95 _(H)	Master station PC e	rror	master module, or
Check parameter content												communication cable
Cnecк parameter content	•	0	0	•		•		\bigcirc	9E _(H)	BCC error		Charle navameter entert
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		0	0	•					9F _(H)	Parameter setting e	rror	Check parameter contents

lacktriangle : ON, \bigcirc : OFF

Remarks

- \bullet Error codes "23" and "2A $_{(H)}$ " may occur when applying power. This is not an error.
- To check the communication cable, remove both connectors and short the connector terminals at one end. Then measure the conductivity using a tester.
- Check the parameter and switch settings for all stations. If the settings are correct, replace the JW-20CM or JW-20RS.

(I/O error code of JW model)

		LE	l d	nan	ne			Error	0	
80	40	20	10	8	4	2	1	code (HEX)	Cause	Measure
								07	I/O table error	Register I/O table
						_		97 _(H)		Replace the JW-20RS
	0	0			0	0	0	98 _(H)	Input data parity error	Replace basic rack panel,
	0	0			0	0		99 _(H)	Output data error	extension cable, I/O
	0	0	•		0		0	9A _(H)	I/O table registration error	module, or register I/O
	0	0			0			9B _(H)	Special I/O module error	table.
	0	0			•	0	0	9C _(H)	Blown fuse	Replace the fuse

• When error numbers 98 through 9C_(H) occur, the module will store "rack No." and "slot No." in the parameter address 005000₍₈₎ in the JW-20RS.

Parameter address D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 005000(8) Rack No. Slot No.

When more than one module has and error, the lowest "rack No." and "slot No." will be stored.

- A special I/O module error (9B_(H)) can be detected by the JW-2DA/8AD/11DU/12DU/12PM. When the JW-2DA/12PM detects this error, you can also assume that there is a problem in the 24 V power supply.
- A fuse blown error (9C_(H)) can be detected by JW-12S/13S/32S/33S/35S. If the error cannot be eliminated after replacing the module in which the error occurred, check the modules in the JW-20RS and then in the rack panel.

③ PC body and JW-20CM, JW-20RS

The operating status of the remote master station and slave stations will vary according to the operation, stop, error, and power failure conditions in the PC as follows. For output hold switch in detail, see page 8.15 ●: Light ON, ⊗: Blinks, No mark: Lights OFF

Power supply PC body JW-20CM Indication lamps

DO books	1110	uuic												
PC body operational condition	Halt output	Power lamp	Indica		. Flag relay	System memory #170 to	COMM	SD	RD	CD	ERROR	TEST	FAULT	So to
	HALT	POWER	RUN	FAULT		#177								S ₇
Operating at normal	Close	•	•		ON	Hold	•	\otimes	\otimes	\otimes				
Stop at normal	Open	•	\otimes		ON	Hold	•	\otimes	\otimes	\otimes				
Error	Open	•		•	Not fixed	Hold	•	\otimes	\otimes	\otimes	•			
Remote master	Onon				Not fixed	Hold								
station error	Open				INOL IIXEG	Holu								

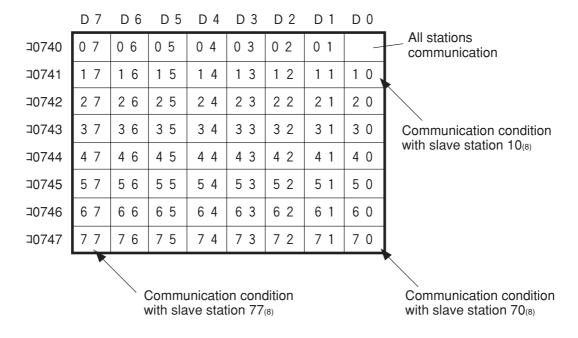
		supply dule	JW-20RS Indication lamps										
PC body operational	Halt	Power	Condition of o	output module									
condition	output HALT	lamp POWER	Output hold switch "HOLD"	Output hold switch "RST"	СОММ	SD	RD	CD	ERROR	TEST	FAULT	So to S7	
Operating at normal	Close	•	_	_	•	\otimes	\otimes	\otimes					
Stop at normal	Open	•	Hold	Reset		\otimes	\otimes	\otimes			•	*	
Error	Open	•	Reset	Reset		\otimes	\otimes	\otimes	•		•	Error code	
Remote master station error	Open	•	Reset	Reset		No	t fix	ed	•		•	Error code	
PC power in OFF	Open	•	Reset Reset			No	t Fix	ed	•		•	Error code	

^{*} When the JW-20RS fault lamp is lit and no error code is displayed, it might be the case that the PC has stopped operation (in the program mode).

(2) Flag

Flag area is 8 bytes from the "flag top address" set in the master station JW-20CM parameter, monitor communication condition.

Example: In this case the flag top address is file address 000740(8) (30740)

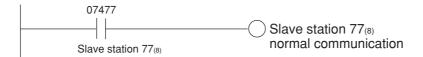


1) All stations communication flag

When the master module JW-20CM is communicating normally with the preset number of slave stations, this flag will be ON.

2 Individual communication flag

The flags corresponding to the slave stations, which are communicating normally with the master module JW-20CM will be ON.



(3) Error code

When an error occurs in the JW-20CM, it stores the occurred error's code to system memory #170 of each station's PC.

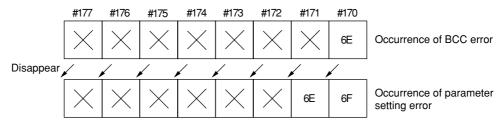
Error			o system memory	Measure		
code (HEX)	Cause	#160	#170	weasure		
01	ROM error, upper CPU					
02	RAM error, upper CPU					
03	2 port RAM error against PC, upper CPU			Replace the JW-20CM		
04	2 port RAM error against	53 _(H)				
	communication CPU, upper CPU					
11	ROM error, communication CPU			Check the communication		
12	RAM error, communication CPU			cable • Check for doubled allocation		
18	Communication LSI error, communication CPU			of slave station number		
1F	No response		1F (H)	Replace the JW-20CM		
20	More than one token detected		20 (H)	Check the parameter setting		
21	Doubled address detected		21 (H)	and switch		
22	Fault of sending section		22 (H)			
23	Token does not return within the rated interval		23 (H)	Replace the JW-20CM		
2A	Overflow of receiving buffer.		24	Check the communication cable		
24	Occurs when the upper CPU processing is delayed.		2A (H)			
2B	Flame length error		2B (H)	Check the communication cable		
2C	Media error		2C (H)	Replace the JW-20CM		
30	EEPROM error		30 (H)	Replace the JW-20CM		
BE	BCC error		BE (H)	Check the switch setting		
BF	Parameter setting error		BF (H)	Oneck the switch setting		
C1	Communication error		C1 (H)	Check the communication		
to	After converting into octal, the lower two digits represent the slave station number of the current		to	cable and slave module		
FF	error. (Ex. C1 _(H) = 301 ₍₈₎ = slave station 01)		FF (H)	cable and Stave module		

[•] In some cases, error code 23_(H) or 2A_(H) is stored when inputting power. This is not an error.

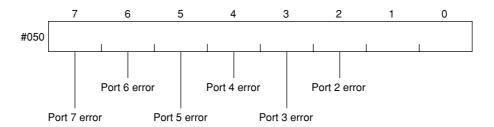
Remarks

• The error code stored in the system memory #170 is shifted to #170 to #177 one after the other as new errors occur. Thus, the system memory can store up to 8 errors. When the PC is operating by RAM, these error codes do not disappear even after turning OFF the power.

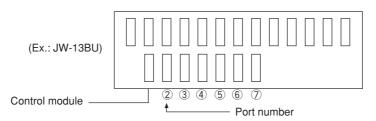
The contents of system memory #170 to #177 are kept storing after the JW-20CM recovers from the error.



- When any of errors "01_(H)" to "18_(H)" occurs among the error codes listed on the previous page, the JW-20CM stores error code "53_(H)" (optional error) in the system memory #160. It does not store any error code in system memory #170.
- In the case of an option error "53," when you monitor system memory #050, the bit of error option module switches ON. When more than 1 bit is error, these bits switch ON. The each ON bit becomes OFF by recovering from the error condition. But the last ON bit does not become OFF even if the error condition recovers.

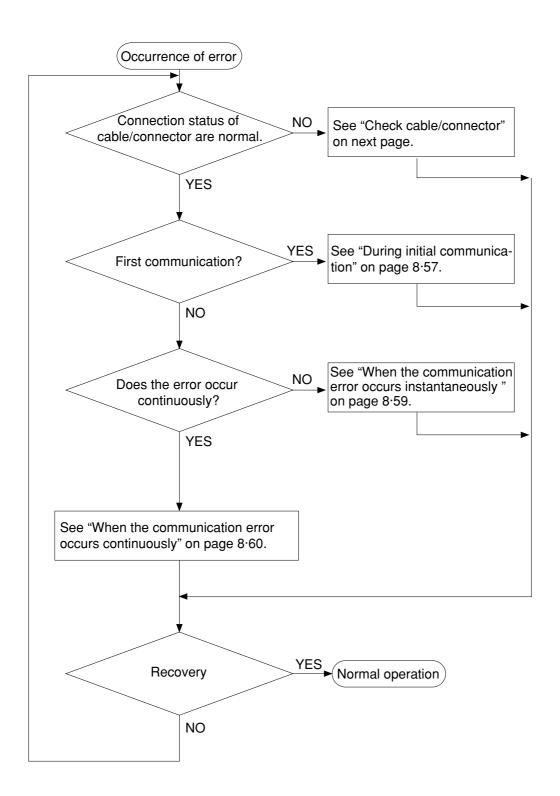


• The option slot port numbers are assigned in the order 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and so on, starting from the position closet to the control module.



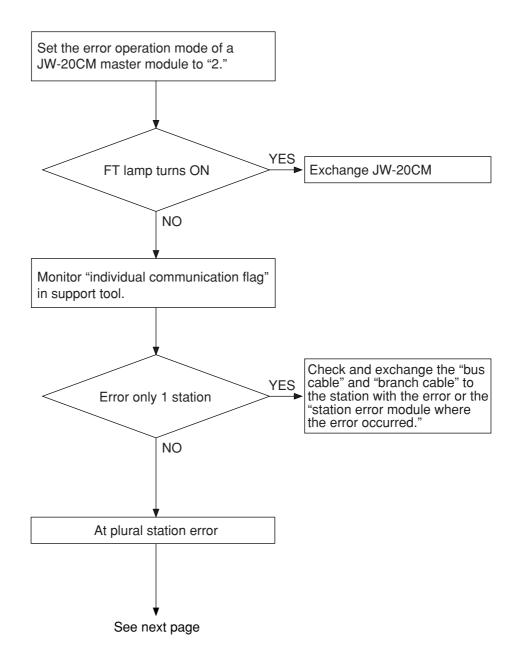
(4) Recovery method at communication errors

1 Check flow chart

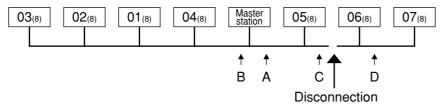


2 Check cable/connector

As errors on the junction from the main cable to the drop cable or the contact failure on the connecting point of each station or errors of the master module are assumed, check with the following procedure.

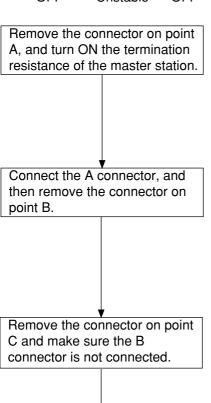


• If the bus cable between the slave station 05(8) and 06(8) is disconnected in the following system.

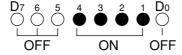


State of an individual communication flag

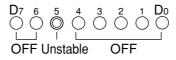




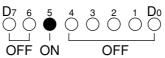
As the communication possible stations $03_{(8)}$, $02_{(8)}$, $01_{(8)}$, and $04_{(8)}$ are normal, the state of communication monitoring flag is as follows.



There is no normal station amoung commiunicatable station 05, 06, $07_{(8)}$, and $05_{(8)}$ is unstable.

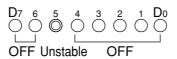


As the communication possible station 05₍₈₎ is normal, abnormal points exists ahead of the point C.



Connect the C connector and make sure the B connector is not connected, and remove the connector at the next point to the point D.

The station $05_{(8)}$ and $06_{(8)}$ become communication possible stations, but the station $05_{(8)}$ is unstable and the station $06_{(8)}$ is turned to OFF, so the abnormal states occur between the point C and the point D.



Cause	Countermeasure
Disconnection in the bus cable and the branch cable between the station 05(8) and 06(8), or contact failure of the connectors	Remove both the bus cable and the branch cable connectors. After that, shorten one of these connectors and check conductivity using a tester.
Error on the slave station 06(8)	Exchange the slave module.

3 During initial communication (start-up of the system)

Check the error code of master station

· When the master station indicates error code BF(H)

The cause may be a parameter setting error of the master station. Check the master station parameters.

(See the next page)

· When the master station indicates error code C1 to FF(H)

The cause may be a error of slave station. Check the error code of slave station.

· When the COMM lamp of master station is OFF (SD, RD, and CD are flickering)

Check the following master station's parameters

Parameter address	Contents	Setting value		
003777(8)	Start switch	01		

· Other cases

Check the switches of the communication module

Check optional cable of PC (The PC does not operate normally without an optional cable.)

Check cable and connector

Check error code

Check the error code of slave station

When the error code of slave station is no display and FAULT lamp is ON
 The cause may be error of wiring. Check for wiring.

· When the slave station indicates error code 93(H) to 95(H)

When the slave station indicates error code 9F_(H)

• The cause may be a parameter setting error of the slave station.

Check the slave station parameters.

· When relation I/O is error

Check I/O and rack panel.

· Other cases

Check the switches of the communication module

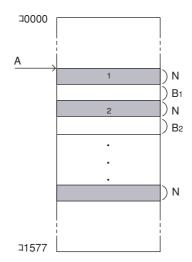
Check optional cable of PC (The PC does not operate normally without an optional cable.)

Check cable and connector

Parameter setting range

<Fixed allocation>

· When fixed allocation is used, set parameter within the range shown below:



1 to n : Number of slave stations (1 \leq n \leq 32 or 63)

A: Remote I/O top address

N: Number of slave station I/O points (fixed to 64 points or

128 points)

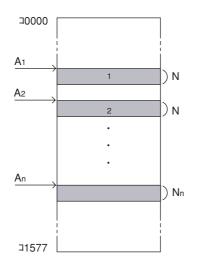
 B_1 to B_n : Blank between stations

(Setting of JW model special I/O module)

Data register	0 to 128 bytes in total per remote slave station 0 to 512 bytes in total of all stations
Number of modules	Up to 8 modules per remote slave station Up to 32 modules in total of all stations

<Manual allocation>

· When the manual allocation is used, set parameter within the range shown below:



1 to n : Number of slave stations (1 \leq n \leq 63)

 A_1 to A_n : Remote I/O top address

 N_1 to N_n : Number of slave station I/O bytes (0 $\leq N_n \leq$ 128)

 $N_1+N_2+\cdots+N_n\leqq 512$

(Setting of JW model special I/O module)

Data register	0 to 128 bytes in total per remote slave station 0 to 512 bytes in total of all stations		
Number of modules	Up to 8 modules per remote slave station Up to 32 modules in total of all stations		

4 When the communication error occurs instantaneously.

Cause may be:

- · Noise on the communication line.
- Fault of a communication module.
- · Fault of a communication cable.

Check the error's timing.

When the error occurs synchronous with a peripheral industrial robot's operation, noise to the communication line may be a cause. Consider arrangement of the wiring route.

Identify the error station.

When the error occurs at only the specific station, the cause may be the station or nearby. Check the following items.

- Setting of the LT (termination resistance) switch.
- · Check cables/connectors

Looseness or removal of connectors (turn right until fixed securely)

Whether connectors are assembled to cables appropriate (check insulation/conductivity)

Cable length should be less than 1 km

Branch cable length should be less than 40 cm

• Error code (See page 8.52)

When identification of the cause is difficult.

Condition of the circuit may be unstable. (See page 8.52 "check items of cables and connectors")

- · Looseness or removal of connectors (turn right until fixed securely)
- · Whether connectors are assembled to cables appropriate (check insulation/conductivity)
- · Cable length should be less than 1 km
- · Branch cable length should be less than 40 cm

5 When the communication error occurs continuously.

Identify the error station.

Specify the error's station using the communication flag etc., (see page 8·51) and error code (see page 8·47). Then check this station.

- Check the power of the error's station.
- · Check the error code of the error's station.
- · Check cables/connectors

Looseness or removal of connectors (turn right until fixed securely)

Whether connectors are assembled to cables appropriate (check insulation/conductivity)

Cable length should be less than 1 km

Branch cable length should be less than 40 cm

When identification of the cause is difficult.

Condition of the whole circuit may be unstable.

Check cables and connectors.

- · Looseness or removal of connectors (turn right until fixed securely)
- · Whether connectors are assembled to cables appropriate (check insulation/conductivity)
- · Cable length should be less than 1 km
- · Branch cable length should be less than 40 cm

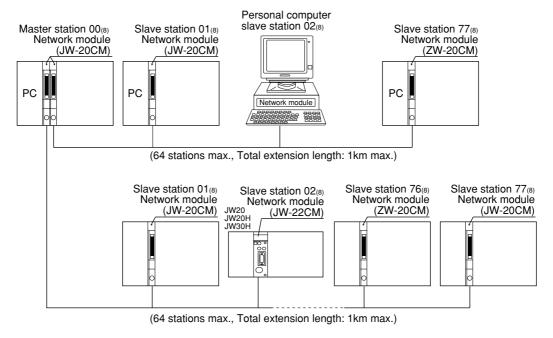
Chapter 9 Data Link

9-1 Description for data link function

- The data link function us used to send and receive ON/OFF signals (relay link: max. 2048 points) and numerical data (register link: max. 2048 bytes) by PCs or between PC and personal computers connected in the satellite net system.
- The master station and slave stations are connected using a single coaxial cable. As the JW-20CM network module can control the data communications, the PC does not need any special programming.
- When the JW-20CM is assigned as a slave station, it has the standard function and memory capacity save function for data link. But the data contents for receiving from other stations is different between these two functions. (When the JW-20CM is used as a master station, only the standard function is available.)

[When all of a master station and slave stations are JW-20CM]

- Master station Data link (Standard function)
 Slave station Data link (Standard function)
 Data link (Standard function)
 Data link In order to effectively use the memory, unify a partial data area or sending/receiving address (program) of slave stations.
- · A maximum of 6 modules (a mixed installation of master and slave stations is allowed) can be installed on one PC.
- A maximum of 64 stations can transfer data on one network with maximum cable length of 1 km.

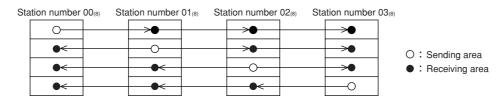


· Both JW and ZW model PCs can be connected on the same cable.

9-2 Communication method

[1] Data link (standard function)

Each station sends data in its sending area cyclically and stores data received from other stations in its receiving area.



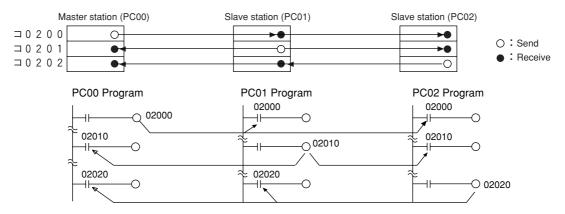
For the JW-20CM to execute automatically these sending and receiving procedures, a special program for communication is required. Data link have relay link and register link. They can use at the same time.

Function	Contents		
Relay link	N: M communication	Total no. of link points : 2048 max. (256 bytes)	
Register link	N: M communication	Total no. of link bytes : 2048 max.	

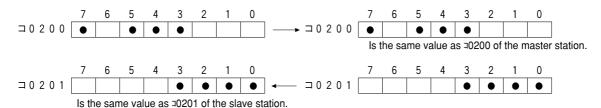
(1) Relay link function

Mainly used for sending and receiving ON/OFF information

[Example] In the case of sending 1-byte data from a master station and slave stations 01 and 02.



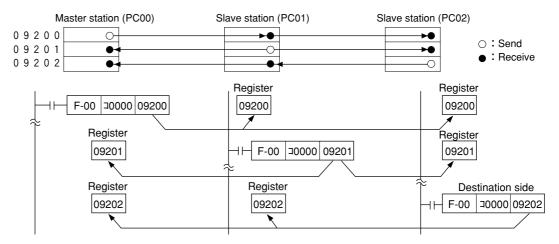
- The link relay of the receiving station must be programmed as input signal by the PC programming. Also, it may be used as source (S) side of application instruction.
- The sending and receiving data correspond in bits of one point unit.



(2) Register link function

Mainly used for sending and receiving numerical data.

[Example] In the case of sending 1 byte data from a master station and slave station 01 and 02.

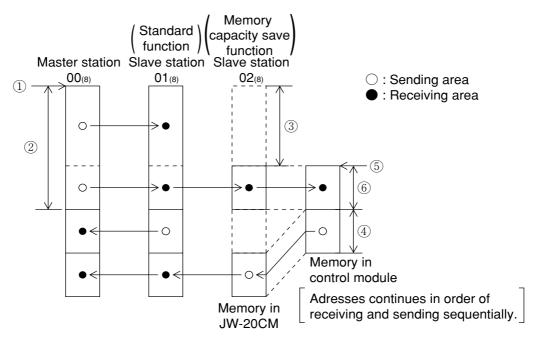


- The register link area of the sending station may be used as D (Destination) side of the application instruction of the PC program.
- The register link area of the receiving station may be used as S (Source) side of the application instruction of the PC program.

V5 [2] Data link (Memory capacity save function)

The memory capacity save function is to provide a part of the data link area in the slave station data memory as a receiving area. A slave station can receive only the required area by relay link/register link so that the slave stations can save on use of the memory area.

As this function can unify the receiving area address and the sending area address of each slave station, the same program can be used for each slave station. Mixed allocation of the addresses with the data link (standard function) is also possible.



Function	Contents		
Relay link	N: M communication	Total link number of points: Maximum 2048 points (256 bytes) Total number of points of sending/receiving data per slave station: Maximum 512 points (64 bytes)	
Register link	N: M communication	Total link number of points: Maximum 2048 bytes Total number of points of sending/receiving data per slave station: Maximum 512 bytes	

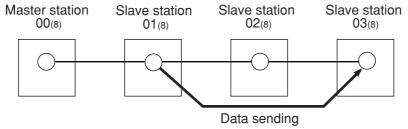
Setting contents	Setting item		
① Top address of master station link area	Master station 's parameter		
② Number of sending data bytes of master station			
③ Number of offset bytes of slave station	master station s parameter		
④ Number of sending data bytes of slave station			
⑤ Top address of slave station link area	Slave station's parameter		
Number of data receiving bytes of slave station	- Slave Station's parameter		

[3] Link function with specific station (F200/F201 link function)

There is a function for communicating data other than the parameter setting values using the PC's application instructions F-200 (write to ports) and F-201 (read from ports). The JW-20CM communicates data while executing data link operations.

See page 13·22 to 13·25 for application instructions F-200 and F-201 in details.

See instruction manual of ZW-98CM and ZW-20AX in case that communicating with host computer.

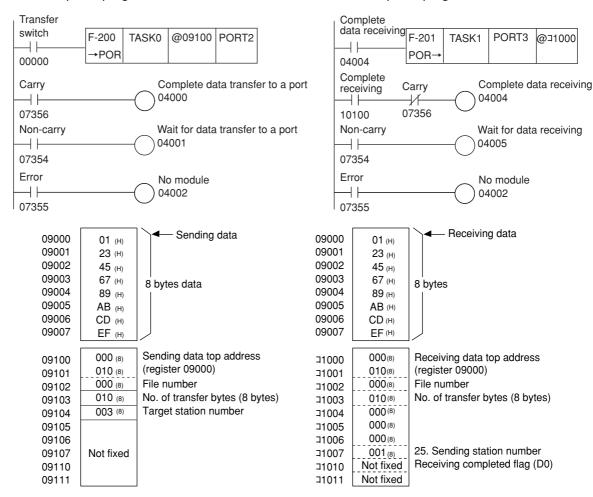


Example) In case of sending 8 bytes data from slave station 01(8) to slave station 03(8).

	Slave station 01 ₍₈₎	Slave station 01 ₍₈₎
Sending data top address	Register 09000	
Receiving data top address		Register 09000
JW-20CM installed port number	2	3

An example of program at slave station 01(8)

An example of program at slave station 03(8)

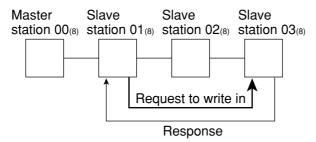


[4] SEND/RECEIVE function

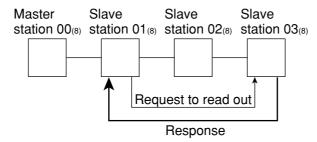
Different from the data link, the SEND/RECEIVE functions are functions which exchange the data of the required station of the required time between a PC and a personal computer or between PCs.

The SEND function is the function which writes in the data after assigning the station to send data to, and the RECEIVE function is the function which reads out the data.

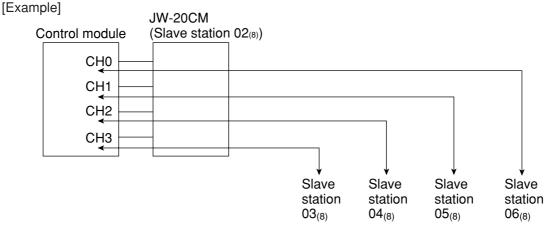
[An example of the SEND function]



[An example of the RECEIVE function]



- In this instruction, the function is completed after the target station replies. A special program is not needed in the connected PC station. If the target station is an upper computer, a program is required for response after decoding the SEND/RECEIVE instructions.
- But if the upper computer cannot decode the SEND/RECEIVE instructions, these instructions can not be used.
- The data route for the SEND/RECEIVE functions between the control module and this module is called a "channel." Each module has four channels, CH0 to CH3, and is able to transfer a maximum of 256 bytes of data. Therefore, four operations of SEND/RECEIVE functions can be executed simultaneously on a ladder program.



• There are the "instruction system" and the "data memory starting system" as the starting system in SEND/RECEIVE functions.

You can select the starting system in each channel using a parameter.

- · With the "Data memory start system," the JW-20CM can communicate across different hierarchies of the satellite net. However, this type of communication has the following limitations.
- 1 JW20/20H cannot be used as relay stations.
- 2 ZW-98CM/ZW-20AX cannot be used as communication target stations.
- 3 The maximum amount of data is 256 bytes.

(1) Instruction system

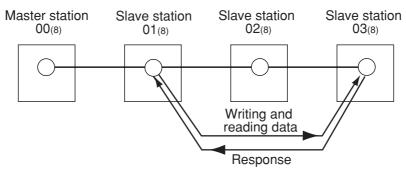
The PC's application instruction F-202/203 (open channel), F-204 (sending instruction), and F-204 (receive instruction) to send and receive data between modules in a network, and from a module in a network to an upper stream computer is used.

• In this instruction, the function is completed after the target station replies. A special program is not needed in the connected PC station. If the target station is an upper computer, a program is required for response after decoding the SEND/RECEIVE instructions.

But if the upper computer cannot decode the SEND/RECEIVE instructions, these instructions can not be used.

· SEND/RECEIVE functions of instruction system cannot be communicated two hierarchical layer.

Communication contents	Instruction to be used (see page)		
Specify communication target station in octal notation. (for ZW/JW-20CM)	F-202 (13-26)		
Write data in the specified station (SEND instruction)	F-204 (13-27)		
Read data out of the specified station (RECEIVE instruction)	F-205 (13-28)		



Input conditions of F-202/204/205 instructions should keep being ON until finishing execution of the instruction (when error flag or carry flag turns to ON.)

• If the input condition is turned OFF during execution of the instruction, the instruction ends in an incomplete condition. Under this condition, next, when this instruction is given, it will come to a "communication jam," and the instruction will not be executed. Turn the power OFF and then ON again for recovery.

Take any measure for the cases below:

• In case that on instantaneous power failure of min. 10ms occurs and the input conditions turn to OFF.

[Countermeasure] Change the input conditions to a latched relay.

However if you turn OFF and ON the power during execution of the instruction while the input condition is set to a latched relay, the JW-20CM will come to the following state.

F-204/205 instruction processing which is being executed is deleted, and rising edge of input signal can not be detected for the input condition is kept ON so that this instruction can not be executed.

[Countermeasure] All flags (07354 to 07357) are turned to OFF. Detect them with the timer, and operate the next instruction after resetting the input conditions.

Note: The SEND/RECEIVE instruction is not allowed to use 10 to 2C_(H) as the file numbers for the communication target station. The data memory start system can use these numbers.

[Example] In case of writing data of 8 bytes to slave station 03₍₈₎

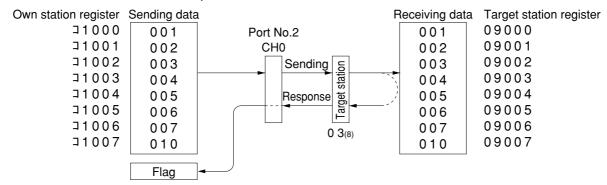
Module number installing own station JW-20CM : 2

Channel number using own station JW-20CM : 0

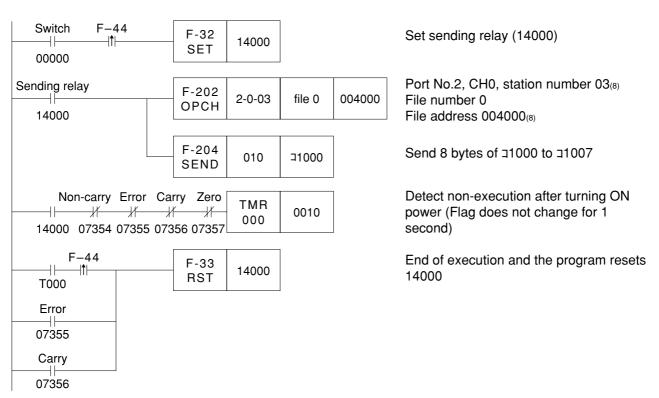
Data area of slave station 03₍₈₎ : 0 (file number)

Receive top address of slave station 03₍₈₎ : Register 09000 (file address 004000₍₈₎)

Send data top address of own station : □1000



■ PC program



For an example to readout data from the assigned station using F-205, see page 13.28.

V5 (2) Data memory starting system

The data memory starting system is the system which starts the SEND/RECEIVE functions without using exclusive instructions. Set the target station number, data memory address, etc. on the specified data memory (communication information storage area).

You can increase the amount of data to be transferred in one SEND/RECEIVE operation using multiple connected channels.

For cases using 1 channel alone, maximum 256 bytes

For cases using 2 connected channels, maximum 512 bytes

For cases using 3 connected channels, maximum 768 bytes

For cases using 4 connected channels, maximum 1024 bytes

Set these channel connections on the parameter (address 007700 to $007703_{(8)}$). (See page 9.27 and 48)

[Setting the contents in a communication information storage area]

In order to assign a communication information storage area (64 bytes), set the top address on the parameter (address 007710 to 007713₍₈₎).

Address (8) Top address→ FLAGS TIMER +01+02 G TYPE +03 ST1 +04 R SL +05 ST2 <u>n</u> (L) +06 +07 n (H) Channel CH0 (16 bytes) ADR_A(L) +10 +11 ADR_A(H) SEG_A +12 64 bytes +13 Not used +14 ADR_B(L) +15 ADR_B(H) +16 SEG_B Not used +17 Channel CH1 (16 bytes) +37 +40 Channel CH2 (16 bytes) * +57 +60 Channel CH3 (16 bytes) +77

The contents of each area (16 bytes) in channel CH1 to CH3 are the same as the contents of CH0.

Area	*Input/ Output	Contents
FLAGS	Input	Flag (the same as 30735. Refer to the following table for the details.)
TIMER	Output	Communication monitoring time $001_{(D)}$ (0.1 second) to $255_{(D)}$ (25.5 seconds) (Initial value $000_{(D)}$ is 1 second.)
G (7th bit)	Output	Starting instruction. Turn ON after starting communication.
TYPE (0 bit to 6th bit)	Output	Transfer type 00(H): SEND (one hierarchical layer), 01(H): SEND (two hierarchical layer differences), 02(H): RCV (one hierarchical layer), 03(H): RCV (two hierarchical layer differences)
ST1	Output	For cases with one hierarchical layer, the number of the target station is 00 to $77_{(8)}$. For cases with two hierarchical layer differences, the number of the relay station is 00 to $77_{(8)}$.
R_SL	Output	For cases with two hierarchical layer differences, the module number of the next hierarchical layer difference in relay station. (When the relay station is JW50/70/100 or JW50H/70H/100H, it represents the rack/slot number.) For cases with one hierarchical layer difference, invalid.
ST2	Output	For cases with two hierarchical layer differences, the number of the target station is 00 to 77 ₍₈₎ . For cases with one hierarchical layer difference, invalid.
n	Output	Number of transfer bytes 000 to 377(8) (000(8) is 256 bytes)
ADR A	Output	File address of own station 000000 to 177777(8)
SEG A	Output	File number of own station 0 to 7
ADR B	Output	File address of target station 000000 to 177777 ₍₈₎
SEG B	Output	File number of target station 0 to 7 · JW-20CM with 30H mark cannot set 10 to 2C _(H)

^{*} Input : Control module \leftarrow JW-20CM, Output : Control module \rightarrow JW-20CM

• Contents of FLAGS

V I (FI 400	Value of FLAGS (H) Contents		Contents of bit			
Value of FLAGS (H)			6	5	4	3 to 0
00	During non-execution	0	0	0	0	0
90	During communicating. Interval after operating the instruction till the completion.	1	0	0	1	0
40	Normal end	0	1	0	0	0
60	Abnormal end (communication time-out)	0	1	1	0	0
E0	Abnormal end (error response)	1	1	1	0	0

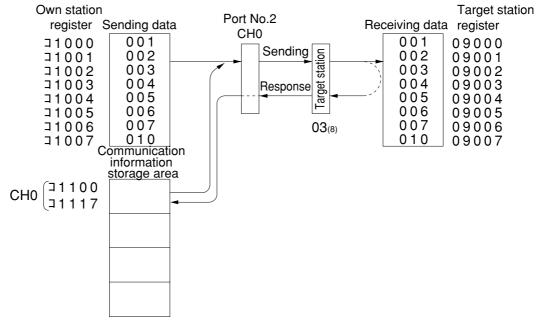
[Example] In case of writing 8 bytes data to slave station 03

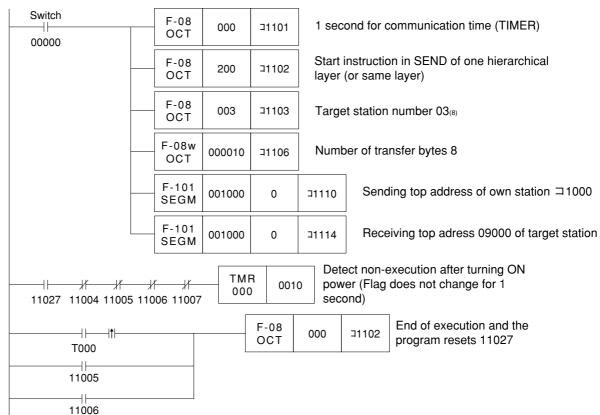
Module number installing own station JW-20CM : 2

Channel number using own station JW-20CM: 0

Sending data top address of own station: \$\pi1000\$ (file 0, file address \$001000_(8))

Data area of target station: 09000 (file 0, file address 004000₍₈₎)
Top address of communication information storage area: 11100





9-3 Data transfer required time and communication delay time

(1) Required time for data transfer

This is the time required for the master station to complete communication with all stations, and is determined by the number of connected stations with and the number of data items to transmit.

Transmission T operation cycle =
$$\frac{N + 136 \times P}{1250} + 2.5 \times P + \alpha + 16 \text{ (ms)}$$

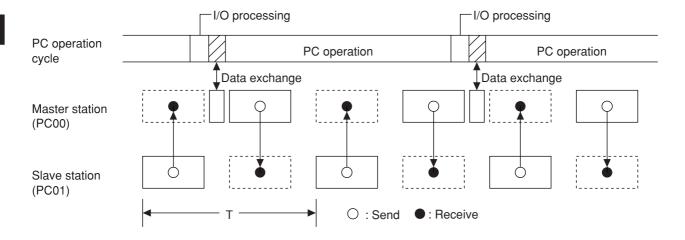
- N: Total number of link points (value to be calculated by relay link bytes and register link bytes 8 points).
- P: Number of connected stations (master + slave)
- 136: 136 bits are used for station address and error check data on the communication format.
- 1250: Transmission rate: 1.25M bits per second
 - 2.5 : Inter-station wait time plus processing time to move to next station (unit : ms)
 - α : Communication recovery operation time
 - When an error occurs at any station, the master station periodically treats the error.

$$\alpha = 3.5 \times \text{number of error stations ms}$$

16: Time to maintain token bus. It can enter at random intervals.

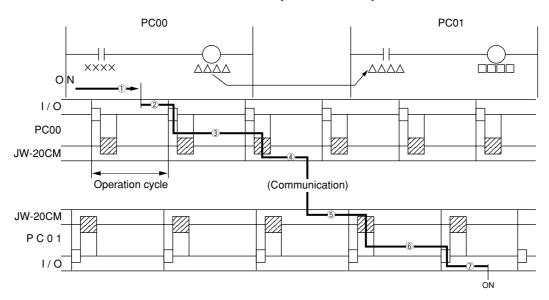
[Example] In the case of two connected stations and 8 bytes of link points,

Transmission T operation cycle =
$$\frac{8 \text{ bytes} \times 8 \text{ points} \times 2 \text{ stations} + 136 \times 2 \text{ stations}}{1250} + 2.5 \times 2 \text{ stations} + 16 = 21.32 \text{ ms}$$



(2) Communication delay time

The communication data on the satellite net may have the delay shown below.



- ① Delay of input module
- ② Time required for PC to detect input state (one operation cycle max.)
- 3 Operation time of sending PC (one operation cycle)
- ④ Time to complete sending of operation result (one communication cycle max.)
- ⑤ Time required for receiving PC to write receive data in PC data memory (one operation cycle max.)
- 6 Operation time of receiving PC (one operation cycle)
- ⑦ Delay of output module

Communication delay time is the total time of \bigcirc to \bigcirc above.

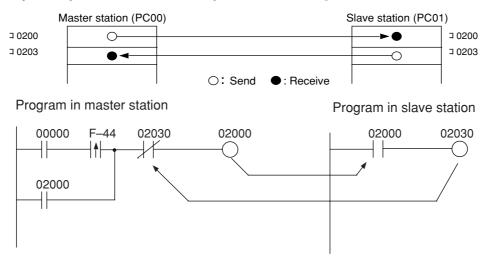
(Remarks)

The buffer memory contents of the JW-20CM is renewed for each PC operation cycle. Therefore, a contact point which turns "ON" for only one operation cycle of a PC may not be transferred.

(3) Data transmission between master PC and slave PC

Providing synchronous transfer gives positive data communication.

[An example of synchronized transfer by OUT instruction]



- 00000 is turned "ON" at the master station side. (OUT 02000 is a self-holding circuit.)
- When 02000 is turned "ON" at the slave station side, OUT 02030 is also turned "ON." This is sent back to the master station side.

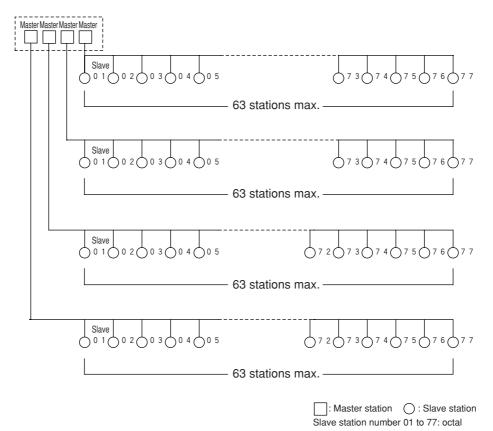
9-4 Expansion of network

The JW-20CM can transmit data between 64 stations at maximum. If more than 64 stations are required for data link, you can add communication stations with the procedure below.

(1) Multiple installation of the JW-20CM

Mounting more than one JW-20CM on the optional slot of the basic rack panel can increase the number of stations.

[In the case of mounting 4 sets of JW-20CM]

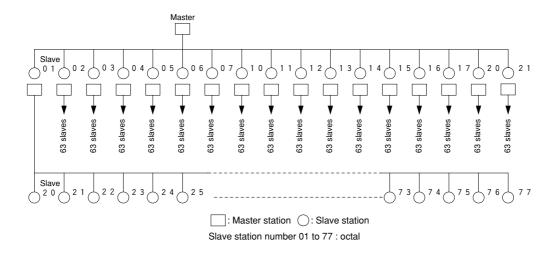


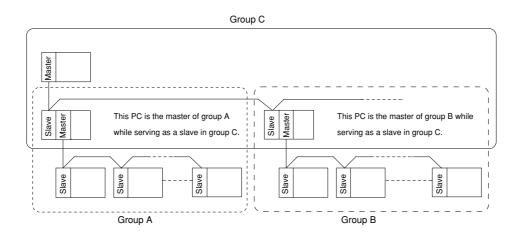
(Remarks)

- When installing multiple number of modules on a single PC, make them allocated so that relay link area, register link area, and flag area may not overlap with each other.
- When installing multiple number of modules on a single PC, pay attention to the total communication data volume and the number of bytes available for communication area.
- Though more than one JW-20CM can be mounted on single basic rack panel, they cannot directly communicate with other stations beyond one network.

(2) Hierarchical link

When 2 sets of JW-20CM are mounted on the optional slot of the basic rack panel, hierarchical link communication is possible and can increase the number of stations.





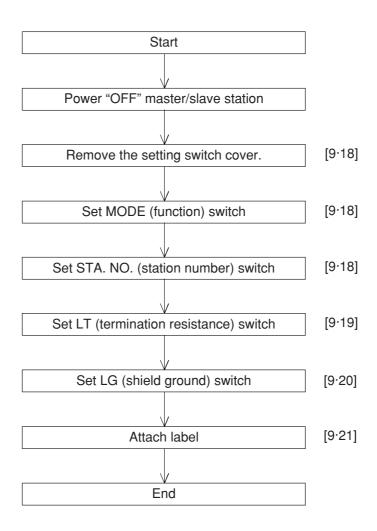
Remarks

- Pay attention to hierarchical link system consisting of more than two levels as it takes time for communication between the stations at the highest level and at the lowest level.
- Though more than one JW-20CM can be mounted on single basic rack panel, they cannot directly communicate with other stations beyond one network.

9-5 Switch setting of master station or slave station

Operation procedure

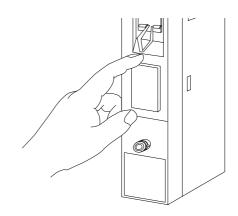
In brackets: See page in Chapter 9



Turn master module and slave module power "OFF."

Remove the setting switch cover of network module JW-20CM.

- With your fingertips over the top and bottom of the switch cover, pull the cover towards you to remove it.
- Keep the cover saved as it must be installed after switch setting.



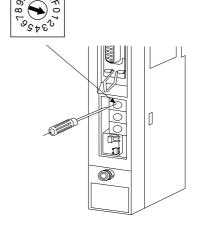
Set MODE (function) switch

- · In case of master station, be sure to setting "1."
- · In case of slave station, be sure to setting "2" or "3."

Setting value	Function	
0	Set at delivery	
1	Remote I/O	
2	Data link (standard function)	
	Computer link	
3	Data link (memory capacity save function)	
	Computer link	
4-F	Test mode A service man will use these switches for adjustment.	

Do not set "4 to F."

MODE



Set STA. NO. (station number) switch

- · In case of master station, be sure to setting "00%."
- · In case of slave station, set 01 to $77_{(8)}$ in order "01" continuously.

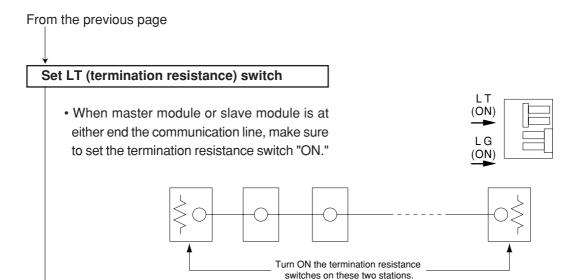
A maximum number of 63 slave stations can be connected. Enter station numbers using octal notation.

Be careful not to assign the same number twice and do not skip any numbers.





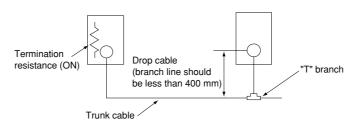




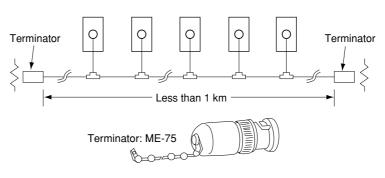
Reference: Function of the termination resistance switch

If the communication line does not have a termination resistance, the high frequency signal will be reflected at the ends of the cable. These reflected signals can collide with the original communication signals, so that some stations will not be able to communicate normally. The use of termination resistance suppresses reflected signals. If the termination resistance switch on any of the stations in between the end of the cable is turned ON, the station will generate a reflection wave signal or attenuate the original signal and may not communicate normally.

· When the trunk line has a branch in it, turn ON the termination resistance at the station on the trunk cable.



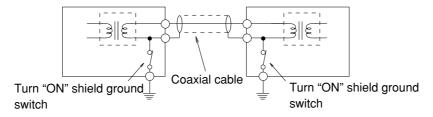
· If you use a terminator (termination resistance made by Toko Denshi: ME-75) at the end of a signal cable, turn OFF the termination resistance at the station on the end of the cable.



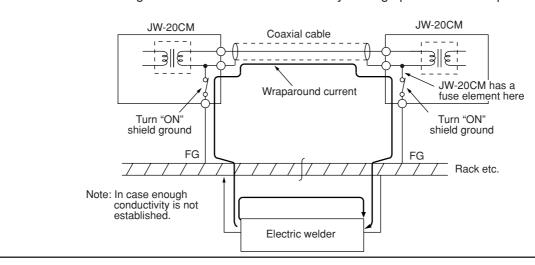
From the previous page Set LG (shield ground) switch



- · For communication lines, use a coaxial cable.
- · As coaxial cable is an unbalanced circuit, ground its shield by turning "ON" the shield ground switch.



- Make sure to provide a class-3 grounding for the GND terminal of the power module. Without grounding the power module, the JW-20CM cannot become conductive with the ground after turning "ON" the shield ground switch. (See page 7 · 2.)
- Prior to any electric welding around the JW-20CM, take out the coaxial cable from the JW-20CM. While the coaxial cable is connected to the JW-20CM, any electric welding nearby the JW-20CM will cause the welding current to the JW-20CM and may damage part of its circuit pattern.



Attach label

- · Attach the data link label to this module, make setting "data link function" clear.
- · Write "STATION NO." on this label.

In case of master module

LINK FUNCTION DATA LINK

STATION NO. PC00

In case of slave module

LINK FUNCTION DATA LINK

STATION NO. PC01

Switch setting end.

9-6 Setting contents of slave station parameters

When the JW-20CM is used as a slave station, set the following items for parameters.

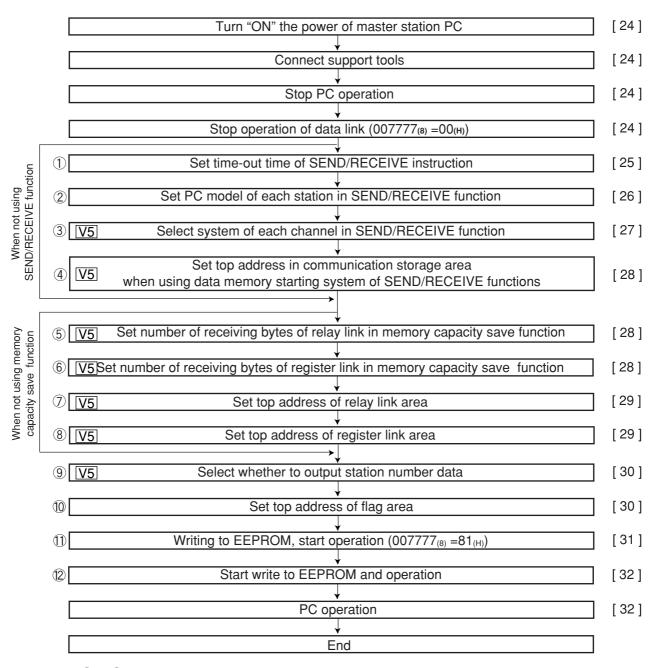
		Setting item	Address(8)	Initial value (н)	Conte	ents	Corresponding signs on pages 11.7 and 11.8	
	1	Setting time-out item of SEND/ RECEIVE instruction	007500 to 007577	00	For using SEND/RECEIVE time out time by decimal. [001 (0.1 sec) to 255 (25.			
	2	Setting PC model of each station in SEND/RECEIVE function	007600 to 007677	91	91(H): The PC is JW type and ZW-20CM has JW mark or JW-20CM or JW-22CM 81(H): The PC is ZW type and ZW-20CM has JW mark or JW-20CM. 00/81(H):ZW-20CM without JW mark			
*1 	3	Select system of each channel in SEND/RECEIVE function V5	007700 to 007703	00	Select instruction system of system in CH0 to CH3	Select instruction system or data memory starting system in CH0 to CH3		
	4	Top addresses in communication information storage area when using data memory starting system of SEND/RECEIVE functions		00	Setting by file number and file address. Setting within communication information storage area (64 bytes) File 0: 000000 to 015777(8) File 1 to 7: 000000 to 177777(8)			
	(5)	Number of receiving bytes of relay link in memory capacity save function	007720 007721	00	Set the number of bytes by decimals. (0 to 64) If 0 is set, the number of bytes will be the same as the number of the sending bytes which is set in the master station		h ₁ to hn	
*2	6	Number of receiving bytes of register link in memory capacity save function	007722 007723	00	Set the number of bytes by decimals. (0 to 512) If 0 is set, the number of bytes will be the same as the number of the sending bytes which is set in the master station		i ₁ to in	
	7	Top address of relay link area	007730 to 007733	00	Set by file number and file address. (See page 13·20 and 13·21)		f ₁ to fn	
	8	Top address of register link area	007734 to 007737	00	Set by file number and file address. (See page 13·20 and 13·21)		g ₁ to gn	
	9	Whether the station number information should be output or not V2	007763	00	Store the number of own sta when setting on 01(H). (stora flag area of 24 bytes, valid v	ge area of 1 byte follows		
			007764	E0	Lower of file address	Initial value: 01E0(H)		
	10	Top address of flag area (communication and PC	007765	01	Upper of file address	007767(8) (¬0740)	e ₁ to en	
		operation condition monitor	007766	00	File number			
		flag)	007767	80	Flag output (Yes: 80(H) No: 00(H))			
	11)	Communication error detection interval	007771	00	Settable detection interval with 100 ms pitch			
					00(н): Stop remote I/O ope	eration		
		Muiting to the EEDDOM			01(H): Start remote I/O operation			
	12	Writing to the EEPROM, start operation/stop setting	007777	01	80(H): Writing to the EEPROM, stop operation			
					81(H): Writing to the EEPROM, start operation			
					08(H): Initialize the parameter			

^{※ 1} Set only any of JW50/70/100 or JW50/70H/100H is used as PC, and using SEND/RECEIVE instruction.

[&]amp;2 Set only any of JW50/70/100 or JW50/70H/100H is used as PC, and using the memory capacity save function.

¹⁾ to 12 correspond to numbers in the next page.

Operation procedure



① to ⑨ correspond to numbers in the previous page.

Turn "ON" the power of slave module

Connect support tools

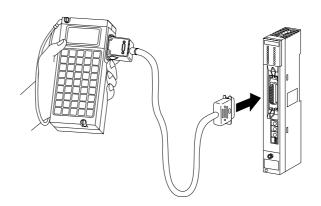
- Connect a support tool with the JW-20CM and prepare the setting parameter.
- <Usable support tools>

JW-13PG/12PG

JW-50SP

JW-50PG, Z-100LP2S

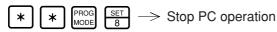
 For operation of each support tool, see the instruction manual attached. The following describes an example of JW-13PG's key operation.

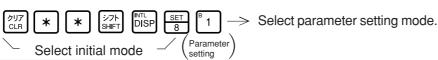


Stop PC operation

• Turn to program mode (stop PC operation). Setting of parameters is only available when the PC is in program mode.

(Operation example of JW-13PG)





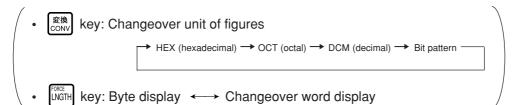
Stop operation of data link [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

- · Setting of the parameter is only available when the operation of the JW-20CM is stopped.
- · Write "00(H)" to parameter address 007777(8) and stop operation of the JW-20CM.

(Operation example of JW-13PG)



Reference Function of JW-13PG



"When PC is JW model and the SEND/RECEIVE function is used"

Set time-out time of SEND/RECEIVE function [DCM (decimal), byte]

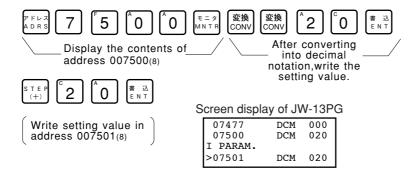
When the own station uses the SEND/RECEIVE instructions, set the time-out time on each communication target station.

Setting range is 001 (0.1 sec.) to 255 (25.5 sec.) by decimal. 00(H) of initial value is 1 second.

Address (8)	Station number (8)	Address (8)	Station number (8)	Address (8)	Station number (8)	Address (8)	Station number (8)
007500	Master station	007520	20	007540	4 0	007560	6 0
007501	0 1	007521	21	007541	4 1	007561	6 1
007502	0 2	007522	22	007542	42	007562	62
007503	03	007523	23	007543	43	007563	63
007504	0 4	007524	2 4	007544	4 4	007564	6 4
007505	0 5	007525	25	007545	4 5	007565	65
007506	0 6	007526	26	007546	4 6	007566	6 6
007507	0 7	007527	27	007547	47	007567	67
007510	1 0	007530	30	007550	48	007570	7 0
007511	1 1	007531	3 1	007551	5 1	007571	7 1
007512	1 2	007532	32	007552	5 2	007572	72
007513	1 3	007533	33	007553	53	007573	73
007514	1 4	007534	3 4	007654	5 4	007574	7 4
007515	1 5	007535	3 5	007555	5 5	007575	75
007516	1 6	007536	3 6	007556	5 6	007576	7 6
007517	1 7	007537	3 7	007557	5 7	007577	77

Initial value: All address 00(H) (1 second)

(In case of setting $020_{(D)}$ (2 sec.) in parameter addresses $007500_{(8)}$ (master station) and $007501_{(8)}$ (slave station 01).)



"When PC is JW model and the SEND/RECEIVE function is used"

Set PC model of each station [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

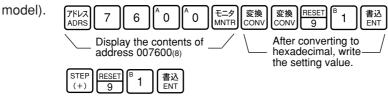
· Assign model type of the communication target station from ZW and JW PCs, ZW-20CM with JW applied or not, or JW-22CM (JW20/20H, JW30H).

PC of target station Communication module of target station	ZW model	JW model
ZW-20CM (without JW applied sign)	00, 80	00, 80
ZW-20CM (with JW applied sign)	81	91
JW-20CM	81	91
JW-22CM	91	(H)

Setting value(H)

Address (8)	Station number (8)						
007760	Master station	007620	20	007640	4 0	007660	6 0
007601	0 1	007621	21	007641	4 1	007661	6 1
007602	0 2	007622	22	007642	4 2	007662	62
007603	03	007623	23	007643	4 3	007663	63
007604	0 4	007624	2 4	007644	4 4	007664	6 4
007605	0 5	007625	25	007645	4 5	007665	6 5
007606	0 6	007626	26	007646	4 6	007666	6 6
007607	0 7	007627	27	007647	4 7	007667	6 7
007610	1 0	007630	3 0	007650	4 8	007670	7 0
007611	1 1	007631	3 1	007651	5 1	007671	7 1
007612	12	007632	3 2	007652	5 2	007672	7 2
007613	1 3	007633	33	007653	5 3	007673	7 3
007614	1 4	007634	3 4	007654	5 4	007674	7 4
007615	1 5	007635	3 5	007655	5 5	007675	7 5
007616	1 6	007636	3 6	007656	5 6	007676	7 6
007617	1 7	007637	3 7	007657	5 7	007677	77

- 1. Initial value: All address 91(H).
- 2. Entering both 00_(H) and 88_(H) will produce the identical result. The SEND communication instruction (writing data) is not available with this setting.
- 3. You cannot program SEND/RECEIVE instructions in a ZW model PC. However, the ZW model PC will respond to SEND/RECEIVE instructions from a JW model PC.
- Ex.: When you want to enter 91_(H) at both the master station and at slave station 01 (if the PC a JW model and the I/O is a ZW-20CM with a sticker indicating that it can be used with the JW



Write setting value in

addrsee 007601(8)

Screen display of JW-13PG

07577 HEX 00 07600 HEX 91 I PARAM. >07601 HEX 91

"When PC is JW model and the SEND/RECEIVE function is used"

V5 Select system in each channel in SEND/RECEIVE function

Select the method of each channel (instruction or data memory starting) on the parameter address 007700 to 007703(8).

007700(8)	CH 0
007701(8)	CH 1
007702(8)	CH 2
007703(8)	CH 3

1. When using 1 channel alone

Channel	Setting value (H)	System	
CH 0	0 0	Instruction system	
CHU	8 0	Data memory starting system	
CH 1	0 0	Instruction system	
СПІ	8 1	Data memory starting system	
CH 2	0 0	Instruction system	
OH Z	8 2	Data memory starting system	
CH 3	0 0	Instruction system	
	8 3	Data memory starting system	

2. When using connected channels (see page 10·2)

In the SEND/RECEIVE function, the JW-22CM can transfer and receive a maximum of 256 bytes of data for each channel. For the data memory starting system, the amount of communication data can be increased by connecting channels.

Set the data amount with $8X_{(H)}$ (X is 0 to 3, determined depending on which channel is used for the connector.)

When using connected channels, these should be consecutive channels. For example, channel 0 and 1, or channel 2 and 3 can be connected to each other, but channel 1 and 3 can not be connected to each other.

[Example 1] When all channels are used for the data memory starting system (using 1 channel alone)

CH 0	007700(8)	8 0 (H)
CH 1	007701(8)	8 1 _(H)
	007702(8)	8 2 (H)
CH 3	007703(8)	8 3 (H)

[Example 2] When channel 0 is used for the instruction system, and channel 1 to 3 are the data memory starting system and used connected.

(In this case, channel 2 and 3 can not be used.)

CH 0	007700(8)	8 0 (H)
CH 1	007701(8)	8 1 (H)
CH 2	007702(8)	8 1 (H)
CH 3	007703(8)	8 1 (H)

If values other than "00(H), 80 to 83(H)" are set, they will be ignored.

V5

From the previous page

"When PC is JW model and the SEND/RECEIVE function is used"

V5

Set top address in communication information storage area when using data memory system of SEND/RECEIVE function

· Set file address₍₈₎ in parameter addresses 007710 to 007713₍₈₎.

007710(8)	Lower		
007711(8)	Upper		
007712(8)	File number of communication information storage area		
007713(8)	This setting is valid by 80 _(H)		

Top address of communication information storage area (file address)

"When PC is JW model and the memory capacity save function is used"

V5 Set the number of sending bytes of the relay link in save memory function [DCM (decimal), word]

· Set the number of sending bytes in decimal on the parameter address 007720 to 007721(8).

007200₍₈₎ Lower 007721₍₈₎ Upper

· In case of setting 4 bytes using JW-13PG: Example for slave station 02 of page 9·41

7 FLZ 7 7 6 2 6 0 6 0 6 Display the contents of parameter addresses 007720 to 007721 $_{(8)}$

変換 変換 (SONY) (EA) (書込 (ENT) (SONY) (SONY) (EA) (SONY) (EA) (A) (SONY) (EA) (S

Screen display of JW-13PG

07714	D	00000
07716	D	00000
I PARAM.		
>07720	D	00004

007720(8) 00004(D)

"When PC is JW model and the memory capacity save function is used"

Set the number of receiving bytes of register link in save memory function

Set the number of sending bytes in decimal on the parameter address 007722 to 007723(8).

007722₍₈₎ Lower 007723₍₈₎ Upper

· In case of setting 8 bytes for parameter addresses 007722 to 007723(8) using JW-13PG: Example for slave station 02 of page 9·41

| 書込 | 一 | Write 00008(D)

Screen display of JW-13PG

07716	D	00000
07720	D	00004
I PARAM.		
>07722	D	80000
1	D	00008

007722₍₈₎ 00008_(D)

9

From the previous page

V5

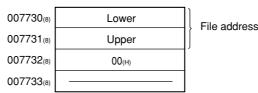
"When PC is JW model and the memory capacity save function is used"

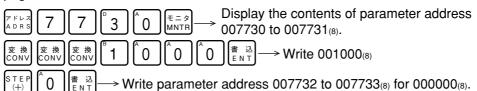
Set top address of relay link area.

File address: OCT (octal), word
File number/flag: HEX (hexadecimal), byte

· Set file address in parameter address 007730 to 007733(8).

These top addresses should not overlap the register link area, flag area, or any area used by other option module.





Screen display of JW-13PG

07726	0	000000
07730	0	001000
I PARAM.		
>07732	0	000000

"When PC is JW model and the memory capacity save function is used"

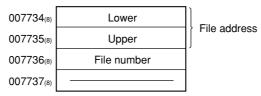
V5 Set register link area of register link area.

File address: OCT (octal), word

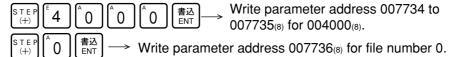
File number/flag: HEX (hexadecimal), byte

· Set file address in parameter address 007734 to 007737(8).

These top addresses should not overlap the relay link area, flag area, or any area used by other option module.



In case of setting 09000 (file address $004000_{(8)}$) using JW-13PG : Example for slave station 02 of page $9\cdot41$.



Screen display of JW-13PG

07716	D	00000
07720	D	00004
I PARAM.		
>07722	D	80000
	07720 I PARAM.	07720 D I PARAM.

V5 Set whether the station number information should be output or not

· Set whether the station number information should be output or not on the parameter address 007763₍₈₎.

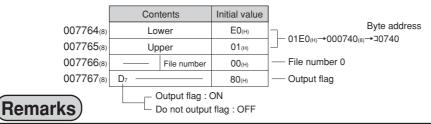
Whether the station number information should be output or not

00(H): Do not output
01(H): Output
The station number information is output on the next byte of the flag area (24 bytes.)

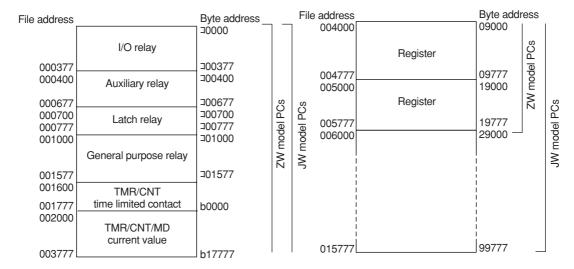
V5 Set top address of flag area

File address: OCT (octal), word
File number/flag: HEX (hexadecimal), byte

- · Set the top address of the flag area (24 bytes) in order to monitor the communication condition and PC operation condition on the parameter address 007764 to 007767₍₈₎.
- · Flag area uses 24 bytes regardless number of connecting stations.



• The PC's input/output relays, auxiliary relays, registers etc. are all allocated individual byte addresses for each item. However, the JW-20CM can assign these addresses with file addressees allocated throughout the memory.



The usable file numbers will vary with the memory module that is installed on the PC.

Name of memory module	Usable file numbers
ZW-1MA, JW-1MAH	0 or 1%
ZW-2MA, JW-2MAH	0 or 1
ZW-3MA, JW-3MAH	0, 1, 2
ZW-4MA, JW-4MAH	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

If file number is 1, file address shall be within 000000 to 037777₍₈₎. (See page 13·20 and 21 for other cases.)

Enter communication error detection interval

[DCM (decimal), byte]

· If the JW-20CM does not receive data from a station within the specified time (initial value: 250 ms when fewer than 32 stations are connected, 450 ms when more than 33 stations are connected), it turns OFF the communication monitor flag corresponding to this station. The specified time can be changed by entering a different value at parameter address 007771₍₈₎ (communication error detection time). Use the same value for all the stations.

Normally, this value does not need to be changed. Use the modules with the initial value (00_(H)).

Set value(D)	Communication error detection time (ms)
000	Initial value: 250 ms for fewer than 32 stations, 450 ms for more than 33 stations.
001	100
002	200
003	300
004	400
005	500
006	600
:	:
010	1000
:	:
255	2500

- * Detection time precision:
- -100 ms to +0 ms

Ex.: If the PC scan time is extremely long (exceeds the time specified above), the communication monitor flag will turn OFF, even though there is no communication error. In this case, change the value at parameter address 007771₍₈₎ to a larger number.

Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-20CM, start operation [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

- · Write "81(H)" into parameter address 007777(8) and write the set parameter contents into the EEPROM of the JW-20CM. Then start the JW-20CM.
- · After starting operation, the setting value changes to "01(H)."

Setting value (H)	Contents	
0 0	Stop operation of the JW-20CM	
0 1	Start operation of the JW-20CM	
8 0	Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-20CM, stop operation	
8 1	Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-20CM, start operation	
0 8	Initialize parameters	



Screen display of JW-13PG

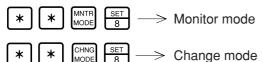
07775 07776	HEX	00 EC
I PARAM. >07777	HEX	81

Remarks

- · Writing time to EEPROM is approximately 0.7 sec. When any error is found for parameter settings, the JW-20CM lights the error code (6F_(H)) by the indication lamp.
- When error code 6F(H) lights,
 - Check flag top address
 - ② If the master station also lights up with error code 6F(H), check the top address and number of bytes in the relay link and register link in the master station which corresponds to the slave station in which the error occurred.
- · Written contents into the EEPROM are automatically transferred to the RAM of the JW-20CM when turning ON the power of the PC. At transferring, the PC checks BCC and compares BCC check code of the parameter memory address (007776₍₈₎). When an error is found, the JW-20CM lights the error code $(6E_{(H)})$ by the indication lamp.
- · If "parameter initialization" is selected, the module initializes parameter addresses 004000 to 007776(8).

PC operation

Turning a slave module to monitor or change mode (PC operation). (Operation example of using JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG



9-7 Setting contents of master station parameters

[1] Setting contents

*

When the JW-20CM is used as a master station, set the following items for parameters after setting switches.

For details of the parameter memory, see pages 13.9 to 15.

Corresponding signs on pages 9.35 to 37

	ltem		Address (8)	Initial value	Contents (setting range)	*
	1	Top address of relay link area on the master station	004000 to 004001	00	Set file address by octal notation (File 0: 000000 to 007777)	a ₀
	2	Function	004002	00	Set to 01(H)	_
	3	Number of connected stations	004003	00	Set number of stations including master stations by decimal (2 to 64)	_
	4	Relay link area top address or number of offset bytes on slave station 01 to 77(8)	004004 to 004377	00	When a slave station is data link (standard function), set the top address by file address (8) (See page 13 • 20 and 21) When a slave station is data link (memory save function), set the number of offset bytes by decimal. (000000 to 00256(D))	a1 to a77
	(5)	Register link area top address on the master station	004400 to 004403	00	Set file address by octal notation File 0: 000000 to 15777(8) File 1 to 7: 000000 to 177777(8)	b ₀
	6	Register link area top address or number of offset bytes on slave station 01 to 77(8)	004404 to 004777	00	When a slave station is data link (standard function), set the top address by file address (8) (See page 13-20 and 21) When a slave station is data link (memory save function), set the number of offset bytes by decimal. (000000 to 02048(D))	b1 to b77
	7	Number of relay link sending bytes of master station	005000 to 005001	00	Set the number of bytes by decimal (0 to 256, within 0 to 256 in total)	C ₀
	8	Set number of relay link seding bytes of slave station 01 to 77(8)	005002 to 005177	00	Set the number of bytes by decimal (0 to 256, within 0 to 256 in total)	C1 to C77
	9	Number of register link sending bytes of master station	005200 to 005201	00	Set the number of bytes by decimal (0 to 2048, within 0 to 2048 in total)	do
	10	Set number of relay link seding bytes of slave station 01 to 77(8)	005002 to 005377	00	Set the number of bytes by decimal (0 to 2048, within 0 to 2048 in total)	d 1 to d 77
	11)	Time-out time of SEND/RECEIVE instruction	007501 to 007577	00	Set time-out time in decimal [001 (0.1 sec.) to 255 (25.5 sec.)]	
1	12	Set PC type of each station in SEND/RECEIVE function	007601 to 007677	91	Select from "00, 80, 81, or 91" by hexadecimal	
•	13	Select system of each channel	007700 to 007703	00	Select instruction system or data memory starting system in CH0 to CH3	_
	14)	Top addresses in communication information storage area when using data memory starting system.	007710 to 007713	00	Set by file number and file address - Setting range of communication information storage area (64 bytes) File 0: 000000 to 015777(8) File 1 to 7: 000000 to 177777(8)	

 $[\]ensuremath{\%}$ 1 : Set only when the PC is a JW model using the SEND/RECEIVE function.

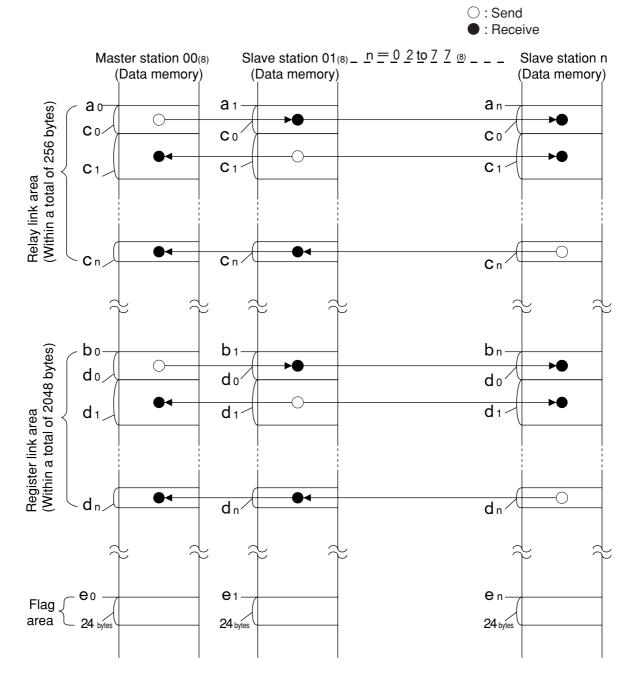
※ Corresponding signs on pages 9⋅35 to 37

	ltem	Address (8)	Initial value (H)	Contents (setting range)		*
15)	Connection status of slave station (error code output)	007750 to 007757	00	Turn ON a bit corresponding to each station (See page 13-15)		
16	Whether or not to output the station number information V5	007763	00	Store the number of own station in the data memory when setting on 01(H) (storage area of 1 byte follows flag area of 24 bytes, valid when 007767(8) is 80(H)		_
	Flag area top address	007764	E0	File address lower bits	Initial value: 01E0(H)	
17	·	007765	01	File address upper bits	↓ 000740(a) (⊐0740)	e ₀
	flag)	007766	00	File number (00(H) only)		
		007767	80	Flag output (Yes: 80(H), No	: 00(H))	
18	Communication error detection time	007771	00	Settable detection time with 100 ms pitch		_
				00(н): Stop operation		
	- Start/stop operation - Write to EEPROM		01	01(H): Start operation		
19		007777		80(H): Stop writing to EEPROM/operation		-
				81(H): Start writing to EEPROM/operation		
				08(H): Initialize parameter		

[•] ① to ⑨ correspond to numbers in page 9.38.

[2] Communication area map

(1) In case that setting data link (the standard function) when the master station and all slave stations are JW-20CM.

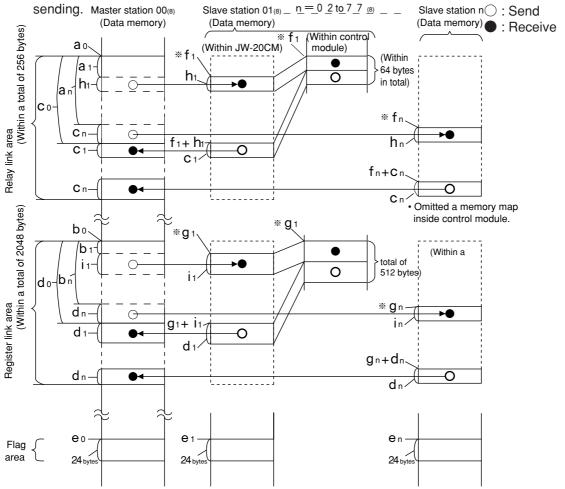


- Set the relay link area, register link area, flag area within the setting range nominated in page 13:20, 21. However, be careful not to double any address allocation of these.
- Set ao to en for parameters of master station and slave station. (See page 9-22, 33 and 34)

Parameter for setting in master station	Parameter for setting in slave station
Top address of relay link area ao, a1 to an	Top address of flag area (slave station) e ₁ to e _n
Top address of register link area b ₀ , b ₁ to b _n	
Number of sending bytes of relay link area co, c1 to cn	
Number of sending bytes of register link area d ₀ , d ₁ to d _n	
Top address of flag area (master station) eo.	

(2) In case that setting the data link (V5 memory capacity save function) when the master station and all slave stations are JW-20CM.

Memory addresses inside control module of slave station continue in order of receiving and



- Set the relay link area, the register link area, and the flag area within the settings range of page 13·20, 21. Be careful not to double any address allocation of these.
- Set " a_0 " to " i_n " above for parameters of master station and slave station (see page 9·22, 33 and 34).

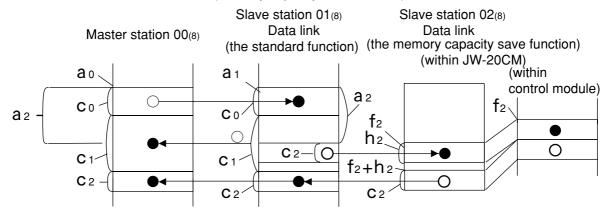
Parameter for setting in master station	Parameter for setting in slave station
Top address of relay link area ao, ao to an	Top address of flag area (slave station) e ₁ to e _n
Top address of register link area b ₀ , b ₁ to b _n	Number of receiving bytes of relay link area h_1 to h_n
Number of sending bytes of relay link area co, c1 to cn	Number of receiving bytes of register link area i ₁ to i _n
Number of sending bytes of register link area d ₀ , d ₁ to d _n	
Top address of flag area (master station) e ₀ .	

- Set the receiving area for save memory function within the range of the link area.
 - $0 \le \mathbf{a}_1 \le \text{Total number of bytes of relay link area -} \mathbf{h}_1$
 - $0 \le \mathbf{a}_n \le \text{Total number of bytes of relay link area -} \mathbf{h}_n$
 - $0 \le \mathbf{b}_1 \le \text{Total number of bytes of register link area -i}_1$
 - $0 \le a_n \le Total$ number of bytes of register link area -i n

- Number of receiving bytes of slave station (h1 to hn, i1 to in)
 Select self-setting or "same as number of sending bytes (c₁ to c_n, d₁ to d_n)" according to parameter (007720 to 007723) of slave station.
- Number of offset bytes can be set exceeding the number of sending bytes of the master station. $\mathbf{a}_1, \mathbf{a}_n \ge \mathbf{c}_0$ and $\mathbf{b}_1, \mathbf{b}_n \ge \mathbf{d}_0$
- (3) When the master station and slave stations are all JW-20CM and both data link (the standard function) and data link (V5) memory capacity save function) are set among slave stations.

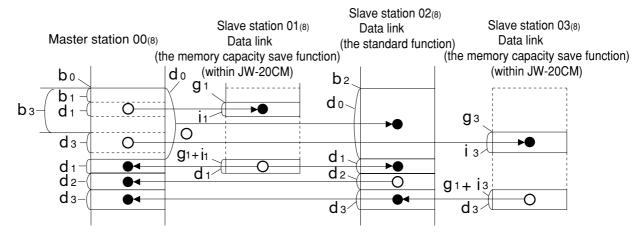
Set signs below by the parameters of the master station (page 9.22, 33 and 34).

• An example of a relay link area map for the setting of the data link (standard function) for slave station 01 and the data link (memory capacity save function) to slave station 02.



Total number of bytes of relay link area
$$(C_0 + C_1 + C_2) \le 256$$
 bytes $C_2 + h_2 \le 64$ bytes $0 \le a_2 \le C_0 + C_1$

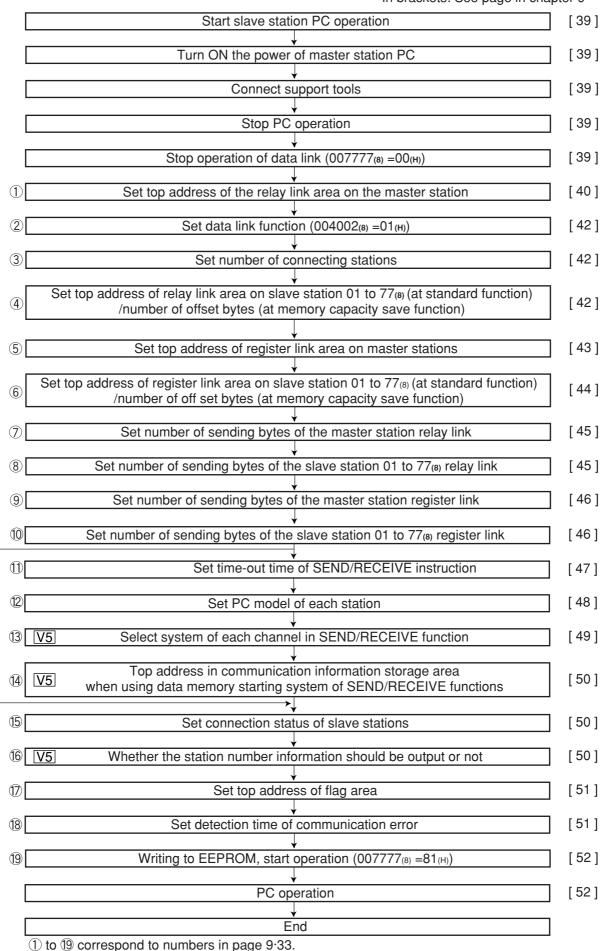
• An example of register link area map for the setting of the data link (the save memory function) to slave station 01 and 03 and data link (the standard function) to slave station 02.



Total number of bytes of register link area
$$(d_0+d_1+d_2+d_3) \leq$$
 2048 bytes $0 \leq b_1 \leq d_0+d_2+d_3 \qquad 0 \leq b_3 \leq d_0+d_1+d_2$ $i_1+d_1 \leq 512 \qquad i_3+d_3 \leq 512$

When not using SEND/RECEIVE function





"Run" the slave station PC

Turn "ON" the power of the master station PC and connect support tools

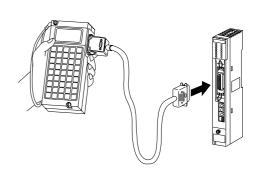
- · Connect a support tool with the JW-20CM and prepare the setting parameter.
- <Usable support tools>

JW-13PG/12PG

JW-50SP

JW-50PG, Z-100LP2S

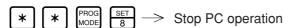
 For operation of each support tool, see the instruction manual attached. The following describes an example of JW-13PG's key operation.

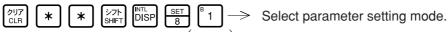


Stop PC operation

• Turn to program mode (stop PC operation). Setting of parameters is only available when the PC is in program mode.

(Operation example of JW-13PG)

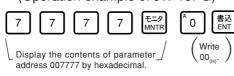




Parameter Select initial mode

Stop operation of data link | [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

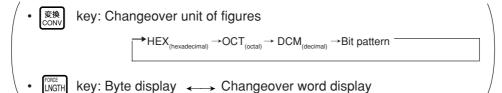
- Setting of the parameter is only available when the operation of the JW-20CM is stopped.
- Write "00(H)" to parameter address 007777(8) and stop operation of the JW-22CM. (Operation example of JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

07775	HEX	0.0
07776	HEX	00
I PARAM.		
>07777	HEX	00

Reference | Function of JW-13PG

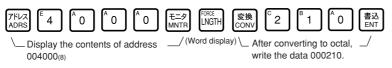




• Set file address₍₈₎ to parameter address 004000 to 004001₍₈₎.

These top addresses should not overlap the register link area, flag area, or any area used by other option module.

In case of setting $\exists 0210$ (file address $000210_{(8)}$) using JW-13PG : Example for slave station of page 9.41.

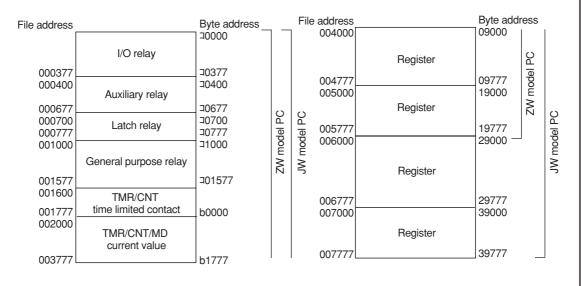


Screen display of JW-13PG

03774	0	000000
03776	0	000000
I PARAM.		
>04000	0	000210

Remarks

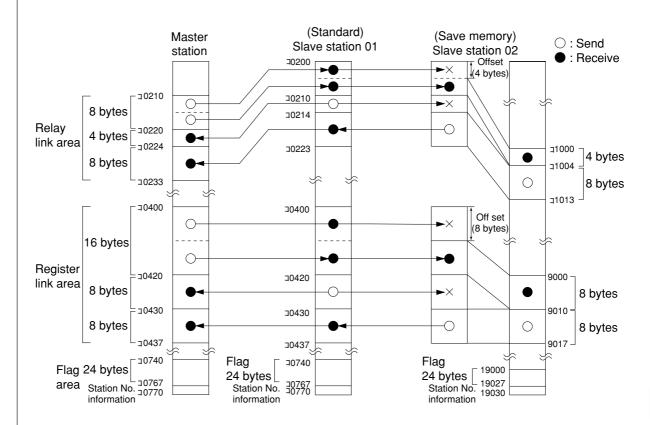
• The PC's input/output relays, auxiliary relays, registers etc. are all allocated individual byte addresses for each item. However, the JW-20CM can assign these addresses with file addressees allocated throughout the memory.



[Example for setting]

The master station and slave station 01 and 02 are JW-20CM.

It shows example for setting that slave station 01 is data link (standard function) and slave station 02 is data link (memory capacity save function : $\boxed{V5}$).



	Maser station	Slave station 1 (standard)	Slave station 2 (save memory)
Top address of relay link area	⊐0210	⊐0200	※ ⊐1000
Number of off set bytes of relay link area	_	_	4 bytes
Number of sending bytes of relay link	8 bytes	4 bytes	8 bytes
Number of receiving bytes of relay link	_	_	¾ 4 bytes
Top address of register link area	⊐0400	⊐0400	% 09000
Number of off set bytes of register link area	_	_	8 bytes
Number of sending bytes of register link	16 bytes	8 bytes	8 bytes
Number of receiving bytes of register link	_	_	※ 8 bytes
Top address of flag area	⊐0740	※ ⊐0740	※ 19000
Station number information output	Yes	* Yes	% Yes

No mark -- Setting by parameter of master station * ------ Setting by parameter of slave station

Data link function setting [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

• Set "01_(H) (=001₍₈₎)" in parameter address 004002₍₈₎ and change to "relay/register link."

(Operation example of JW-13PG)

STEP LNGTH B 1 書込 ENT -

From the previous page

Write 001₍₈₎ to 004002₍₈₎

Screen display of JW-13PG

		-	
ı	04000	HEX	880
ı	04001	HEX	00F
ı	I PARAM.		
	>04002	HEX	01

Set number of connecting stations [[

[DCM (decimal), byte]

- Set the number of connecting stations (02 to 64_(D)) including the master station in the parameter address 004003₍₈₎ by octal.
- If you try to set values other than 02 to 64_(D), JW-20CM the displays 6F_(H) error code.

Screen display of JW-13PG

STEP (+) 変換 CONV

) [3



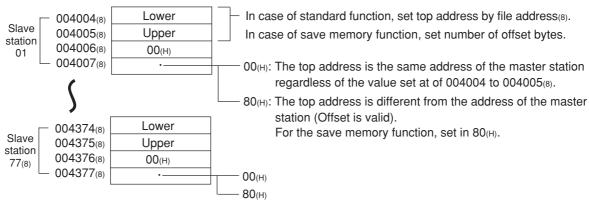
After converting into decimal notation in 004003₍₈₎, write "003."

٠	creen disp	iay oi Jv	V-13F
	04001	DCM	000
	04002	DCM	001
	I PARAM.		
	>04003	DCM	003

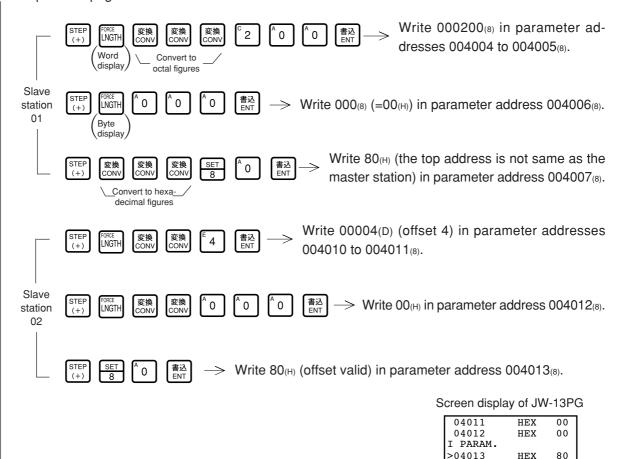
Set top address of relay link area on slave station (01 to 77) (at standard function)/number of offset bytes (memory capacity save function)

File address: OCT (octal), word File number/flag: HEX (hexadecimal), byte Set the "same" as or "different" from the master station: HEX (hexadecimal), bytes.

• Set in parameter addresses 004004 to 004377₍₈₎. These top addresses should not overlap the register link area, flag area, or any area used by other option module.



• In case of setting $\neg 0200$ (file address $000200_{(8)}$) in parameter addresses 004004 to $004007_{(8)}$ (slave station 01) and set 4 (number of off set bytes) in $004010_{(8)}$ to $004013_{(8)}$ (slave station 02). (Example for page $11\cdot10$.)



Set top address of register link area on the master station

File address: OCT (octal), word
File number: HEX (hexadecimal), bytes.

Set on the parameter address (004400 to 004403₍₈₎) in the file address₍₈₎. These top addresses should not overlap the register link area, flag area, or any area used by other option modules.

• In case of setting ¬0400 (file address 000400(8)) in parameter addresses 004400 to 004403(8) and set 0 (file number) in 004402(8). (Example for page 9·41).

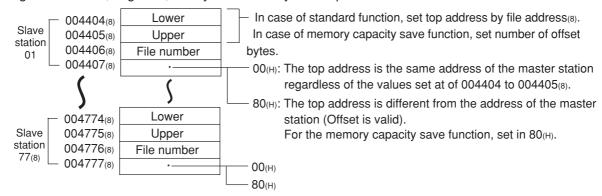
Screen display of JW-13PG

04400 04401	OCT OCT	000 001
I PARAM.		
>04402	OCT	000

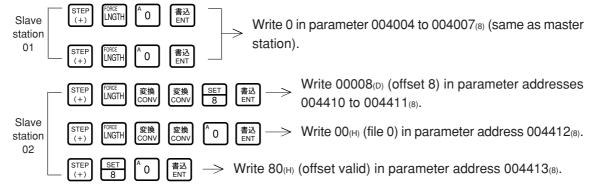
Set top address of register link area on slave station 01 to 77(8) (at standard function)/number of offset bytes (at memory capacity save function)

File address: OCT (octal), word
File number/flag: HEX (hexadecimal), byte
Set the "same" as or "different" from the
master station: HEX (hexadecimal), bytes.

Set in parameter addresses 004404 to 004777₍₈₎. These top addresses should not overlap the register link area, flag area, or any area used by other option module.



• In case of setting 0 (the top address is ¬0440, the same as the address of the master station) in parameter addresses 004404 to 004407₍₈₎ (slave station 01) and the offset byte number 8 and "offset valid" on the parameter address 004410 to 004413₍₈₎ (slave station 02). (Example for 9·40)



Screen display of JW-13PG

04011 04012	HEX HEX	00
I PARAM.		
>04013	HEX	80

Set the number of sending bytes of the master station relay link [DCM (decimal), word]

• Set in parameter addresses 005000 to 005001(8).

005000(8) Lower 005001(8) Upper

• These top addresses should not overlap the register link area, or the flag area, or exceed the setting range (0 to 256 bytes for each station, 256 bytes for all stations in total).

In case of setting 8 bytes: Using JW-13PG example for page 9.41

7FLZ [5] [6] [6] [6] [6] [6] [6] [7] [8] [7]

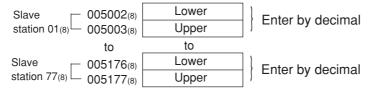
 $\frac{g}{g}$ $\frac{g$

04774 D 00000 04776 D 00000 I PARAM. >05000 D 00008

Set the number of sending bytes of the slave station (01 to 77) relay link [DCM (decimal), word]

• Set the number of sending bytes in decimal on the parameter addresses 005002 to 005177₍₈₎. (set in each station, 2 bytes for each station).

These top addresses should not overlap the register link area, or the flag area, or exceed the setting range (0 to 256 bytes for each station, 256 bytes for all stations in total).



(In case of setting 4 bytes for slave station 01, and set 8 bytes for slave station 02: Example of page 9.41)

Slave station 01 $\mathbb{S}^{TEP}_{(+)}$ \mathbb{E}_{4} $\mathbb{E}^{\Delta}_{ENT}$ \longrightarrow Write 00004_(D) in parameter addresses 005002 to 005003₍₈₎. Slave station 02 $\mathbb{S}^{TEP}_{(+)}$ $\mathbb{E}^{\Delta}_{ENT}$ \longrightarrow Write 00008_(D) in parameter addresses 005004 to 005005₍₈₎.

Screen display of JW-13PG

05000	D	80000
05002	D	00004
I PARAM.		
>05004	D	80000

Set the number of sending bytes of the master station register link [DCM (decimal), word]

- Set the number of sending bytes in decimal on the parameter addresses 005200 to 005201(8).
- These top addresses should not overlap the relay link area or the flag area, or exceed the setting value (0 to 2048 bytes for each station, 2048 bytes for all stations in total).

005200(8) Lower | Company | Lower | Lower | Enter by decimal

(In case of setting 16 bytes using JW-13PG: Example of page 9·41)

TFLZ 5 2 A 0 A 0 E=9 Display the contents of parameter addresses 005200 to 005201(8)

Write 00016 a in decimal patetion

Screen display of JW-13PG

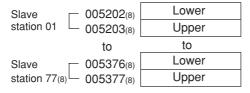
 $\stackrel{\text{в}}{=}$ 1 6 $\stackrel{\text{{\tt ENT}}}{=}$ Write 00016(D) in decimal notation.

05174 D 00000 05176 D 00000 I PARAM. >05200 D 00016

Set the number of sending bytes of the slave station (01 to 77₍₈₎) register link [DCM (decimal), word]

• Set the number of sending bytes in decimal on the parameter addresses 005202 to 005377₍₈₎. (set in each station, 2 bytes for each station).

These top addresses should not overlap the resister link area, or the flag area, or exceed the setting range (0 to 2048 bytes for each station, 2048 bytes for all stations in total).



(In case of setting 8 bytes both for slave station 01 and 02: example of page 9.41)

Slave station 01 $\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \text{STEP} \\ (+) \end{bmatrix}}_{(+)} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \text{SET} \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}}_{(+)} \longrightarrow \frac{\text{Write } 00008_{(D)} \text{ in parameter}}{\text{addresses } 005202 \text{ to } 005203_{(8)}.}$ Slave station 02 $\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \text{STEP} \\ (+) \end{bmatrix}}_{(+)} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \text{SET} \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}}_{(+)} \longrightarrow \frac{\text{Write } 00008_{(D)} \text{ in parameter}}{\text{addresses } 005204 \text{ to } 005205_{(8)}.}$

Screen display of JW-13PG

05200	D	00016
05202	D	80000
I PARAM.		
>05204	D	80000
	05202 I PARAM.	05202 D I PARAM.

To the next page

From the previous page

"When PC is JW model and the SEND/RECEIVE function is used"

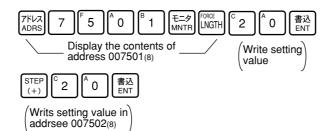
Set time-out time of SEND/RECEIVE function [DCM (decimal), byte]

- When the own station uses the SEND/RECEIVE instructions, set the time-out time on each communication target station.
- \bullet Setting range is 001 (0.1 sec.) to 255 (25.5 sec.) by decimal. $00_{(H)}$ of initial value is 1 second.

Address (8)	Station No. (8)						
_	_	007520	2 0	007540	4 0	007560	6 0
007501	0 1	007521	2 1	007541	4 1	007561	6 1
007502	0 2	007522	22	007542	4 2	007562	6 2
007503	0 3	007523	23	007543	4 3	007563	6 3
007504	0 4	007524	2 4	007544	4 4	007564	6 4
007505	0 5	007525	2 5	007545	4 5	007565	6 5
007506	0 6	007526	26	007546	4 6	007566	6 6
007507	0 7	007527	27	007547	47	007567	6 7
007510	1 0	007530	3 0	007550	4 8	007570	7 0
007511	1 1	007531	3 1	007551	5 1	007571	7 1
007512	1 2	007532	3 2	007552	5 2	007572	7 2
007513	1 3	007533	3 3	007553	5 3	007573	73
007514	1 4	007534	3 4	007654	5 4	007574	7 4
007515	1 5	007535	3 5	007555	5 5	007575	7 5
007516	1 6	007536	3 6	007556	5 6	007576	7 6
007517	1 7	007537	3 7	007557	5 7	007577	77

Initial value: 00(H) in all address (1 second)

(In case of setting 020_(D) (2 sec.) both for slave station 01 and 02 using JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

07500	DCM	000
07501	DCM	020
I PARAM.		
>07502	DCM	020

"When PC is JW model and the SEND/RECEIVE function is used"

Set PC model of each station [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

 Assign model type of the communication target station from ZW and JW PCs, ZW-20CM with JW applied or not, or JW-22CM (JW20/JW20H, JW30H)

PC of target station Communication module of target station	ZW model	JW model				
ZW-20CM (without JW applied sign)	00, 80	00, 80				
ZW-20CM (with JW applied sign)	81	91				
JW-20CM	81	91				
JW-22CM	Л 91					

Set values(H)

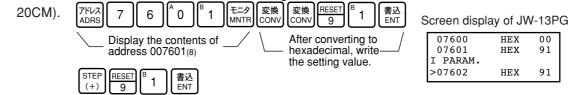
Address (8)	Station number (8)			Address (8)	Station number (8)		
		007620	20	007640	4 0	007660	6 0
007601	0 1	007621	2 1	007641	4 1	007661	6 1
007602	0 2	007622	22	007642	4 2	007662	62
007603	03	007623	23	007643	4 3	007663	63
007604	0 4	007624	2 4	007644	4 4	007664	6 4
007605	0 5	007625	25	007645	4 5	007665	65
007606	0 6	007626	26	007646	4 6	007666	6 6
007607	0 7	007627	27	007647	4 7	007667	67
007610	1 0	007630	3 0	007650	48	007670	7 0
007611	11	007631 3.1 007651 5.1		007671	7 1		
007612	1 2	007632	32	007652	52	007672	72
007613	1 3	007633	33	007653	53	007673	73
007614	1 4 007634 3		3 4	007654	5 4	007674	7 4
007615	1 5 007635 3 5 007658		007655	5 5	007675	75	
007616	6 1 6 007636 3 6 007656 5 6		007676	7 6			
007617	1 7	007637	3 7	007657	5 7	007677	77

1. Initial value: 91(H) all address.

Write setting value in addrsee 007602(8)

- 2. Entering both 00_(H) and 88_(H) will produce the identical result. The SEND communication instruction (writing data) is not available with this setting.
- 3. You cannot program SEND/RECEIVE instructions in a ZW model PC. However, the ZW model PC will respond to SEND/RECEIVE instructions from a JW model PC.

Ex.: When you want to enter $91_{(H)}$ at both the slave station 01 and 02 (if the PC a JW model and the I/O is a ZW-20CM with a sticker indicating that it can be used with the JW model or JW-



"When PC is JW model and the SEND/RECEIVE function is used"

Select system in each channel in SEND/RECEIVE function

• Select the method of each channel (instruction or data memory starting) on the parameter address 007700 to 007703₍₈₎.

007700(8)	CH 0
007701(8)	CH 1
007702(8)	CH 2
007703(8)	CH 3

1. When using 1 channel alone

Channel	Setting value (H)	System
CH 0	0 0	Instruction system
CHU	8 0	Data memory starting system
CH 1	0 0	Instruction system
CHI	8 1	Data memory starting system
CH 2	0 0	Instruction system
UH Z	8 2	Data memory starting system
CH 3	0 0	Instruction system
0113	8 3	Data memory starting system

2. When using connected channels

In the SEND/RECEIVE function, the JW-20CM can send and receive a maximum of 256 bytes of data for each channel. For the data memory starting system, the amount of communication data can be increased by connecting channels.

Set the data amount with $8X_{(H)}$ (X is 0 to 3, determined depending on which channel is used for the connector.)

When using connected channels, these should be consecutive channels. For example, channel 0 and 1, or channel 2 and 3 can be connected to each other, but channel 1 and 3 can not be connected to each other.

[Example 1] When all channels are used for the data memory starting system (using 1 channel alone)

CH 0	007700(8)	8 0 (H)
CH 1	007701(8)	8 1 (H)
CH 2	007702(8)	8 2 (H)
CH 3	007703(8)	8 3 (H)

[Example 2] When channel 0 is used for the instruction system, and channel 1 to 3 are the data memory starting system and used connected.

(In this case, channel 2 and 3 can not be used.)

If you enter values other than "00(H), 81(H) to 83(H)" the JW-20CM ignores the entry.

"When PC is JW model and the SEND/RECEIVE function is used"

V5

Set top address in communication information storage area when using data memory starting system of SEND/RECEIVE functions

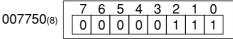
Set connection status of slave station [bit pattern, byte]

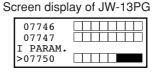
• In the initial settings of the data link function, the JW-20CM will not display errors (on the LEDs on the panel, or in the system memory) even if it detects a communication error in a slave station. In order to display the error when a slave station communication error is detected, set bit 0(E) at parameter address 007750₍₈₎ to ON. Each bit at addresses 00751 to 007757₍₈₎ corresponds to a slave station. Turn ON the respective bit if required. (See page 13·15.)

With the setting above, the JW-20CM will display errors when a slave station whose corresponding bit is ON produces a communication error.

Ex.: Setting the bits to output errors for slave stations 01 and 02 using the JW-13PG.





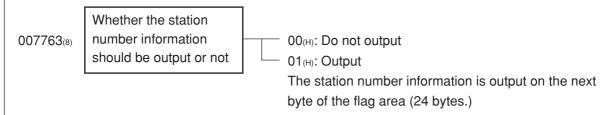


· If a bit corresponding to a slave station is turned OFF, the module will not display an error code for a slave station which has an error.

V5

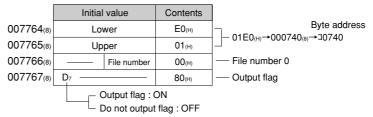
Set whether the station number information should be output or not

• Set whether the station number information should be output or not on the parameter address 007763₍₈₎.

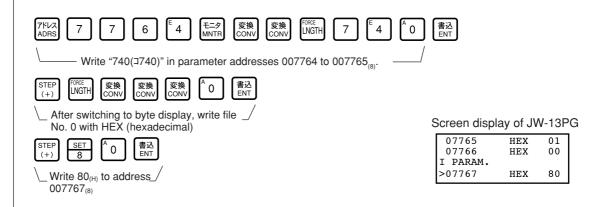




- Set the top address of the flag area (24 bytes) in order to monitor the communication condition and PC operation condition on the parameter address 007764 to 007767₍₈₎.
- Flag area uses 24 bytes regardless number of connecting stations.



• In case of setting "J0740, output flag" using JW-13PG.



Enter communication error detection interval

[DCM (decimal), byte]

• If the JW-20CM does not receive data from a station within the specified time (initial value: 250 ms when fewer than 32 stations are connected, 450 ms when more than 33 stations are connected), it turns OFF the communication monitor flag corresponding to this station. The specified time can be changed by entering a different value at parameter address 007771₍₈₎ (communication error detection time). Use the same value for all the stations.

Normally, this value does not need to be changed. Use the modules with the initial value (00_(H)).

Set value(D)	Communication error detection time (ms) 💥							
000	Initial value: 250 ms for fewer than 32 stations, 450 ms for more than 33 stations.							
001	100							
:	:							
010	1000							
:	:							
255	2500							

Detection time precision: —100 ms to +0 ms

Ex.: If the PC scan time is extremely long (exceeds the time specified above), the communication monitor flag will turn OFF, even though there is no communication error. In this case, change the value at parameter address 007771₍₈₎ to a larger number.

Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-22CM, start operation [HEX (hexadecimal), byte]

- Write "81_(H)" into parameter address 007777₍₈₎ and write the set parameter contents into the EEPROM of the JW-20CM.
- Then start the JW-20CM. After starting operation, the setting value changes to "01(H)."

Setting value (H)	Contents
0 0	Stop operation of the JW-20CM
0 1	Start operation of the JW-20CM
8 0	Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-20CM, stop operation
8 1	Writing to the EEPROM of the JW-20CM, start operation
0 8	Initialize parameters

(Operation example of JW-13PG)



Screen display of JW-13PG

07765	HEX	01
07766	HEX	00
I PARAM. >07767	HEX	80

Remarks

- · Writing time to EEPROM is approximately 0.7 sec. When any error is found for parameter settings, the JW-20CM lights the error code $(6F_{(H)})$ by the indication lamp. To recover from this condition.
- Treatment when error code 6F_(H) appears and COMM is turned OFF.
 - ① Check number of top addresses/bytes of master station "relay link" and "register link."
 - 2 Check the set value for number of connected stations.
 - 3 Check the set value for master station flag top address.
 - 4 Check whether the function is set to "relay register link."
- · Written contents into the EEPROM are automatically written to the RAM of the JW-22CM when turning ON the power of the PC. At reading, the PC checks BCC and compares BCC check code of the parameter memory address (007776₍₈₎). When an error is found, the JW-20CM lights the error code
 - $(6E_{(H)})$ by the indication lamp.
- · If "parameter initialization" is selected, the module initializes parameter addresses 004000 to $007776_{(8)}$.

PC operation

Turning a master module to monitor or change mode (PC operation).







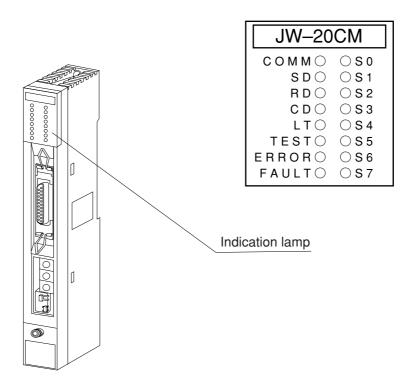
Screen display of JW-13PG



9-8 Error and treatment

Operation status of the JW-20CM can be check by indication lamps, flags, or system memory.

(1) Indication lamp



Name	Operation	Recovery
COMM	Lights while the remote I/O is operating	
SD	Flickers while sending data	
RD	Flickers while receiving data	
CD	Flickers while detecting a carrier	
LT	Lights when the termination resistance switches turned ON	
TEST	Lights while testing	
ERROR	Lights while an error is detected (Indicate error code by S0 to S7 LEDs)	 Check disconnection of communication cable Check settings of switches Check settings of parameter Check power supply voltage.
FAULT	Lights when the watchdog timer is time up (JW-20CM is faulty)	Replace the JW-20CM
S0 to S7	Indicates error codes by hexadecimal when an error is occurred	See the next page

	LED name			Error			Measure				
80	40	20	10	8	4	2	1	code (HEX)		Cause	
\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	01 _(H)	ROM error, upper (CPU	
	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	•	0	02 _(H)	RAM error, upper (CPU	
\bigcirc	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	•		03 _(H)	2 port RAM error a	gainst PC, upper CPU	Replace the JW-20CM
\circ	0	0	\bigcirc	0		0	0	04 _(H)	2 port RAM error against	communication CPU, upper CPU	
\bigcirc	0	0	•	0	0	0	•	11 _(H)	ROM error, commu	unication CPU	Charletta announcias
\bigcirc	0	0	•	0	0	•	0	12 _(H)	RAM error, commu	ınication CPU	Check the communication cable
\bigcirc	0	0	•	•	0	0	0	18 _(H)	Communication LSI	error, communication CPU	Check for doubled allocation of slave station number
\circ	0	0	•	•	•	•	•	1F _(H)	No response, com	munication CPU	• Replace the JW-20CM
\circ	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	20 _(H)	More than one toke	More than one token detected	
0	0	•	0	0	0	0	•	21 _(H)	Doubled address d	letected	Check the parameter setting, switch
0	0	•	0	0	0	•	0	22 _(H)	Fault of sending se	ection	Replace the JW-20CM
\bigcirc	0		0	0	0	•	•	23 _(H)	Token does not retu	ırn within the rated interval	Check the communication cable
									Over flow of receiving	g buffer.	
Γ			\circ			_		2A _(H)	Occurs when the uppe	er CPU processing is delayed.	Check the communication
	0	•	0		0	•	•	2B _(H)	Flame length error	Occurs because of a media execution	cable
\bigcirc	0	•	0		•	0	0	2C _(H)	Media error	error or noise from outside.	
								00	EEPROM error		Check the communication cable
Γ								30 _(H)	EEPROW error		Replace the JW-20CM
	0		•	•	•	•	0	BE _(H)	BCC error		
•	0	•			•	•	•	BF _(H)	Parameter setting error		Check the parameter contents
•	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	*C1 _(H)	Communication error		
	_		to)			•	to	 After converting into converting	Check the communication cable and slave module	
		•						*FF _(H)		1(8) = slave station 01)	cable and slave module

You need to select the "output error code for a slave station connection condition" at the master station parameter addresses 007750 to 007757₍₈₎. If more than one slave station has an error, the slave station with the lowest station number will be displayed.

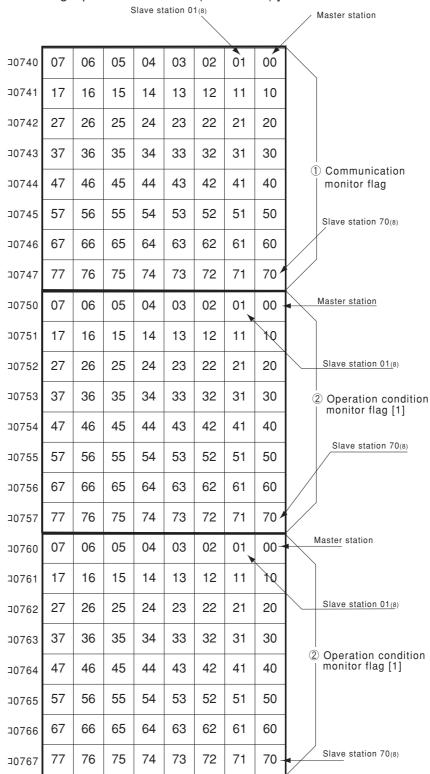
Remarks

- Error codes "23" and "2A_(H)" may occur when applying power. This is not an error.
- To check the communication cable, remove both connectors and short the connector terminals at one end. Then measure the conductivity using a tester.
- Check the parameter and switch settings for all stations. If the settings are correct, replace the JW-20CM or JW-20RS.

(2) Flag

Flag area is 24 bytes from the "flag top address" set in the master station/slave station parameters.

1) Flag table [In case of flag top address is \(\pi 0740 \) (initial value)]



Remarks

Even a slave station can monitor 24 bytes of flag.

2 In the case of a master station (PC 00)

· Communication monitor flag

This flag is used to monitor the communication condition with other stations. Non-connected station keeps this flag as "OFF."

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation
station	When the link start switch is set to "01 $_{\mbox{(H)}}$," and the master station is operating normally.	ON
flag (master	When the link start switch is set to "00(H)."	OFF
station)	Improper setting of parameter, BCC check error, or other errors.	OFF

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation	
Other	Normal communication with slave stations.	ON	Specific
station's	Stopped communication or unable to communicate with slave stations.	055	slave station
	Communication monitor flag (1) of the master station is turned "OFF."	OFF	All slave stations

The master station periodically executes communication recovery operation with the communication error slave station. When the error situation is recovered, the master station returns to normal communication.

· Operation condition monitor flag [1]

This flag is used to monitor the operation condition of slave stations when the communication with each slave station is normal.

Non-connected station keeps this flag as "OFF."

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation
Own station flag	Communication monitor flag (1) of the master station is turned "ON."	*ON
/maatar	Communication monitor flag (1) of the master station is turned "OFF."	

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation	
l flag	Slave station is operating.	ON	Specific
	Slave station stops operation (not by an error cause).		slave station
	Communication monitor flag (1) of the master station is turned "OFF."	OFF	All slave stations
	Slave station that communication monitor flag (1) is turned to "OFF."	No	t specified

* Even if a master station PC has stopped operation normally or by an error, the JW-20CM turns "ON" this flag while communicating.

· Operation condition monitor flag [2]

This flag is used to monitor the abnormal stop of each slave station when the communication with each slave station is normal.

Non-connected station keeps this flag as "OFF."

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation
Own station flag	Communication monitor flag (1) of the master station is turned "ON." $$	*ON
	Communication monitor flag (1) of the master station is turned "OFF."	

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation	
	Each slave station is normal.	ON	Specific
Other station's	Any of the slave stations is faulty (caused to be stopped abnormally).	OFF	slave station
flan	Communication monitor flag (1) of the master station is turned "OFF."	OFF	All slave stations
(5.1.077)	Slave station that communication monitor flag (1) is turned to "OFF."	Not	specified

^{*} Even if a master station PC has stopped operation normally or by an error, the JW-20CM turns "ON" this flag while communicating.

3 In the case of slave station (PC 01 to $77_{(8)}$)

· Communication monitor flag

This flag is used to monitor the communication condition with other stations. Non-connected station keeps this flag as "OFF."

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation
Own	When the link start switch is set to "01(H)," and at communicating with a master station normally.	ON
station flag	When the link start switch is set to "00(H)."	OFF
liag	When link start switch "00(H)" of the master station is OFF.	OFF

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation	
0.1	Normal communication with each station.	ON	Specific
station's	Stopped communication or unable to communication with each station.	OFF	station
	Communication monitor flag (1) of the master station is turned "OFF."	0.1	All stations

· Operation condition monitor flag [1]

This flag is used to monitor the operation condition of each station when the communication with each station is normal.

Non-connected station keeps this flag as "OFF."

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation
Own station	Communication monitor flag (1) of the own station is turned "ON."	*ON
flag	Communication monitor flag (1) of the own station is turned "OFF."	OFF

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation	
Other station's flag	Each station is operating.	ON	Specific
	Each station stops operation (not by an error cause).	OFF	station
	Communication monitor flag (1) of the own station is turned "OFF."	OFF	All slave stations
	Slave station that communication monitor flag (1) is turned to "OFF."	Not s	specified

* Even if the own station PC has stopped operation normally or by an error, the JW-20CM turns "ON" this flag while communicating.

· Operation condition monitor flag [2]

This flag is used to monitor the abnormal stop of each station when the communication with each station is normal.

Non-connected station keeps this flag as "OFF."

Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation
Own station	Communication monitor flag (1) of the own station is turned "ON."	*ON
flag	Communication monitor flag (1) of the own station is turned "OFF."	OFF

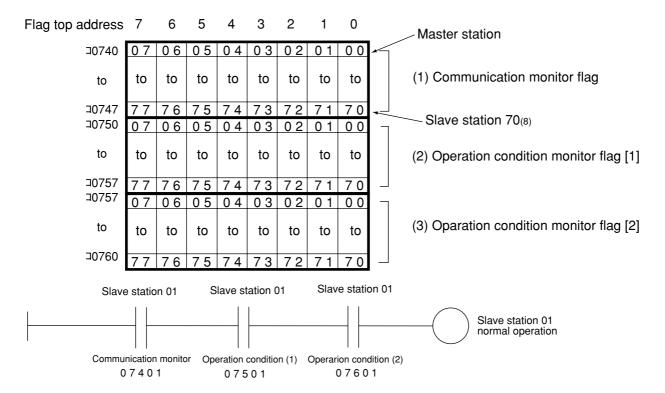
Flag	Condition for flag operation	Flag operation	
	Each station is normal.	ON	Considia
Other station's flag	Any of the stations is faulty (caused to be stopped abnormally).	OFF	Specific station
	is turned "OFF."		All stations
	Slave station that communication monitor flag (1) is turned to "OFF."	Not s	specified

^{*} Even if a own station PC has stopped operation normally or by an error, the JW-20CM turns "ON" this flag while communicating.

4 Monitor operation condition by each station PC

By creating a program having the flags shown below in each station's PC, the JW-20CM can monitor the operation condition of each station's PC.

[Ex.: In this case the flag top address is ¬0740]



(3) Error code

When an error occurs in the JW-20CM, it stores the occurred error's code to system memory #170 of each station's PC.

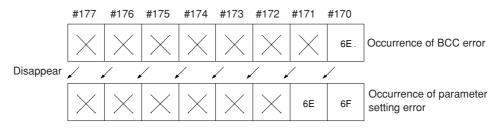
Error		Error code stored to system memory		Measure
code (HEX)	Cause	#160	#170 to 177	iweasure
01	ROM error, upper CPU			
02	RAM error, upper CPU			
03	2 port RAM error against PC, upper CPU			Replace the JW-20CM
04	2 port RAM error against	53		
	communication CPU, upper CPU			
11	ROM error, communication CPU			• Check the communication
12	RAM error, communication CPU			cable Check for doubled allocation
18	Communication LSI error, communication CPU			of slave station number
1F	No response		1F	Replace the JW-20CM
20	More than one token detected		20	Check the parameter setting
21	Doubled address detected		21	Officer the parameter setting
22	Fault of sending section		22	Replace the JW-20CM
23	Token does not return within the rated interval		23	Check the communication cable
2A	Over flow of receiving buffer.		2A	Check the
2B	Flame length error of receiving		2B	communication cable
2C	Media error		2C	communication cable
30	EEPROM error		30	Replace the JW-20CM
6E	BCC error		6E	Chook the parameter cetting
6F	Parameter setting error		6F	Check the parameter setting
C1	Communication error		C1	Check the communication
to	After converting into octal, the lower two digits represent the slave station number of the current		to	cable and slave module
FF	error. (Ex. C1 _(H) = 301 ₍₈₎ = slave station 01)		FF	cable and slave module

 $[\]cdot$ In some cases, error code 23_(H) or 2A_(H) is stored when inputting power. This is not an error.

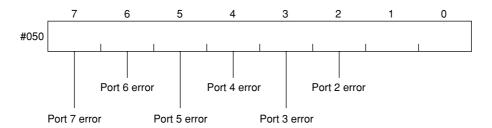
Remarks

• The error code stored in the system memory #170 is shifted to #170 to #177 one after the other as new errors occur. Thus, the system memory can store up to 8 errors. When the PC is operating by RAM, these error codes do not disappear even after turning OFF the power.

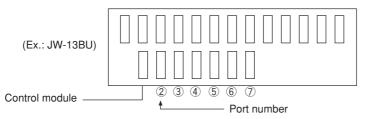
The contents of system memory #170 to #177 are kept storing after the JW-20CM recovers from the error.



- When any of errors "01_(H)" to "18_(H)" occurs among the error codes listed on the previous page, the JW-20CM stores error code "53_(H)" (optional error) in the system memory #160. It does not store any error code in system memory #170.
- In the case of an option error "53," when you monitor system memory #050, the bit of error option module switches ON. When more than 1 bit is error, these bits switch ON. The each ON bit becomes OFF by recovering from the error condition. But the last ON bit does not become OFF even if the error condition recovers.

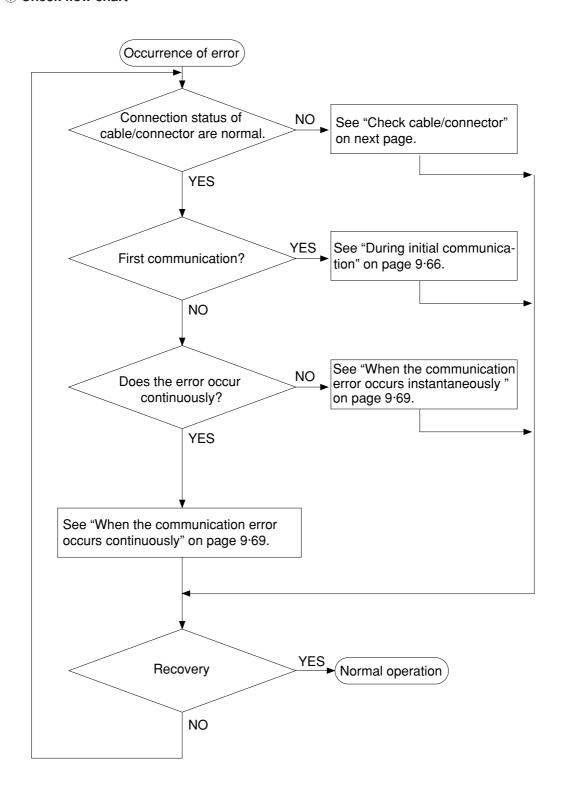


• The option slot port numbers are assigned in the order 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and so on, starting from the position closet to the control module.



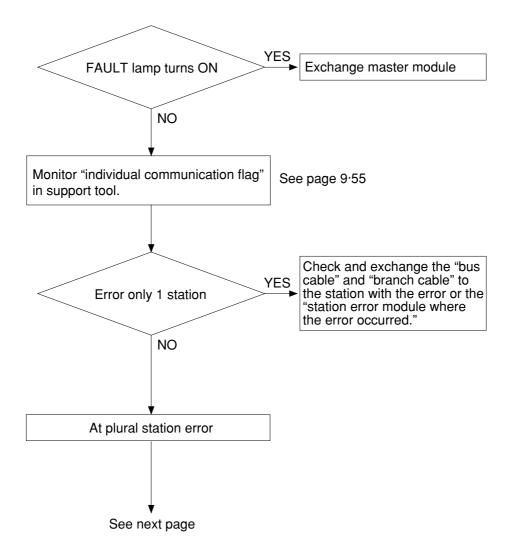
(4) Recovery method at communication errors

1) Check flow chart

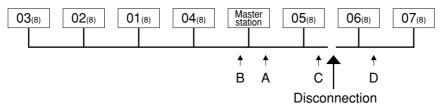


(2) Check cable/connector

As errors on the junction from the main cable to the drop cable or the contact failure on the connecting point of each station or errors of the master module are assumed, check with the following procedure.



• If the bus cable between the slave station 05(8) and 06(8) is disconnected in the following system.

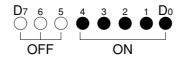


State of an individual communication flag



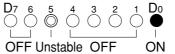
Remove the connector on point A, and turn ON the termination resistance of the master station.

As the communication possible stations $03_{(8)}$, $02_{(8)}$, $01_{(8)}$, and $04_{(8)}$ are normal, the state of communication monitoring flag is as follows.



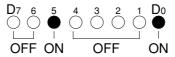
Connect the A connector, and then remove the connector on point B.

As the one side of the termination resistance is lost, all of the communication possible stations $05_{(8)}$, $06_{(8)}$, and $07_{(8)}$ are abnormal, and the station $05_{(8)}$ is unstable.



Remove the connector on point C and make sure the B connector is not connected. Turn ON the termination resistance of the slave module 05(8).

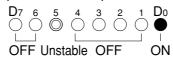
As the communication possible station $05_{(8)}$ is normal, abnormal points exists ahead of the point C.



Connect the C connector and make sure the B connector is not connected, and remove the connector at the next point to the point D.

Turn OFF the termination resistance of the slave station 05(8), and turn ON the termination resistance of the end station 06(8).

As the one side of the termination resistance is lost, the station 05₍₈₎ and 06₍₈₎ become communication possible stations, but the station 05₍₈₎ is unstable and the station 06₍₈₎ is turned to OFF, so the abnormal states occur between the point C and the point D.



Cause	Countermeasure
Disconnection in the bus cable and the branch cable between the station 05 ₍₈₎ and 06 ₍₈₎ , or contact failure of the connectors	Remove both the bus cable and the branch cable connectors. After that, shorten one of these connectors and check conductivity using a tester.
Error on the slave station 06(8)	Exchange the slave module.

3 During initial communication (start-up of the system)

Lighting error code 6F_(H)

 \cdot When the master station indicates error code $6F_{(H)}$ and the COMM lamp is OFF. The cause may be a parameter setting error of the master station. Check the master station parameters below.

Parameter address ₍₈₎	Contents	Setting range
004000 to 004001	Relay link top address of master station	□0000 to 39777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 007777 ₍₈₎)
004003(8)	Amount of connectable stations	2 to 64 _(D)
004400 to 004403	Register link top address of master station	¬0000 to 99777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 015777 ₍₈₎) 000000 to 177777 ₍₈₎ (File 1 to 7)
005000 to 005177 ₍₈₎	Relay link sending bytes of each station	0 to 256 _{D)} Total: 256 max.
005200 to 005377	Register link sending bytes of each station	0 to 2048 _(D) Total: 2048 max.
007764 to 007767	Flag top address	□0000 to 99777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 015777 ₍₈₎) 000000 to 177777 ₍₈₎ (File 1 to 7)

· When the master station indicates error code 6F_(H) and the COMM lamp lights. The cause may be a setting error of any of the slave stations which are set in the parameter. Check the following master station parameters.

Parameter address(8)	Contents	Setting range
004004 to 004377	Relay link top address of slave station	□0000 to 39777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 007777 ₍₈₎)
004004 10 004077	Relay link offset bytes of slave station	00000 to 00256(D)
004404 to 004777	Register link top address of slave station	□0000 to 99777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 015777 ₍₈₎) 000000 to 177777 ₍₈₎ (File 1 to 7)
	Register link offset bytes of slave station	00000 to 02048 _(D)
005000 to 005177	Relay link top address sending bytes of each station	0 to 256 _{D)} Total: 256 max.
005200 to 005377	Register link sending bytes of each station	0 to 2048 _(D) Total : 2048 max.
007764 to 007767	Flag top address	□0000 to 99777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 015777 ₍₈₎) 000000 to 177777 ₍₈₎ (File 1 to 7)

When slave station is JW-22CM, see "JW-22CM users manual" for setting range.

 \cdot When the master station is normal and the error code $6F_{(H)}$ of a slave station lights. The cause may be a faulty setting of the slave station parameter. Check the following slave station parameters.

	Parameter address(8)	Contents	Setting range
	007720, 007721	Relay link receiving bytes of slave station	0 to 256 _{D)} Total: 256 max. In case of "0", same as number of sending bytes
*	007722, 007723	Register link receiving bytes of slave station	0 to 2048 _(D) Total: 256 max. In case of "0", same as number of sending bytes
	007730 to 007733	Relay link top address of slave station	□0000 to 39777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 007777 ₍₈₎)
	007734 to 007737	Register link top address of slave station	□0000 to 99777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 015777 ₍₈₎) 000000 to 177777 ₍₈₎ (File 1 to 7)
	007764 to 007767	Flag top address	□0000 to 99777 ₍₈₎ (File 0 : 000000 to 015777 ₍₈₎) 000000 to 177777 ₍₈₎ (File 1 to 7)

In case of using memory capacity save function

When slave station is JW-22CM, see "JW-22CM users manual" for setting range.

When the COMM lamp of the master station is OFF (SD,RD,CD are flickering).

Check the following master station's parameters.

Parameter address(8)	Contents	Setting value
004002(8)	Data link function	01
007777(8)	Start switch	01

Other cases

- Check the switches of the JW-20CM (see check item)
- Check optional cable of PC (The JW-20CM does not operate normally without an optional cable.)
- Check cable and connector (see check item)
- · Check error code

[Switches required check in the JW-20CM]

- ① Station number (STA NO.)
- 2 Mode switch (MODE)
- 3 Termination resistance switch (LT)
- 4 Shield ground switch (LG)

If there are errors in the station number and the mode switch, change the setting with the power OFF, and then turn ON the power.

[Check items of cables and connectors]

- ① No looseness or removal of connectors (turn the connector right until it completely locks).
- ② Connectors are appropriately fixed on the cables (When any faults such as extrusion of pins or connector being easily removed by pulling, reinstall these connectors.)
- ③ Wiring conditions are appropriate (See chapters 6 and 7).
- 4 Not too long branch lines (shorter than 400 mm).
- ⑤ Termination resistance are correctly connected.

 (Turn "ON" the termination resistance switch of the termination stations or install a termination tool.)

4 When the communication error occurs instantaneously.

Cause may be:

- · Noise on the communication line.
- · Fault of a communication module.
- · Fault of a communication cable.

Check the error's timing.

When the error occurs synchronous with a peripheral industrial robot's operation, noise to the communication line may be a cause. Consider arrangement of the wiring route.

Identify the error station.

When the error occurs at only the specific station, the cause may be the station or nearby. Check the following items.

- Setting of the LT (termination resistance) switch.
- Cable (See page 9.64 "check items of cables and connectors")
- Error code (See page 9.54)

When identification of the cause is difficult.

Condition of the circuit may be unstable. (See page 9.64 "check items of cables and connectors")

5 When the communication error occurs continuously.

Identify the error station.

Specify the error's station using the communication flag etc., and check this station.

- · Check the power of the error's station.
- · Check the error code of the error's station.
- Check cables near the error's station. (See page 9.64 "check items of cables and connectors")

When identification of the cause is difficult.

Condition of the whole circuit may be unstable. Check cables and connectors.

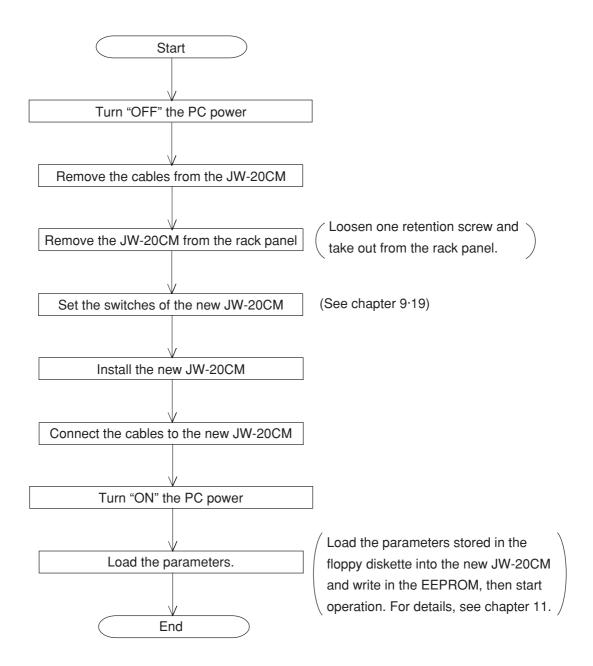
(See page 9.64 "check items of cables and connectors")

(5) Module replacement procedure

When you want to change the JW-20CM due to an operation fault (lighting FT lamp) etc., follow the procedures below.

Make sure to store the set parameters onto a floppy diskette using a support tools. (See the next page)

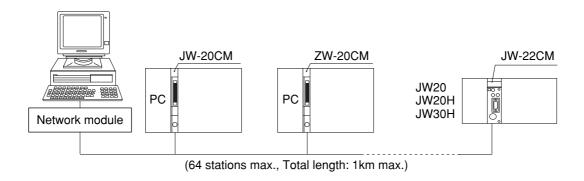
Operation procedure



Chapter 10 Computer link

10-1 Description for computer link

- · You can transmit data between JW-20CM and host computer having a network module ZW-98CM/ZW-20AX and the like.
- · Computer link function can not be used separate mode, but simultaneously with operation of data link function.
- · Both JW and ZW model PCs can be connected on the same cable.



· In order to use the computer link function, you must use application software which can send a command from the host computer and receive a response from the opposite station.

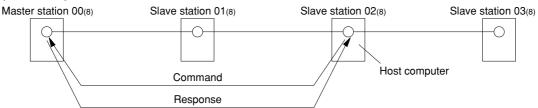
See "Instruction manual of network module ZW-98CM/ZW-20AX etc." and the like for operation method on host computer side.

10-2 Communication method

The host computer communicates with each station number one by one.

- ① The host computer instructs station number/communication contents/memory address/data etc. of the communicating station as a "command."
- ② The "command" receiving station processes this data and returns the result as "response."

(System example)

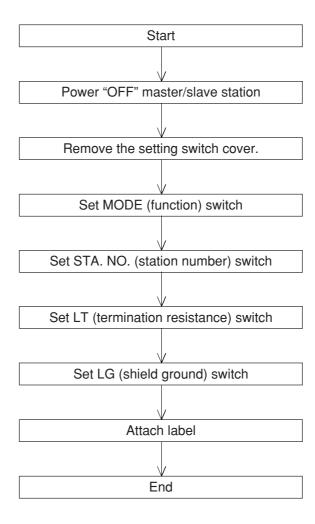


On the computer link, the host computer can communicate with any required station regardless of whether it is the master or slave station.

10-3 Switch setting

Same as setting switch of data link. (See page 9.17 to 9.21) When you was already used for data link, setting switch is unnecessary.

Operation procedure



10-4 Command

For communication format etc., see network module ZW-98CM/ZW-20AX etc. instruction manual of host computer side.

Read out relay (1 point unit)

Function Read out ON (01_(H))/OFF (00_(H)) status of specified relay.

Command code 00_(H) (MRL) Letters in brackets are

command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment No mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Assignable address 00000 to 15777₍₈₎

Set/reset relay (1 point unit)

Function Set (01_(H))/reset (00_(H)) the specified relay.

Command code 10_(H) (SRR) Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment No mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Assignable address 00000 to 15777₍₈₎

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Read out current value of register/file register (1024 bytes max./ one time)

Function Read out current value that specified register/file register

Command code 00_(H) (MRG, RFLF) Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment No mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Assignable address

	When PC is ZW model		
	⊐0000 to ⊐1577	b0000 to b1777	
	09000 to 09777	19000 to 19777	
•	File 1 to 7:000	000 to 177777	

W Usable file number varies with memory

module using for PC. (See page 13.21)

When PC is JW model		
⊐0000 to ⊐1577	b0000 to b1777	
09000 to 09777	19000 to 19777	
29000 to 29777	39000 to 39777	
49000 to 49777	59000 to 59777	
69000 to 69777	79000 to 79777	
89000 to 89777	99000 to 99777	
E9000 to E9777	E1000 to E1777	
File 1 to 7:000000 to 177777		

Write in register/file register (1024 bytes max./ one time)

Function Write in manual data that specified register/file register

Command code 13_(H) (SRT)

Writing mode assignment 1 or 2 Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Assignable address

	When PC is ZW model		
	⊐0000 to ⊐1577	b0000 to b1777	
	09000 to 09777	19000 to 19777	
*	File 1 to 7 : 000000 to 177777		

W Usable file number varies with memory module using for PC. (See page 13·21)

When PC is JW model		
⊐0000 to ⊐1577	b0000 to b1777	
09000 to 09777	19000 to 19777	
29000 to 29777	39000 to 39777	
49000 to 49777	59000 to 59777	
69000 to 69777	79000 to 79777	
89000 to 89777	99000 to 99777	
E9000 to E9777	E1000 to E1777	
File 1 to 7 : 000000 to 177777		

· "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.

*

- 0: Writing prohibited
- 1: Enable writing only to data memory
- 2: Enable writing all data.

Write in same data to register/file register

Function Write in same data that specified register/file register

Letters in brackets are Command code 12_(H) (FRG)

command name of BASIC mode, but unavailable for writing in same data to file

register. Operation condition of PC Unrelated

1 or 2

Assignable address

Writing mode assignment

When PC is ZW model ⊐0000 to ⊐1577 b0000 to b1777 09000 to 09777 19000 to 19777 * File 1 to 7:000000 to 177777

* Usable file number varies with memory module using for PC. (See page 13·21)

When PC is JW model		
⊐0000 to ⊐1577	b0000 to b1777	
09000 to 09777	19000 to 19777	
29000 to 29777	39000 to 39777	
49000 to 49777	59000 to 59777	
69000 to 69777	79000 to 79777	
89000 to 89777	99000 to 99777	
E9000 to E9777	E1000 to E1777	
File 1 to 7 : 000000 to 177777		

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Read out current value of timer/counter/MD

Function Read out current value that specified timer/counter/MD

Command code 03_(H) (MTC) Letters in brackets are

command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment No mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Assignable address

: When PC is except for JW50H/70H/100H 0000 to $0777_{(8)}$

: When PC is JW50H/70H/100H 0000 to 0777₍₈₎

Set/reset timer/counter (1 points unit)

Function Set (timeup, countup) or reset (return to setting value) that specified

timer/counter

Command code 13_(H) (SRT) Letters in brackets are

command name of BASIC

Specify writing mode 1 or 2 mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Assignable address

: When PC is except for JW50H/70H/100H 0000 to 0777₍₈₎

: When PC is JW50H/70H/100H 0000 to 0777 $_{(8)}$

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Read out current value of system memory (256 bytes max./one time)

Function Read out current value that specified system memory

Command code 04_(H) (RSM) Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment 1 or 2 mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Assignable address

When PC is ZW model

Segment 0 00000 to 00177(8)

Segment 8 00200 to 00377(8)

When PC is JW model
Segment 0 00000 to 00177(8)
Segment 8 00200 to 02177(8)

Write in system memory (256 bytes max./one time)

Function Write in manual data to specified system memory

Command code 14_(H) (WSM) Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment 2 mode.

Operation condition of PC Stopping

Assignable address

When PC is ZW model

Segment 0 00000 to 00177(8)

Segment 8 00200 to 00377(8)

When PC is JW model

Segment 0 00000 to 00177(8)

Segment 8 00200 to 02177(8)

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Read out program memory (512 steps max./one time)

Function

Read out contents that specified program memory using machine language.

Command code

05_(H) (RPM)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment

No

mode.

Operation condition of PC

Unrelated

Assignable address

When PC is ZW model 000000 to 076777(8)

Address varies with memory capacity.

When PC is JW50, JW50H 0000000 to 016777(8)

When PC is JW70/100, JW70H/100H 000000 to 076777(8), 100000 to 176777(8)

Write in program memory (512 steps max./one time)

Function

Write in manual instruction words to specified program memory.

Command code

15_(H) (WPM)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC mode.

Writing mode assignment

2

Stopping

Assignable address

Address varies with memory capacity.

Operation condition of PC

When PC is ZW model

000000 to 076777₍₈₎

When PC is JW50, JW50H 000000 to 016777(8)

When PC is JW70/100, JW70H/100H 000000 to 076777(8), 100000 to 176777(8)

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Change the setting value of timer/counter (1 point unit)

Command code

16_(H) (CTC)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment

2

Unrelated

Assignable address

When PC is ZW model

Segment 8 000000 to 076777(8)

When PC is JW model

Segment 9 000000 to 076777(8)

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Read out operation status of PC

Function Read out PC operation status of specified stations.

Command code 20_(H) (MPC) Letters in brackets are

command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment No mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Data
Operation condition of PC
Data
During operating
00(H)

Stop by other option module 01_(H)
Stop by HALT(30_(H)) command 02_(H)

Stop/restart operation of PC

Function Stop or restart PC's operation of specified stations.

Command code 30_(H) (HLT, RUN) Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

01(H)

Writing mode assignment No mode.

Restart operation

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Data
Operation condition of PC Data
Stop operation 00(H)

· "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.

0: Writing prohibited

1: Enable writing only to data memory

2: Enable writing all data.

IU

Read out program memory capacity

Function Read or

Read out program memory capacity of specified stations.

Command code

 $21_{(H)}$ (VLM)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC mode.

Writing mode assignment

No

Operation condition of PC

Unrelated

Data

Memory capacity	Data
7.5 K Words	00(H)
15.5 K Words	01 _(H)
23.5 K Words	02 _(H)
31.5 K Words	03 _(H)
63 K Words	04 _(H)

Set program memory capacity

Function

Write in system memory #204 for memory capacity that specified station.

Command code

30_(H) (SVL)

Stopping

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment

No

mode.

Operation condition of PC

Data

Memory capacity	Data
7.5 K Words	00(H)
15.5 K Words	01 _(H)
23.5 K Words	02 _(H)
31.5 K Words	03 _(H)
63 K Words	04 _(H)

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

10

Read out status of write mode

Function

Read out status of write mode that specified stations.

Command code

22_(H) (SWE)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment

No

mode.

Operation condition of PC

Unrelated

Data

Write mode	Data
0	00(H)
1	01 _(H)
2	02 _(H)

Set write mode

Function

Set write mode that specified stations.

Command code

32_(H) (EWR)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment

No

mode.

Operation condition of PC

Unrelated

Data

Write mode	Data
0	00(H)
1	01 _(H)
2	02 _(H)

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Read out bit status of parameter memory

Function

Read out parameter memory status of ZW/JW-20CM that specified

stations.

Command code

 $08_{(H)}$ (PML)

Unrelated

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

mode.

Set at link operation (Parameter address 007777₍₈₎ of ZW/JW-20CM)

Operation condition of PC

Unrelated

Assignable address

000000 to 007777₍₈₎

Data

Bit condition	Data
0 (OFF)	00(H)
1 (ON)	01 _(H)

Set l	oit po	osition
-------	--------	---------

Bit position	Data
0	00(H)
to	to
7	07 _(H)

Set/reset bit of parameter memory

Function

Set/reset parameter memory bit of ZW/JW-20CM that specified stations.

Command code

 $18_{(H)}$ (PWL)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Operation condition of PC

Stopping

mode.

Set at link operation (Parameter address 007777₍₈₎ of ZW/JW-20CM)

Stop (Unrelated in case that set/reset of address 007777(8))

Assignable address

000000 to $007777_{(8)}$

Data

Bit condition	Data
0 (OFF)	00(H)
1 (ON)	01 _(H)

Set bit position

Bit position	Data
0	00(H)
to	to
7	07 _(H)

10

Read out parameter memory contents

Function

Read out parameter memory contents of ZW/JW-20CM that specified

stations.

Command code

09_(H) (PMR)

Unrelated

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

mode.

Operation condition of PC

Set at link operation

(Parameter address 007777₍₈₎ of ZW/JW-20CM)

Unrelated

Assignable address

000000 to $007777_{(8)}$

Write in parameter memory

Function

Write in manual data for parameter memory of ZW/JW-20CM that specified stations.

Command code

19_(H) (PMR)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Stopping mode.

Operation condition of PC

Set at link operation

(Parameter address 007777₍₈₎ of ZW/JW-20CM)

Assignable address

Stop (Unrelated in case that write in address $007777_{(8)}$)

000000 to 007777₍₈₎

Read out date (PC of JW model)

Function Read out date that specified stations.

Command code 23_(H) (MDY) Letters in brackets are

command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment No mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Data

Year	Month	Day	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
00 to 99	01 to 12	01 to 31	00	01	02	03	04	05	06

Write in date (PC of JW model)

Function Set date that specified stations.

Command code 33_(H) (SDY) Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC

Writing mode assignment 1 or 2 mode.

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Data

	Year	Month	Day	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Ì	00 to 99	01 to 12	01 to 31	00	01	02	03	04	05	06

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Read out times (PC of JW model)

Function

Read out times that specified stations.

Command code

24_(H) (MTM)

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC mode.

Writing mode assignment

No

Operation condition of PC

Unrelated

Data

Time	Minute	Second	
00 to 23	00 to 59	00 to 59	

Write in times (PC of JW model)

Function

Set times that specified stations.

Command code

34_(H) (STM)

Unrelated

Letters in brackets are command name of BASIC mode.

Writing mode assignment

Operation condition of PC

1 or 2

] 1012

Data

Time	Minute	Second	
00 to 23	00 to 59	00 to 59	

- · "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Correct time (PC of JW model)

Function Correct time that specified stations.

Letters in brackets are Command code 35_(H) (ACL) command name of BASIC

01

80

mode. 1 or 2 Writing mode assignment

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Data Operate clock Stop clock Correct 30 sec. 00

- \cdot "Writing mode assignment" is used to show whether writing to the PC memory has been enabled or disabled.
 - 0: Writing prohibited
 - 1: Enable writing only to data memory
 - 2: Enable writing all data.

Read out data by F-200 instruction

Function Read out data that specified station using application instructions F-

200.

Letters in brackets are 40_(H) (F200)

command name of BASIC

mode. Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Write in data by F-201 instruction

Command code

Function Write in data that specified station using application instructions F-

Letters in brackets are Command code 50_(H) (F201)

command name of BASIC

mode. Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Read out data by SEND instructions (PC of JW model)

Function Read out data that specified station using SEND instructions.

Letters in brackets are Command code 41_(H) (SNDF)

command name of BASIC

mode. Operation condition of PC Unrelated

Read out data by RECEIVE instructions (PC of JW model)

Function Request data that specified station using RECEIVE instructions.

Letters in brackets are Command code 51_(H) (RCVF)

command name of BASIC

Operation condition of PC Unrelated

mode.

Chapter 11 Support Tools

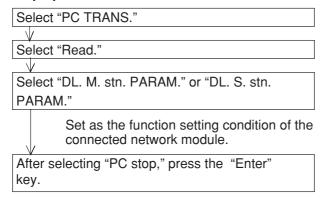
The following support tools are available to record (store), and load the contents of the parameter memory. (Make sure to save the set parameters onto a floppy diskette.)

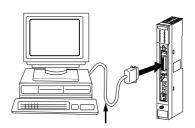
Model name	Applicable floppy diskettes
Ladder software (JW-50SP)	3.5-inch 2DD/2HD, 5-inch 2DD/2HD
Multipurpose programmer (JW-50PG)	3.5-inch 2DD
Ladder processor II (Z-100LP2S)	3.5-inch 2DD

11-1 Record and load by ladder software (JW-50SP)

(1) Record

1 Stop operation of the JW-20CM

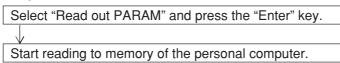




- · Communication adaptor supplied with JW-50SP
 - Convertor supplied with JW-50SP
- · Control module connection cable

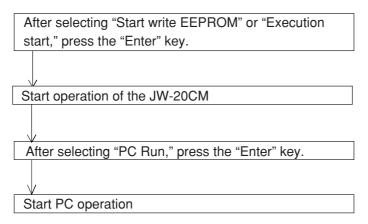
2 Record onto the personal computer

After stopping operation, record the parameters of the JW-20CM onto the memory of the personal computer.



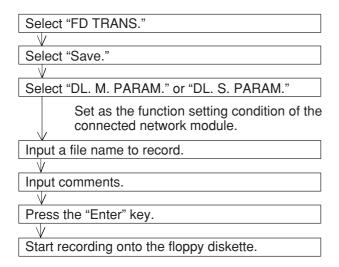
3 Start operation of the JW-20CM

After recording the parameters onto the personal computer, start operation of the JW-20CM.



4 Record onto a floppy diskette

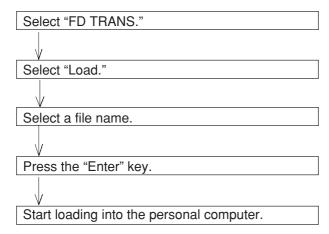
Write (record) the memory contents of the personal computer onto a floppy diskette.



(2) Load

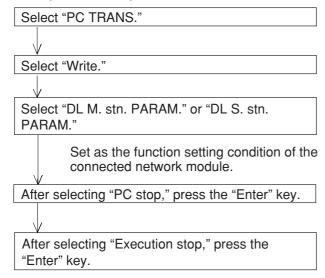
① Load to the personal computer

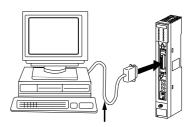
Load the contents of the floppy diskette into the memory of the personal computer.



2 Stop operation of the JW-22CM

After stopping operation, load the memory contents of the personal computer into the JW-20CM.





- · Communication adaptor supplied with JW-50SP
 - Convertor supplied with JW-50SP
- · Control module connection cable

3 Load to the JW-20CM

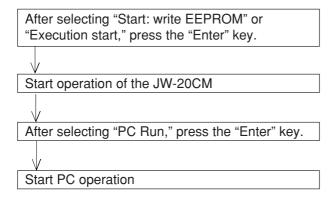
After stopping operation, load the memory contents of the personal computer into the JW-20CM.

After selecting "Parameter writing," press the "Enter" key.

Start loading into the JW-20CM.

4 Start operation of the JW-20CM

After loading the parameters from the personal computer, start operation of the JW-20CM.



11-2 Remote function

(1) Remote programming and remote monitor

This paragraph describes the operation procedure of any other station's PC which is connected in the satellite net. The following support tools are available:

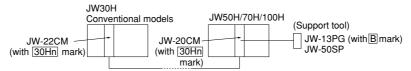
Hand-held programmer......JW-13PG/12PG

Multipurpose programmer......JW-50PG

Ladder softwareJW-50SP

Note 1

• If the JW-20CM remotely programs or monitors the new JW30H model (JW-31CUH1/32CUH1/33CUH1/33CUH2/33CUH3), they should be used in the combination below.

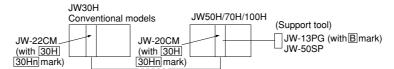


If the JW-20CM, to which a support tool is connected, has a 30H sticker, the JW-20CM will identify the new JW30H model as conventional model (JW-31CUH/32CUH/33CUH).

If the JW-20CM, to which a support tool is connected, does not have a 30H 30Hn sticker, it must be used with the following limitations.

Ex.:

- · If the JW-13PG has a B sticker, it will identify the new JW30H model as JW20H (JW-22CU).
- · If a support tool JW-50SP is used, it will identify the new JW30H model properly. However, it cannot handle the secret function.
- If the JW-20CM remotely programs or monitors the conventional JW30H model (JW-31CUH/32CUH/33CUH), they should be used in the combination below.



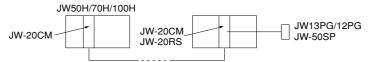
If the JW-20CM, to which a support tool is connected, does not have a 30H 30Hn sticker, it must be used with the following limitations.

Ex.:

- · If a support tool JW-13PG is used, it will identify the conventional JW30H model as JW20H (JW-22CU).
- · If a support tool JW-50SP is used, it will identify the conventional JW30H model properly. However, it cannot handle the secret function.

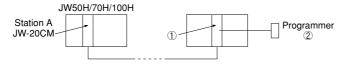
Note 2

• If you want to use the remote programming and monitoring functions with the JW50H/70H/100H, use the modules in the combinations shown below. If they are arranged in some other fashion, you cannot use the JW50H/70H/100H expansion function properly (with the JW50/70/100).



Ex.: If remote programming or remote monitoring is executed with the combination below (enter 200₍₈₎ or 201₍₈₎ at station A system memory address #0201), there are the following limitations:

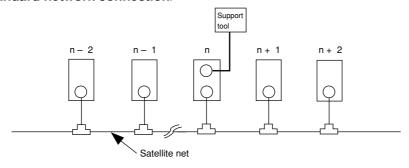
- · TMR/CNT1000 to 1777 will not be displayed properly.
- · You will be unable to write/insert/delete programs using the TMR/CNT instructions.



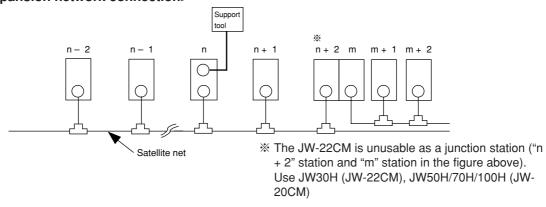
- If ① is a ZW-20CM and ② is a JW-12PG.
- · If ① is a ZW/JW-20CM and ② is a JW-11PG.

1) Function

<Standard network connection>



<Expansion network connection>



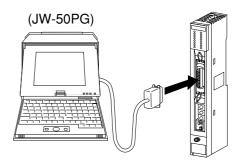
The following operations are possible for "n" station and other stations using a support tool which is connected to the "n" station for standard/expansion network connection.

- · Change program / Writing data (change program) during operation of the PC is not available for
- · Monitor hazard prevention reasons. Stop operation of the PC prior to writing data.
- · Change of parameter memory (only available for JW-13PG/12PG)

2 Operation example

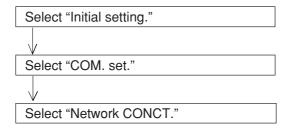
This paragraph describes an operation example using the multipurpose programmer: JW-50PG. For operations with other support tools, see the attached instruction manuals.

• Connect the JW-50PG to the JW-20CM on the satellite net.



· Set communication mode

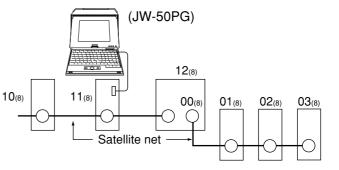
Set the communication mode of the JW-50PG to "Network CONCT." and this enables remote programming and remote monitor.



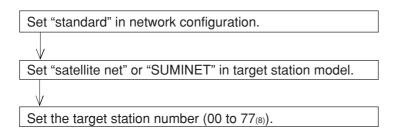
Network setting

Select whether the target station for remote programming or remote monitor is on the standard network connection or on the extension network connection.

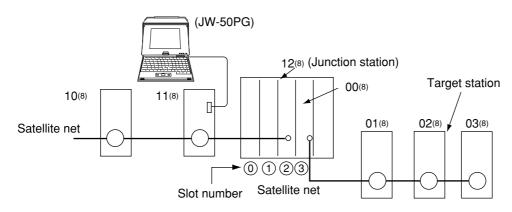
In the case below, 10 to $12_{(8)}$ are standard network connections. 01 to $03_{(8)}$ are extension network connections.

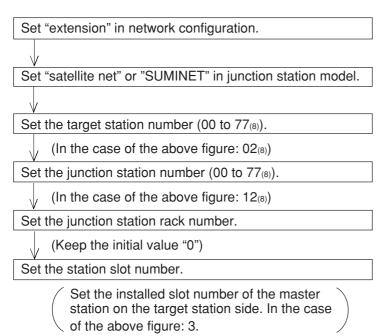


<Standard network connection>



<Expansion network connection>





(2) Parameter setting by remote function

This paragraph describes how to set the parameters of other stations' network module connected on the satellite net.

This is only available when the target station is within the standard network connection. Usable support tools are JW-13PG/12PG.

<An operation example using the JW-13PG>

① Connect the programmer to the network module Connect the programmer to the network module on the satellite net.

dule

2 Setting mode

Select initial mode.









→ Display initial mode.

3 Assign the link

Assign the parameter setting remotely.

[↑]0 → Select "LINK" in initial.

[®] 1 → Select "TARGET STA." in 1PG, 2PG1 MODE.

4 Setting target station

Select the target station to set the parameter remotely.

Change the code from hexadecimal_(H) display to octal_(O) display and input the target station $(00_{(8)}$ to $77_{(8)}$).

5 Communication with the target station

Initiate communication with the target station.

6 Setting parameter

After finishing communication with the target station, set the parameters remotely.



→ Return to initial menu.

Turn the PC of the target station to program mode (stop PC operation).

Select "PARAM." in the initial mode.

<< In case of remote I/O function>>

7 7 7 E

→ Display contents of parameter address 003777₍₈₎.

^A 0 書込 ENT → Write in 00_(H), stop operation of the JW-20CM.

<< In case of data link function>>

7 7 7 $\overline{7}$ 8 Display contents of parameter address 007777₍₈₎.

 $\stackrel{\text{\tiny A}}{\text{\tiny 0}}$ $\stackrel{\text{\tiny B}}{\text{\tiny ENT}}$ \rightarrow Write in $00_{(H)}$, stop operation of the JW-20CM.

Input address $\left|\frac{\Xi-\phi}{MNTR}\right|$ \rightarrow Display contents of address to set the parameters.

Input setting value $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ ENT \end{bmatrix}$ \rightarrow Setting parameter remotely.

Writing to the EEPROM, start operation

After setting the parameter remotely in step 6, write $81_{(H)}$ at parameter address $003777_{(8)}$ (when at remote I/O function), or at $00777_{(8)}$ (when at data link function), to start the "writing operation to EEPROM."

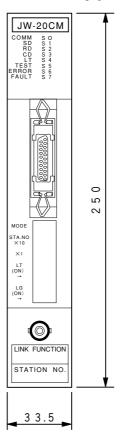
Chapter 12 Specifications

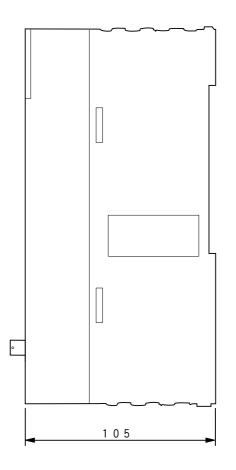
12-1 JW-20CM

(1) General specifications

Item	Specifications
Storage temperature	- 20 to + 70° C
Ambient temperature	0 to + 55° C
Ambient humidity	35 to 90%RH (without moisture condensation)
Vibration resistance	JIS-C-0911 equivalent (X,Y, Z, 2 hours in each)
Shock resistance	JIS-C-0911 equivalent
Internal power consumption	465 mA (5VDC)
Weight	Approx. 450g
Accessories	One instruction manual , One setting label

[Outline dimension drawings]





(Unit:mm)

(2) Communication specifications

Item	Specification			
Communication method	Token/passing			
Transmission rate	1.25M bits/s			
Transmission format	JIS X-5014 high level data link control procedure (HDLC) frame			
Transmission format	configuration compatible			
Coding method	NRZI (Non Return To Zero Inverted)			
Check method	CRC			
Sync method	Bit synchronous			
Modulation method	Continuous frequency phase modulation (FSK)			
Communication network	Ruc type			
system	Bus type			
Connectors	Module side: BNC receptacle (jack)			
Connectors	Line side: BNC plug			
	Coaxial cable: 5C-2V (JIS · C-3501)			
Transmission line	Characteristics impedance: 75 ohm			
	Total cable distance: 1 km max.			

(3) Specifications of each function

① Specifications of remote I/O slave station

Item	Specification				
No. of remote I/O slave station	63 sets max.				
Total no. of remote I/O points	4096 points max.				
	Fix allocation	Per station 64 points : Total of 63 stations 4032 points			
No. of remote I/O points	Tix anocation	Per station 128 points : Total of 32 stations 4096 points			
	Manual allocation	Per station 8 to 1024 points : Total of 4096 points			
Synchronous method with PC	Operation synchronous	Communicates synchronously with the PC's I/O processing cycle.			
operation	Operation asynchronous	Communicates separate with the PC's I/O processing cycle.			

2 Data link specifications

ltem -		Specification				
		Relay link	Register link			
No. of data link sta	ations	64 sets max.				
Link area	ZW-PC	File 0 (000000 to 005777 ₍₈₎)	File 0 (000000 to 015777 ₍₈₎)			
LITIK ATEA	JW-PC	File 0 (000000 to 007777 ₍₈₎)	File 1 to 7 (000000 to 177777 ₍₈₎)			
Total no. of link po	Total no. of link points		2048 bytes max.			
Total no. of Standard function sending/receiving		2048 points max. (256 bytes)	2048 bytes max.			
points per slave station	Memory capacity save function	512 points max. (64 bytes)	512 bytes max.			
Communication m	ode	N:M communication				

3 Computer link specifications

Item	Specification
No. of link stations	64 sets max.
Communication data size	1024 bytes max./packet *
Communication control	According to the host computer command
Control contents	Read/write of data memory Read/write of program memory PC control

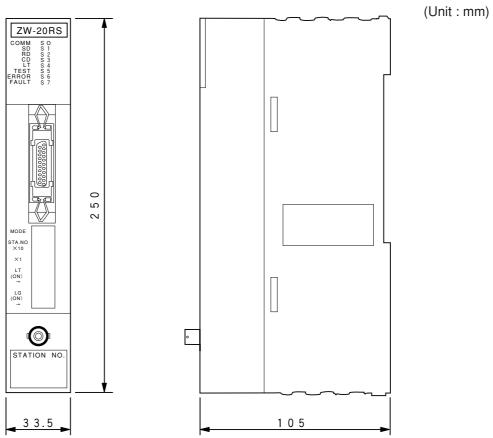
^{*} The amount of data attributed to the command, or response. The term "packet" refers to the value for each station.

12-2 JW-20RS

(1) General specifications

Item	Specifications
Storage temperature	- 20 to + 70° C
Ambient temperature	0 to + 55° C
Ambient humidity	35 to 90%RH (without moisture condensation)
Vibration resistance	JIS-C-0911 equivalent (X,Y, Z, 2 hours in each)
Shock resistance	JIS-C-0911 equivalent
Internal power consumption	600 mA (5VDC)
Weight	Approx. 570g

[Outline dimension drawings]



(2) Communication specifications

Communication specifications is same as JW-20CM. (See page $12 \cdot 2$)

Chapter 13 Appendix

13-1 Maintenance and check

Check wiring, installation, and switch settings.

	System configuration	()	()	()	()	()
	Check item					
	Not parallel with or proximate to high voltage lines or strong power lines.					
l elc	Branch lines (drop cable) are within 400 mm.					
Communication cable	Total length is less than 1 km.					
nicati	No damage or breaks in cables.					
Inww	Connectors are securely assembled.					
၂ ၓ	Connectors are securely connected and locked.					
	Insulation covers are put on connectors.					
Power supply module	Securely tighten the module retention screws.					
Power module	A ground line is connected with the GND terminal.					
1	Securely tighten the module retention screws.					
Control	Memory module is appropriately installed.					
dule	Securely tighten the module retention screws.					
I/O module	No other cables than the communication cable and DC input cables are input in the same duct.					
Bas	ic rack panel is appropriately installed.					
	Securely tighten the module retention screws.					
35	Mode switches are appropriately set.					
M/20F	Station number switches are appropriately set (00 to 77(8)).					
JW-20CM/20RS	Termination resistance switches are appropriately set.	ON				
Š	Shield ground switches are appropriately set.					
	Parameters are appropriately set.					

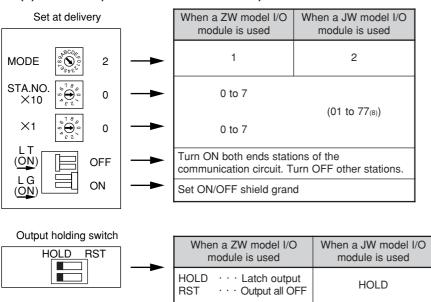
13

13-2 Switch setting table

(1) JW-20CM (network module)

		Remote I/O	Data link (star compu		on)		,
Set at delivery	i		Master station	Slave	station	Slave station	
MODE (0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	→	1	2	2	2	()
STA.NO. (**)	-	0	0	0 to 7	01 to	0 to 7	01 to
$\begin{array}{c c} \times 10 & \begin{array}{c} x \in \mathcal{E}^{1} \\ & & \end{array} \\ \times 1 & \begin{array}{c} x \in \mathcal{E}^{1} \\ & & \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} x \in \mathcal{E}^{1} \\ & & \end{array} \\ 0 \end{array}$	-	0	0	0 to 7	77(8)	0 to 7	77(8)
LT (ON) OFF		Turn ON both ends stations of the communication circuit. Turn OFF other stations.	Turn ON both ends st OFF other stations.	ations of th	e communi	cation circu	it. Turn
LG (ON) ON	-	Set ON/OFF shield grand	Set ON/OFF shield gr	and			

(2) JW-20RS (remote I/O slave module)



13-3 Parameter memory table

(1) JW-20CM

① Remote I/O

○: Setting is necessary (1/6)

Aslahasas	Cat camtanta		Setting method (value, example)			J۱	N-PC	Z۷	V-PC	
Address(8)	Set contents					Fix	Manual	Fix	Manual	
		001(8)	Remote I/O orThe PC continuous	en a slave station error occurs) peration (communication) stops nues operation. (Mode 1)	(Communication method)					
		002(8)	operation (cor • The PC contin	nues operation. (Mode 2)	Asynchronous					
		004(8)	The PC continue	peration (communication) stops nues operation. (Mode 0) peration (communication) stops	-					
		005(8)	The PC continuous	nues operation. (Mode 1)	Synchronism					
		006(8)	operation (cor • The PC contin	nues operation. (Mode 2)						
		011(8)		peration (communication) stops nues operation. (Mode 1)						
000000	operation mode 01	Remote I/O operation mode 012	012(8)	operation (cor	slave stations will continue mmunication). nues operation. (Mode 2)	Asynchronous				
		014(8)		peration (communication) stops stops operation. (Mode 0)						
		015(8)		peration (communication) stops nues operation. (Mode 1)	-					
		016(8)	operation (cor	slave stations will continue mmunication). nues operation. (Mode 2)	- Synchronism					
000001	No. of slave station connected (1 to 63 sets)	(Dec	imal, bytes)	In case of 30 sets →	030 _(D)					

• Initial value of the address 000000, 000001(8) are 00(H).

A alalwa a a	Set contents	Setting method			JW-PC		V-PC
Address(8)	Set contents	(value, example)		Fix	Manual	Fix	Manual
000002	 When using the fixed allocation mode, put the top address of the remote I/O in this register. When using the manual allocation mode, put 	(Octal, word)	When ⊐0200,			\circ	
000003	the top address of the remote I/O in the slave station 01 in this register.	(Octal, Word)	set to 000200 ₍₈₎			0	
000004 000005	Set remote I/O top address of slave station 02	(Octal, word)	When ⊐0300, set to 000300(8)	_	0	_	0

• Use the addresses 000006 to 000177(8) listed below when the manual allocation mode is selected. These addresses cannot be used in the fixed allocation mode.

Address(8)	Set contents
000006, 000007	Remote I/O top address of slave station 03 (same as 000004, 000005)
000010, 000011	04 (same as 000004, 000005)
000012, 000013	05 (same as 000004, 000005)
000014, 000015	06 (same as 000004, 000005)
000016, 000017	07 (same as 000004, 000005)
000020, 000021	10 (same as 000004, 000005)
000022, 000023	11 (same as 000004, 000005)
000024, 000025	12 (same as 000004, 000005)
000026, 000027	13 (same as 000004, 000005)
000030, 000031	14 (same as 000004, 000005)
000032, 000033	15 (same as 000004, 000005)
000034, 000035	16 (same as 000004, 000005)
000036, 000037	17 (same as 000004, 000005)
000040, 000041	20 (same as 000004, 000005)
000042, 000043	21 (same as 000004, 000005)
000044, 000045	22 (same as 000004, 000005)
000046, 000047	23 (same as 000004, 000005)
000050, 000051	24 (same as 000004, 000005)
000052, 000053	25 (same as 000004, 000005)
000054, 000055	26 (same as 000004, 000005)
000056, 000057	27 (same as 000004, 000005)
000060, 000061	30 (same as 000004, 000005)
000062, 000063	31 (same as 000004, 000005)
000064, 000065	32 (same as 000004, 000005)
000066, 000067	33 (same as 000004, 000005)
000070, 000071	34 (same as 000004, 000005)
000072, 000073	35 (same as 000004, 000005)
000074, 000075	36 (same as 000004, 000005)
000076, 000077	37 (same as 000004, 000005)

Address (8)	Set contents
000100, 000101	Remote I/O top address of slave station 40 (same as 000004, 000005)
000102, 000103	41 (same as 000004, 000005)
000104, 000105	42 (same as 000004, 000005)
000106, 000107	43 (same as 000004, 000005)
000110, 000111	44 (same as 000004, 000005)
000112, 000113	45 (same as 000004, 000005)
000114, 000115	46 (same as 000004, 000005)
000116, 000117	47 (same as 000004, 000005)
000120, 000121	50 (same as 000004, 000005)
000122, 000123	51 (same as 000004, 000005)
000124, 000125	52 (same as 000004, 000005)
000126, 000127	53 (same as 000004, 000005)
000130, 000131	54 (same as 000004, 000005)
000132, 000133	55 (same as 000004, 000005)
000134, 000135	56 (same as 000004, 000005)
000136, 000137	57 (same as 000004, 000005)
000140, 000141	60 (same as 000004, 000005)
000142, 000143	61 (same as 000004, 000005)
000144, 000145	62 (same as 000004, 000005)
000146, 000147	63 (same as 000004, 000005)
000150, 000151	64 (same as 000004, 000005)
000152, 000153	65 (same as 000004, 000005)
000154, 000155	66 (same as 000004, 000005)
000156, 000157	67 (same as 000004, 000005)
000160, 000161	70 (same as 000004, 000005)
000162, 000163	71 (same as 000004, 000005)
000164, 000165	72 (same as 000004, 000005)
000166, 000167	73 (same as 000004, 000005)
000170, 000171	74 (same as 000004, 000005)
000172, 000173	75 (same as 000004, 000005)
000174, 000175	76 (same as 000004, 000005)
000176, 000177	

- Initial value of the address 000002 to 000177 $_{(8)}$ are all 00 $_{(H)}.$

Address(8)	Set contents	ents Setting method (value, example)		JW-PC		ZW-PC	
Audi ess(8)	Set contents	Sett	Setting method (value, example)		Manual	Fix	Manual
000200	Slave station I/O points	00(H)	64 points (8 bytes), no. of slave stations: max. 63 sets.				
000200	Slave station 1/O points	01(H)	128 points (16 bytes), no. of slave stations: max. 32 sets.		_		_
	Number of I/O bytes of slave station 01 (1 to 128 bytes)	(Decimal, bytes)	In case of 50 bytes → 050 _(D)	_	0	_	0

• Use the addresses 000202 to 000277₍₈₎ listed below when the manual allocation mode is selected. These addresses cannot be used in the fixed allocation mode.

Address(8)	Set contents
000202	Number of I/O bytes of slave station 02 (same as 000201)
000203	03 (same as 000201)
000204	04 (same as 000201)
000205	05 (same as 000201)
000206	06 (same as 000201)
000207	07 (same as 000201)
000210	10 (same as 000201)
000211	11 (same as 000201)
000212	12 (same as 000201)
000213	13 (same as 000201)
000214	14 (same as 000201)
000215	15 (same as 000201)
000216	16 (same as 000201)
000217	17 (same as 000201)
000220	20 (same as 000201)
000221	21 (same as 000201)
000222	22 (same as 000201)
000223	23 (same as 000201)
000224	24 (same as 000201)
000225	25 (same as 000201)
000226	26 (same as 000201)
000227	27 (same as 000201)
000230	30 (same as 000201)
000231	31 (same as 000201)
000232	32 (same as 000201)
000233	33 (same as 000201)
000234	34 (same as 000201)
000235	35 (same as 000201)
000236	36 (same as 000201)
000237	

Address(8)	Set contents
000240	Number of I/O bytes of slave station 40 (same as 000201)
000241	41 (same as 000201)
000242	42 (same as 000201)
000243	43 (same as 000201)
000244	44 (same as 000201)
000245	45 (same as 000201)
000246	46 (same as 000201)
000247	47 (same as 000201)
000250	50 (same as 000201)
000251	51 (same as 000201)
000252	52 (same as 000201)
000253	53 (same as 000201)
000254	54 (same as 000201)
000255	55 (same as 000201)
000256	56 (same as 000201)
000257	57 (same as 000201)
000260	60 (same as 000201)
000261	61 (same as 000201)
000262	62 (same as 000201)
000263	63 (same as 000201)
000264	64 (same as 000201)
000265	65 (same as 000201)
000266	66 (same as 000201)
000267	67 (same as 000201)
000270	70 (same as 000201)
000271	71 (same as 000201)
000272	72 (same as 000201)
000273	73 (same as 000201)
000274	74 (same as 000201)
000275	75 (same as 000201)
000276	76 (same as 000201)
000277	

- Initial value of the address 000200 to 000277 $_{(8)}$ are all 00 $_{(H)}.$

Address(8)	Set contents	Set contents Setting method (value, example)		JW-PC		ZW-PC	
Addiess(o)	oct contents		tung metriod (value, example)	Fix	Manual	Fix	Manual
000301	Blanks between slave stations 1 and 2 (0 to 255 bytes)	(Decimal, bytes)	In case of 100 bytes → 100 _(D)	0	_	0	_

• Use the addresses 000302 to 000376(8) listed below when the fixed allocation mode is selected. These addresses cannot be used in the manual allocation mode.

Address(s) Set contents 000302 Blanks between slave stations 2 and 3 (same as 000301) 000303 3 and 4 (same as 000301) 000304 4 and 5 (same as 000301) 000305 5 and 6 (same as 000301) 000306 6 and 7 (same as 000301) 000310 10 and 11 (same as 000301) 000311 11 and 12 (same as 000301) 000312 12 and 13 (same as 000301) 000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000317 17 and 20 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331	Address	2.1
000302 (same as 000301) 000303 3 and 4 (same as 000301) 000304 4 and 5 (same as 000301) 000305 5 and 6 (same as 000301) 000306 6 and 7 (same as 000301) 000307 7 and 10 (same as 000301) 000310 10 and 11 (same as 000301) 000311 11 and 12 (same as 000301) 000312 12 and 13 (same as 000301) 000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same a	Address(8)	Set contents
000303	000000	
000304	000302	(same as 000301)
000305 5 and 6 (same as 000301) 000306 6 and 7 (same as 000301) 000307 7 and 10 (same as 000301) 000310 10 and 11 (same as 000301) 000311 11 and 12 (same as 000301) 000312 12 and 13 (same as 000301) 000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000327 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000329 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 22 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33	000303	3 and 4 (same as 000301)
000306 6 and 7 (same as 000301) 000307 7 and 10 (same as 000301) 000310 10 and 11 (same as 000301) 000311 11 and 12 (same as 000301) 000312 12 and 13 (same as 000301) 000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 3	000304	4 and 5 (same as 000301)
000307 7 and 10 (same as 000301) 000310 10 and 11 (same as 000301) 000311 11 and 12 (same as 000301) 000312 12 and 13 (same as 000301) 000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 <td< td=""><td>000305</td><td>5 and 6 (same as 000301)</td></td<>	000305	5 and 6 (same as 000301)
000310 10 and 11 (same as 000301) 000311 11 and 12 (same as 000301) 000312 12 and 13 (same as 000301) 000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000317 17 and 20 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000306	6 and 7 (same as 000301)
000311 11 and 12 (same as 000301) 000312 12 and 13 (same as 000301) 000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000307	7 and 10 (same as 000301)
000312 12 and 13 (same as 000301) 000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000317 17 and 20 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000310	10 and 11 (same as 000301)
000313 13 and 14 (same as 000301) 000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000317 17 and 20 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000311	11 and 12 (same as 000301)
000314 14 and 15 (same as 000301) 000315 15 and 16 (same as 000301) 000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000317 17 and 20 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000312	12 and 13 (same as 000301)
000315	000313	13 and 14 (same as 000301)
000316 16 and 17 (same as 000301) 000317 17 and 20 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000314	14 and 15 (same as 000301)
000317 17 and 20 (same as 000301) 000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000315	15 and 16 (same as 000301)
000320 20 and 21 (same as 000301) 000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000316	16 and 17 (same as 000301)
000321 21 and 22 (same as 000301) 000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000317	17 and 20 (same as 000301)
000322 22 and 23 (same as 000301) 000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000320	20 and 21 (same as 000301)
000323 23 and 24 (same as 000301) 000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000321	21 and 22 (same as 000301)
000324 24 and 25 (same as 000301) 000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000322	22 and 23 (same as 000301)
000325 25 and 26 (same as 000301) 000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000323	23 and 24 (same as 000301)
000326 26 and 27 (same as 000301) 000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000324	24 and 25 (same as 000301)
000327 27 and 30 (same as 000301) 000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000325	25 and 26 (same as 000301)
000330 30 and 31 (same as 000301) 000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000326	26 and 27 (same as 000301)
000331 31 and 32 (same as 000301) 000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000327	27 and 30 (same as 000301)
000332 32 and 33 (same as 000301) 000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000330	30 and 31 (same as 000301)
000333 33 and 34 (same as 000301) 000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000331	31 and 32 (same as 000301)
000334 34 and 35 (same as 000301) 000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000332	32 and 33 (same as 000301)
000335 35 and 36 (same as 000301) 000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000333	33 and 34 (same as 000301)
000336 36 and 37 (same as 000301) 000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000334	34 and 35 (same as 000301)
000337 37 and 40 (same as 000301)	000335	35 and 36 (same as 000301)
	000336	36 and 37 (same as 000301)
000340 40 and 41 (same as 000301)	000337	37 and 40 (same as 000301)
	000340	40 and 41 (same as 000301)

	-
Address (8)	Set contents
000341	Blanks between slave stations 41 and 42 (same as 000301)
000342	42 and 43 (same as 000301)
000343	43 and 44 (same as 000301)
000344	44 and 45 (same as 000301)
000345	45 and 46 (same as 000301)
000346	46 and 47 (same as 000301)
000347	47 and 50 (same as 000301)
000350	50 and 51 (same as 000301)
000351	51 and 52 (same as 000301)
000352	52 and 53 (same as 000301)
000353	53 and 54 (same as 000301)
000354	54 and 55 (same as 000301)
000355	55 and 56 (same as 000301)
000356	56 and 57 (same as 000301)
000357	57 and 60 (same as 000301)
000360	60 and 61 (same as 000301)
000361	61 and 62 (same as 000301)
000362	62 and 63 (same as 000301)
000363	63 and 64 (same as 000301)
000364	64 and 65 (same as 000301)
000365	65 and 66 (same as 000301)
000366	66 and 67 (same as 000301)
000367	67 and 70 (same as 000301)
000370	70 and 71 (same as 000301)
000371	71 and 72 (same as 000301)
000372	72 and 73 (same as 000301)
000373	73 and 74 (same as 000301)
000374	74 and 75 (same as 000301)
000375	75 and 76 (same as 000301)
000376	76 and 77 (same as 000301)

• Initial value of the address 000301 to 000376(8) are all 00(H).

Address(8)	Set conten	te		Setting method (value, example)				JW-PC		ZW-PC					
Audi C55(6)	Set conten	ເວ		Setting method (value, example)						ou (value, example)	Fix	Manual	Fix	Manual	
000400 to 000407	Slave station I/O type • Use 0 (OFF, for ZW models) or 1 (ON, for JW models) in the corresponding bits for each station number listed on the right.	000400 000401 000402 000403	17 27 37 47 57	16 26 36 46 56 66	15 25 35 45 55 65	14 24 34 44 54 64	23 33 43 53 63	02 12 22 32 42 52 62	1 01 11 21 31 41 51 61	20 30 40 50 60	When the slave station 01 to 04 ₍₈₎ I/Os are ZW models and slave station 05 to 77 ₍₈₎ I/Os are JW models. (Address) (Bit pattern) 000400 — 11100000 000401 — 11111111 to to 000407 — 11111111	0	0	_	
000600 to 000603	Data register address of special I/O module (No. 1)	000600 000601 000602 000603	Up Lo Nu Re	pei wei imb	r 4 r 4 er e	bits bits of d	: rada : slo lata ada	ck rot not bytoday	num uml tes	ber (01 file	to 77(8)) r (0, 1) (00 to 0F(H)) to 64(D)) address)				

• Set the addresses 000600 to 000777(8) when the master station PC is JW model and uses a special I/O module for slave station.

Address(8)	Set contents
000604 to 000607	Data register address of special I/O (No. 2) (same as 000600 to 000603)
000610 to 000613	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No. 3)
000614 to 000617	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No. 4)
000620 to 000623	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No. 5)
000624 to 000627	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No. 6)
000630 to 000633	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No. 7)
000634 to 000637	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No. 8)
000640 to 000643	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No. 9)
000644 to 000647	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.10)
000650 to 000653	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.11)
000654 to 000657	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.12)
000660 to 000663	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.13)
000664 to 000667	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.14)
000670 to 000673	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.15)
000674 to 000677	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.16)
000700 to 000703	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.17)

Address(8)	Set contents
000704 to 000707	Data register address of special I/O (No.18) (same as 000600 to 000603)
000710 to 000713	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.19)
000714 to 000717	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.20)
000720 to 000723	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.21)
000724 to 000727	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.22)
000730 to 000733	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.23)
000734 to 000737	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.24)
000740 to 000743	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.25)
000744 to 000747	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.26)
000750 to 000753	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.27)
000754 to 000757	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.28)
000760 to 000763	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.29)
000764 to 000767	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.30)
000770 to 000773	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.31)
000774 to 000777	(same as 000600 to 000603) (No.32)

• Initial value of the address 000400 to 000407(8) are all $FF_{(H)}$. Initial value of 000600 to 000777(8) are all $OO_{(H)}$.

Address(8)	Set contents		Sott	Setting method (value, example)				ZW-PC	
Addi C33 (0)	oct contents		3611		ig illetiloù (value, example)	Fix	Manual	Fix	Manual
		003764	(Ostal word)		When ⊐0200, set to 000200(8)				
003764	Flog top oddroop	003765	(Octal, word)]	(Set by file address)				
to 003767	Flag top address	003766	(Hexadecimal byte))	When file No. 2, set to 02 _(H)				
		003767	•		00(H): Do not output flag 80(H): Output flag				
	Stop operation of the remot	e I/O	00 _(H)						
	Start operation of the remote I/O		01 _(H)			0	0	_	_
003777	Writing to EEPROM or operation of the module/stop operation		80(H)						
	Writing to EEPROM or ope of the module/start operation	81 _(H)							
	Initialize parameter setting	value	08(H)						

 $[\]bullet \ \ Initial \ value \ of the \ address \ 003764 \ to \ 003767_{(8)} \ are \ all \ 00_{(H)}. \ Initial \ value \ of \ 003777_{(8)} \ are \ all \ 01_{(H)}.$

(1/7)

2 Data link master station

Address(8)	Set contents		Setting method (value, example)			
000000	Store the mis-setting slave station numb master station	er in the	_	_		
004000	Top address of relay link area in the mas	ster	(0-1-1)	When ⊐1000, set to 001000(8)		
004001	station		(Octal, word)	(Set by file address)		
004002	Set function (relay/register link)		01(H)	Fixed to 01 _(H)		
004003	Amount of connectable stations (2 to 64	stations)	(Decimal, byte)	When 12 stations, set to 012 _(D)		
	When slave station 01(8) is set to data	004004	(Octal, word)	\ When ∃1200, set to 001200(8)		
	link (the standard function), top	004005	(Octai, word)) (Set by file address)		
004004	address of the relay link area on slave	004006	00(H)	─00(H): In this case the same as the master station		
to	station 01(8) are as shown at right.	004007	•	80(H): In this case different from the master station		
10	When slave station 01(8) is set to data		(Decimal, word)	When 100 bytes, set to 00100(D)		
004007	link (the memory capacity save	004005	(200	When 100 bytes, set to 00 100(b)		
	function), number of offset bytes of relay link area on slave station 01(8)	004006	00(H)			
	are shown at right.	004007	80(H)			

% When $00_{(H)}$ is set, the value becomes the same top address of the master station regardless of the setting value of 004004 to $004005_{(8)}$.

Address(8)	Set contents
004010 to 004013	Top address or number of offset bytes on slave station 02(8) (same as 004004 to 004007).
004014 to 004017	03 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004020 to 004023	04 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004024 to 004027	05 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004030 to 004033	06 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004034 to 004037	07 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004040 to 004043	10 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004044 to 004047	11 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004050 to 004053	12 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004054 to 004057	13 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004060 to 004063	14 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004064 to 004067	15 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004070 to 004073	16 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004074 to 004077	17 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004100 to 004103	20 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004104 to 004107	21 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004110 to 004113	22 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004114 to 004117	23 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004120 to 004123	24 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004124 to 004127	25 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004130 to 004133	26 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004134 to 004137	27 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004140 to 004143	30 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004144 to 004147	31 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004150 to 004153	32 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004154 to 004157	33 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004160 to 004163	34 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004164 to 004167	35 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004170 to 004173	36 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004174 to 004177	37 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)

Address(8)	Set contents
	Top address or number of offset bytes
004200 to 004203	on slave station 40 ₍₈₎
	(same as 004004 to 004007).
004204 to 004207	41 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004210 to 004213	42 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004214 to 004217	43 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004220 to 004223	44 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004224 to 004227	45 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004230 to 004233	46 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004234 to 004237	47 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004240 to 004243	50 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004244 to 004247	51 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004250 to 004253	52 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004254 to 004257	53 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004260 to 004263	54 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004264 to 004267	55 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004270 to 004273	56 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004274 to 004277	57 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004300 to 004303	60 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004304 to 004307	61 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004310 to 004313	62 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004314 to 004317	63 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004320 to 004323	64 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004324 to 004327	65 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004330 to 004333	66 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004334 to 004337	67 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004340 to 004343	70 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004344 to 004347	71 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004350 to 004353	72 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004354 to 004357	73 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004360 to 004363	74 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004364 to 004367	75 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004370 to 004373	76 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)
004374 to 004377	77 ₍₈₎ (same as 004004 to 004007)

- Initial value of the address 004000 to 004377 $_{(8)}$ are all 00 $_{(H)}.$

Address(8)	Set contents		Setting	g method (value, example)
004400			(Octal, word)	When 09000(8), set to 004000(8)
004401	Top address of register link area in the n	naster	(0010., 110.0)	(Set by file address)
004402	station		(Hexadecimal, byte)	
004403			00(H)	
	When slave station 01 ₍₈₎ is set to data	004404	(Octal, word)	When 29000, set to 006000(8)
	link (the standard function), top		(Octal, word)	(Set by file address)
004404	address of the register link area on slave station 01(8) are as shown at	004406	(Hexadecimal, byte)	* (Get by fine address) — 00(H): In this case the same as the master station
to	right.	004407	•	80(H): In this case different from the master station
004407	• When slave station 01(8) is set to data	004404	(5)	When 100 bytes, set to 00100(D)
004407	 link (the memory capacity save function), number of offset bytes of 	004405	(Decimal, word)) When too syles, set to cores(b)
	register link area on slave station 01(8)	004406	00(H)	
	are shown at right.	004407	80(H)	

% When $00_{(H)}$ is set, the value becomes the same top address of the master station regardless of the setting value of 004404 to $004405_{(8)}$.

Address(8)	Set contents
0044401 004440	Top address or number of offset bytes
004410 to 004413	on slave station 02(8)
	(same as 004404 to 004407).
004414 to 004417	03 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004420 to 004423	04 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004424 to 004427	05 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004430 to 004433	06 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004434 to 004437	07 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004440 to 004443	10 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004444 to 004447	11 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004450 to 004453	12 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004454 to 004457	13 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004460 to 004463	14 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004464 to 004467	15 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004470 to 004473	16 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004474 to 004477	17 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004500 to 004503	20 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004504 to 004507	21 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004510 to 004513	22 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004514 to 004517	23 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004520 to 004523	24 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004524 to 004527	25 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004530 to 004533	26 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004534 to 004537	27 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004540 to 004543	30 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004544 to 004547	31 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004550 to 004553	32 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004554 to 004557	33 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004560 to 004563	34 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004564 to 004567	35 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004570 to 004573	36 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004574 to 004577	37 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)

Address(8)	Set contents
004600 to 004603	Top address or number of offset bytes on slave station 40(8)
	(same as 004404 to 004407).
004604 to 004607	41 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004610 to 004613	42 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004614 to 004617	43(8) (same as 004404 to 004407)
004620 to 004623	44(8) (same as 004404 to 004407)
004624 to 004627	45 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004630 to 004633	46 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004634 to 004637	47 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004640 to 004643	50 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004644 to 004647	51 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004650 to 004653	52 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004654 to 004657	53 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004660 to 004663	54(8) (same as 004404 to 004407)
004664 to 004667	55 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004670 to 004673	56 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004674 to 004677	57 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004700 to 004703	60 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004704 to 004707	61 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004710 to 004713	62 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004714 to 004717	63 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004720 to 004723	64 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004724 to 004727	65 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004730 to 004733	66 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004734 to 004737	67 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004740 to 004743	70 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004744 to 004747	71 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004750 to 004753	72 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004754 to 004757	73 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004760 to 004763	74 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004764 to 004767	75 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004770 to 004773	76 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)
004774 to 004777	77 ₍₈₎ (same as 004404 to 004407)

- Initial value of the address 004400 to 004777 $_{(8)}$ are all 00 $_{(\mbox{\scriptsize H})}.$

Address(8)	Set contents	Settir	ng method (value, example)
005000	Number of sending bytes of master station relay	(Decimal, word)	
005001	link area	(Beolitiai, Word)	When 8 bytes, set to 00008(D)
005002	Number of sending bytes of slave station 01(8)	(Desimal word)	When a bytes, set to 00000(b)
005003	relay link area	(Decimal, word)	

Address(8)	Set contents
005004 to 005005	Number of sending bytes of slave station 02 ₍₈₎ relay link area (same as 005002 to 005003).
005006 to 005007	03 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005010 to 005011	04 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005012 to 005013	05 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005014 to 005015	06 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005016 to 005017	07 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005020 to 005021	10 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005022 to 005023	11 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005024 to 005025	12 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005026 to 005027	13 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005030 to 005031	14 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005032 to 005033	15 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005034 to 005035	16 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005036 to 005037	17 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005040 to 005041	20 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005042 to 005043	21 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005044 to 005045	22 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005046 to 005047	23 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005050 to 005051	24 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005052 to 005053	25 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005054 to 005055	26 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005056 to 005057	27 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005060 to 005061	30 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005062 to 005063	31 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005064 to 005065	32 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005066 to 005067	33 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005070 to 005071	34 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005072 to 005073	35 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005074 to 005075	36 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005076 to 005077	37 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)

Address(8)	Set contents
005100 to 005101	Number of sending bytes of slave station $40_{(8)}$ relay link area (same as 005002 to 005003).
005102 to 005103	41 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005104 to 005105	42 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005106 to 005107	43(8) (same as 005002 to 005003)
005110 to 005111	44 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005112 to 005113	45 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005114 to 005115	46 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005116 to 005117	47 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005120 to 005121	50 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005122 to 005123	51 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005124 to 005125	52 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005126 to 005127	53 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005130 to 005131	54 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005132 to 005133	55 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005134 to 005135	56 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005136 to 005137	57 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005140 to 005141	60 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005142 to 005143	61 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005144 to 005145	62 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005146 to 005147	63 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005150 to 005151	64 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005152 to 005153	65 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005154 to 005155	66 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005156 to 005157	67 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005160 to 005161	70 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005162 to 005163	71 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005164 to 005165	72 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005166 to 005167	73 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005170 to 005171	74 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005172 to 005173	75 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005174 to 005175	76 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)
005176 to 005177	77 ₍₈₎ (same as 005002 to 005003)

• Initial value of the address 005000 to 005177(8) are all $00_{(H)}$.

Address(8)	Set contents	Setting me	ethod (value, example)
	Number of sending bytes of master station register link area	(Decimal, word)	
005201	illik alea		When 64 bytes, set to 00064 _(D)
005202	Number of sending bytes of slave station 01(8)	(Decimal, word)	
005203	register link area	(Decimal, Word)	

Address(8)	Set contents
. ,	
005204 to 005205	Number of sending bytes of slave station 02® register link area
00020110 000200	(same as 005202 to 005203).
005206 to 005207	03(8) (same as 005202 to 005203)
005210 to 005211	04 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005212 to 005213	05 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005214 to 005215	06 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005216 to 005217	07 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005220 to 005221	10 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005222 to 005223	11 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005224 to 005225	12 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005226 to 005227	13 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005230 to 005231	14 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005232 to 005233	15 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005234 to 005235	16 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005236 to 005237	17 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005240 to 005241	20 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005242 to 005243	21 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005244 to 005245	22 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005246 to 005247	23 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005250 to 005251	24 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005252 to 005253	25 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005254 to 005255	26 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005256 to 005257	27 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005260 to 005261	30 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005262 to 005263	31 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005264 to 005265	32 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005266 to 005267	33 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005270 to 005271	34 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005272 to 005273	35 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005274 to 005275	36 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005276 to 005277	37 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)

Address ₍₈₎	Set contents
	Number of sending bytes of slave station
005300 to 005301	40 ₍₈₎ register link area
	(same as 005202 to 005203).
005302 to 005303	41 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005304 to 005305	42 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005306 to 005307	43 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005310 to 005311	44 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005312 to 005313	45 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005314 to 005315	46 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005316 to 005317	47 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005320 to 005321	50 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005322 to 005323	51 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005324 to 005325	52 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005326 to 005327	53 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005330 to 005331	54 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005332 to 005333	55 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005334 to 005335	56 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005336 to 005337	57 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005340 to 005341	60 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005342 to 005343	61 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005344 to 005345	62 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005346 to 005347	63 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005350 to 005351	64 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005352 to 005353	65 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005354 to 005355	66 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005356 to 005357	67 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005360 to 005361	70 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005362 to 005363	71 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005364 to 005365	72 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005366 to 005367	73 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005370 to 005371	74 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005372 to 005373	75 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005374 to 005375	76 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)
005376 to 005377	77 ₍₈₎ (same as 005202 to 005203)

• Initial value of the address 005200 to 005377(8) are all 00(H).

Set addresses 007501 to $007577_{(8)}$ when a JW model is used. The setting is not required when a ZW model is used. (5/7)

Address(8)	Set contents	Settir	ng method (value, example)
007501	Time out time of SEND/RECEIVE instruction of slave station 01(8) (0.1 to 25.5 sec.)	(Decimal, byte)	When 10 second, set to 100 _(D)

Address(8)	Set contents
71001000(0)	
007502	Time out time of SEND/RECEIVE instruction of slave station 02(8) (Same as 007501)
007503	03 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007504	04 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007505	05 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007506	06 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007507	07 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007510	10 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007511	11 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007512	12 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007513	13 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007514	14 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007515	15 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007516	16 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007517	17 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007520	20 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007521	21 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007522	22 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007523	23 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007524	24 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007525	25 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007526	26 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007527	27 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007530	30 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007531	31 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007532	32 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007533	33 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007534	34 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007535	35 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007536	36 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)
007537	37 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)

Address (8)	Set contents				
007540	Time out time of SEND/RECEIVE instruction of slave station 40 ₍₈₎ (Same as 007501)				
007541	41 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007542	42 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007543	43 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007544	44 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007545	45 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007546	46 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007547	47 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007550	50 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007551	51 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007552	52 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007553	53 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007554	54 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007555	55 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007556	56 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007557	57 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007560	60 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007561	61 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007562	62 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007563	63 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007564	64 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007565	65 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007566	66 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007567	67 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007570	70 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007571	71 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007572	72 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007573	73 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007574	74 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007575	75 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007576	76 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				
007577	77 ₍₈₎ (same as 007501)				

• Initial value of the address 007501 to 007577(8) are all 00(H).

Set addresses 007601 to $007677_{(8)}$ when a JW model is used. The setting is not required when a ZW model is used. (6/7)

Address(8)	Set contents	Setting method (value, example)		
007601	PC model of slave station 01(8)	00(H)	PC is ZW model or JW model, ZW-20CM is	
		80 _(H)	without JW sign.	
		81 _(H)	PC is ZW model, ZW-20CM is with JW sign and JW-20CM.	
		91 _(H)	PC is JW model, ZW-20CM is with JW model and JW-20CM/JW-22CM	

Address(8)	Set contents			
007602	PC model of slave station 02 ₍₈₎ (Same as 007601)			
007603	03 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007604	04 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007605	05 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007606	06 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007607	07 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007610	10 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007611	11 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007612	12 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007613	13 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007614	14 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007615	15 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007616	16 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007617	17 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007620	20 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007621	21 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007622	22 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007623	23 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007624	24 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007625	25 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007626	26 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007627	27 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007630	30 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007631	31 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007632	32 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007633	33 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007634	34 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007635	35 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007636	36 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007637	37 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			

Address (8)	Set contents			
007640	PC model of slave station 40 ₍₈₎ (Same as 007601)			
007641	41 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007642	42 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007643	43 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007644	44 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007645	45 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007646	46 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007647	47 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007650	50 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007651	51 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007652	52 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007653	53 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007654	54 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007655	55 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007656	56 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007657	57 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007660	60 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007661	61 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007662	62 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007663	63 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007664	64 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007665	65 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007666	66 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007667	67 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007670	70 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007671	71 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007672	72 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007673	73 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007674	74 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007675	75 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007676	76 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			
007677	77 ₍₈₎ (same as 007601)			

• Initial value of the address 007601 to 007677(8) are all 91(H).

Address(8)	Set contents			Setting method (value, example)		
		00(H) Instruction system				
007700 to 007703	System of each cannel in SEND/RECEIVE function V5	007700	CH0	80(H)	Data memory start system	
		007701	CH1	00(H)	Instruction system	
				81 _(H)	Data memory start system	
		007702	CH2	00(H)	Instruction system	
007703				82 _(H)	Data memory start system	
		007703	CH3	00(H)	Instruction system	
			0.10	83(H)	Data memory start system	
	Top addresses in communication information storage area when using data memory starting system of SEND/RECEIVE functions V5	007710	(Octal, word)		When ⊐1100 to set to 001100 ₍₈₎ (Set by file address)	
007710 to		007711				
007713		007712	(Hexadecimal, byte)		When file number is 0, set to 00(H)	
		007713		This setting is valid by 80(H)		
007750 to 007757	Connection condition of slave station • Turn ON the corresponding bit of connected station number (01 to 77(8)) from the list at right. • 00(8) of master station (0 bit of address 000750) At ON: Output error code At OFF: Do not output error code.	Bit address 007750 007751 007752 007753 007754 007755 007756	7 6 5 4 07 06 05 04 17 16 15 14 27 26 25 24 37 36 35 34 47 46 45 44 57 56 55 54 67 66 65 64 77 76 75 74	03 02 01 00 13 12 11 10 23 22 21 20 33 32 31 30 43 42 41 40 53 52 51 50 63 62 61 60	(Address) (Bit pattern) 007750 — 00011111 007751 — 00000000 to to	
007763	Whether the station number information should be output or not V5		00) (H)	Do not output	
			01	(H)	Output	
007764 to 007767	Flag area top address on the master station	007764	(Octal, word)		When ⊐0200, set to 000200(8) (Set by file address)	
		007765				
		007766	(Hexadeci	mal, byte)	When file number is 2, set to 02 _(H) — 00 _(H) : Do not output flag	
		007767	•	•	80(H): Output flag	
007771	Communication error detection interval		(Decima	l, bytes)	When 600 ms, set to 006 _(D)	
007777	Stop operation of the data link		00	(H)	Set in 100 ms unit	
	Start operation of the data link		01	(H)		
	Writing to EEPROM or operation stop operation		80	(H)		
	Writing to EEPROM or operation start operation		81	(H)		
	Initialize parameter setting value	08	(H)			

 $[\]bullet$ See page 9·33 for initial value of the addresses above.

Address(8)	Set contents		Setting method (value, example)				
007500	Time out time of SEND/RECEIVE instr master station (0.1 to 25.5 sec.)	ruction of					
007501 to	Time out time of SEND/RECEIVE instr slave station 01 to 77(8)	ruction of	(Octal, byte) When 10 second, set to 100(D)				
007577	(See page 13·13 same as data link ma	ster station)					
			00(H)		PC is ZW model or JW model, ZW-		
			80 _(H)		20CM is without JW sign. PC is ZW model, ZW-20CM is with		
007600	PC model of master station		8.	1 (H)	JW sign and JW-20CM.		
			91 _(H)		PC is JW model, ZW-20CM is with JW sign and JW-20CM/JW-22CM		
007601 to 007677	PC model of slave station 01 to 77 ₍₈₎ (See page 8·6 same as data link mast	er station)			Same as 007600		
007677				00(H)	Instruction system		
		007700	CH0	80(H)	Data memory start system		
007700	System of each cannel in	007701	CH1	00(H) 81(H)	Instruction system		
to	SEND/RECEIVE function V5			00(H)	Data memory start system Instruction system		
007703		007702	CH2	82 _(H)	Data memory start system		
		007703	CH3	00(H)	Instruction system		
				83 _(H)	Data memory start system		
		007710	(Octal,	word)			
007710 to	Top addresses in communication information storage area when using	007711	(Ootal, Word)				
007713	data memory starting system of SEND/RECEIVE functions V5	007712	(Hexadecimal, byte)				
	007713		This settin	g is valid by	7 80(H)		
007720 007721	Number of receiving bytes of relay link in memory capacity save function V5		(Octal, byte)		Set 00008 _(D) for 8 bytes		
007722 007723	Number of receiving bytes of register memory capacity save function	ink in	(Octal, byte)		Set 00064 _(D) or 64 bytes		
007730	Top address of relay link area in memory capacity save function	007730 007731	(Octal, word)		When ¬1200 set to 001200(8) (Set by file address)		
to 007733	V5	007732 007733) _(H)			
007734	Top address of register link area in	007734		word)	When 09000 set to 004000(8)		
to	memory capacity save function	007735 007736	(Hexadeci		(Set by file address)) When file number is 0, set to 00(H)		
007737	V5	007737	00)(H)			
007763	Whether the station number information should be output or not	n V5	00		Do not output Output		
	Should be output of flot	007764			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
007764 to	Top address of flag area on each	007765	(Octal,	word)	(Set by file address)		
007767	slave station	007766	(Hexadeci	mal, byte)	When file number is 2, set to 02 _(H)		
		007767	•		00 _(H) : Do not output flag 80 _(H) : Output flag		
007771	Communication error detection interva	ı) (D)	32 stations max.: 250 ms, 33 stations min.: 450 ms		
	Stan approprian of the data link		001 to		Set in 100 ms unit		
	Stop operation of the data link Start operation of the data link)(H) (H)	-		
007777	Writing to EEPROM or operation stop	operation	80) _(H)			
	Writing to EEPROM or operation start			(H)	_		
	Initialize parameter setting value] 08	B(H)			

Set in case that slave station is JW-20CM only.

(2) JW-20RS

○ : Setting is necessary (1/2)

Address(8)	Set contents		Setting method (value)	JW-I/O	ZW-I/O
		01(H)	Dummy I/O points is 16 (2 bytes)		
		02(H)	Dummy I/O points is 32 (4 bytes)		
	Set number of dummy I/O points	03(H)	Dummy I/O points is 48 (6 bytes)		
	Rack number: 0		Dummy I/O points is 64 (8 bytes)		
	D ₇ 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	05(H)	Dummy I/O points is 80 (10 bytes)		_
		06(H)	Dummy I/O points is 96 (12 bytes)	0	
000000	Slot: 1 Slot: 0	07(н)	Dummy I/O points is 112 (14 bytes)		
000000	Set vacant 2 slots Set only in case of manual I/O table registration For address 000000(8), set 00(H)	08(H)	Dummy I/O points is 128 (16 bytes)		
		09(H)	Dummy I/O points is 144 (18 bytes)		
		0A(H)	Dummy I/O points is 160 (20 bytes)		
		0B(H)	Dummy I/O points is 176 (22 bytes)		
	Tot address 000000(8), Set 00(H)	0C(H)	Dummy I/O points is 192 (24 bytes)		
		0D(H)	Dummy I/O points is 208 (26 bytes)		
		0E(H)	Dummy I/O points is 224 (28 bytes)		
		0F(H)	Dummy I/O points is 240 (30 bytes)		

• Use addresses 000001 to 000017 $_{\tiny (8)}$ listed below when the I/Os are the JW type. If ZW type I/Os are used, no setting is required.

Address(8)	Set contents
000001	Set number of dummy I/O points Rack number: 0 D7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Slot: 3 Slot: 2 (Setting method is same as 000000(8).)
000002	Slot: 5 Slot: 4
000003	Slot: 7 Slot: 6
000004	Slot: 9 Slot: 8
000005	Slot: B Slot: A
000006	Slot: D Slot: C
000007	Slot: F Slot: E

Address(8)	Set contents
000010	Set number of dummy I/O points Rack number: 1 D7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Slot: 1 Slot: 0 (Setting method is same as 000000(8).)
000011	Slot: 3 Slot: 2
000012	Slot: 5 Slot: 4
000013	Slot: 7 Slot: 6
000014	Slot: 9 Slot: 8
000015	Slot: B Slot: A
000016	Slot: D Slot: C
000017	Slot: F Slot: E

- Initial value of the address 000000 to 000017 $_{(8)}$ are all 00 $_{(H)}.$

Address(8)	Set contents		Setting method (value)	JW-I/O	ZW-I/O
		91 _(H)	16 points output (JW-12S, JW-13S, JW-32S)		
		92 _(H)	32 points output (JW-32SC, JW-33S, JW-34S, JW-35S)		
	Set kinds of I/O module	94 _(H)	64 points output (JW-62SC)		
	Rack number: 0 Slot number: 0 • Set 1 slot • Set only in case of manual I/O registration • For address 000100(8), set 00(H)	00(H)	Vacant slot 00		
			Lower bits are dummy I/O points		
000100		A1 _(H)	16 points output (JW-11N, JW-12N, JW-13N)	0	_
		A2(H)	32 points output (JW-31N, JW-32N, JW-34NC)		
		A4(H)	64 points output (JW-64NC)		
		D1 _(H)	Special I/O module (JW-2DA, JW-8AD, JW-31LM		
		F1 _(H)	Special I/O module (JW-2HC, JW-11DU/12DU)		

 Use addresses 000101 to 000137₍₈₎ listed below when the I/Os are the JW type, and the register module type and number of dummy I/O points can be set using the arbitrary I/O registration mode.
 If ZW type I/Os are used, no setting is required.

Address(8)	Set contents
000101	Set kinds of I/O module Rack number: 0 Slot number: 1 • For address 000100(8), set 00(H) (Setting method is same as 000100)%
000102	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 2 %
000103	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 3 %
000104	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 4 %
000105	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 5 %
000106	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 6 %
000107	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 7 *
000110	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 8 💥
000111	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 9 💥
000112	Rack number: 0, Slot number: A %
000113	Rack number: 0, Slot number: B 💥
000114	Rack number: 0, Slot number: C *
000115	Rack number: 0, Slot number: D 💥
000116	Rack number: 0, Slot number: E %
000117	Rack number: 0, Slot number: F ※

Address ₍₈₎	Set contents
000120	Set kinds of I/O module Rack number: 0 Slot number: 1 • For address 000100, set 00, (Setting method is same as 000100) %
000121	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 1 %
000122	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 2 %
000123	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 3 %
000124	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 4 *
000125	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 5 %
000126	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 6 *
000137	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 7 *
000130	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 8 🔆
000131	Rack number: 0, Slot number: 9 *
000132	Rack number: 0, Slot number: A 💥
000133	Rack number: 0, Slot number: B *
000134	Rack number: 0, Slot number: C ※
000135	Rack number: 0, Slot number: D 🔆
000136	Rack number: 0, Slot number: E ※
000137	Rack number: 0, Slot number: F **

• Initial value of the address 000100 to 000137(8) are all 00(H).

Address(8)	Set contents	Settin	g method (value, example)	JW-I/O	ZW-I/O	
000100	Max. rack, slot number	Upper 4 bits: rack number Lower 4 bits: rack number	D7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Slot: 1 Slot: 0			
		60(H)	Both the number of dummy IO points, and the type of I/O modules can be set arbitrarily.			
000100	Normal I/O table registration	64(H)	Set the number of dummy I/O points arbitrarily, and set the type of I/O modules autumatically.	ly, and set the type of I/O s autumatically. number of dummy I/O points ly, and set the type of I/O		
		65(H)	Set the number of dummy I/O points arbitrarily, and set the type of I/O modules automatically.			
		00(H)	This normally ends the setting procedure.			
001002	Auto I/O table registaration when	00(H)	Auto registration			
001002	power lights ON	03(H)	Prohibit auto registration			
001004 001005	Remote I/O top address	(Octal, word)	When ⊐0200, set to 000200(8) by file address			
003750	Charle No. of I/O horton	00(H)	No check			
003750	Check No. of I/O bytes	45(H)	Check	1 _	0	
003752	No. of I/O bytes (0 to 128 bytes) • When 003750 is set to "00(H): Do not check," these addresses	(Decimal, word)	When 100 bytes, set to 00100(D)			
003753	do not have to be set.					
	Stop operation of the remote I/O	00(H)				
	Stop operation of the remote I/O	01(H)				
003777	Writing to EEPROM or operation of the module/stop operation	80(H)		0		
	Writing to EEPROM or operation of the module/stop operation	81 _(H)				
	Initialize parameter setting value	08(H)				

- Set page 8.19 for initial values of the addresses above.

13-4 Address map of data memory

(File 0)

		Memory address	8	Setting range				
	Bit address ₍₈₎ 1 address = 1 points	Byte address ₍₈₎ 1 address = 8 points	File address ₍₈₎ 1 address = 8 points	W70H W100H	JW50/70/100 JW50H/70H/100H	İ		
I/O relay	00000 to 03777	⊐0000 to ⊐3777	000000 to 000377	1	1			
Auxilialy relay	04000 to 06777	⊐0400 to ⊐0677	000400 to 000677					
Latched relay	07000 to 07777	⊐0700 to ⊐0777	000700 to 000777	Dolov link				
General purpose relay	10000 to 15777	⊐1000 to ⊐1577	001000 to 001577	Relay link area Register	Regis			
TMR/CNT contact	T· C000 to T· C777		001600 to 001777	link area Flag area	area Flag a			
TMR/CNT/- MD current value		b1000 to b1777	002000 to 003777					
Register		09000 to 09777	004000 to 004777					
Register		19000 to 19777	005000 to 005777					
Register		29000 to 29777	006000 to 006777					
Register		39000 to 39777	007000 to 007777					
Register		49000 to 49777	010000 to 010777					
Register		59000 to 59777	011000 to 011777					
Register		69000 to 69777	012000 to 012777					
Register		79000 to 79777	013000 to 013777					
Register		89000 to 89777	014000 to 014777					
Register		99000 to 99777	015000 to 015777					

		Memory address	3	Setting range		
	Bit address ₍₈₎ 1 address = 1 points	Byte address ₍₈₎ 1 address = 8 points	File address ₍₈₎ 1 address = 8 points	W70H W100H	JW50/70/100 JW50H/70H/100H	
File 1 Register			000000 to 177777	1		
File 2 Register			000000 to 177777			
File 3 Register			000000 to 177777		Register link area	
File 4 Register			000000 to 177777		Flag area	
File 5 Register			000000 to 177777			
File 6 Register			000000 to 177777			
File 7 Register			000000 to 177777			

- \cdot Addresses 07300 to 07377(8) and addresses 15760 to 15767(8) (bit address) are special relay areas. Do not use them as a data link area.
- The addresses that can be used vary with the PC model and capacity. For details, see the instruction manual for reach model.
- · The usable file numbers will vary with the memory module that is installed on the PC.

Name of memory module	Usable file numbers
ZW-1MA, JW-1MAH	0 or 1 %
ZW-2MA, JW-2MAH	0 or 1
ZW-3MA, JW-3MAH	0, 1, 2
ZW-4MA, JW-4MAH	0, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

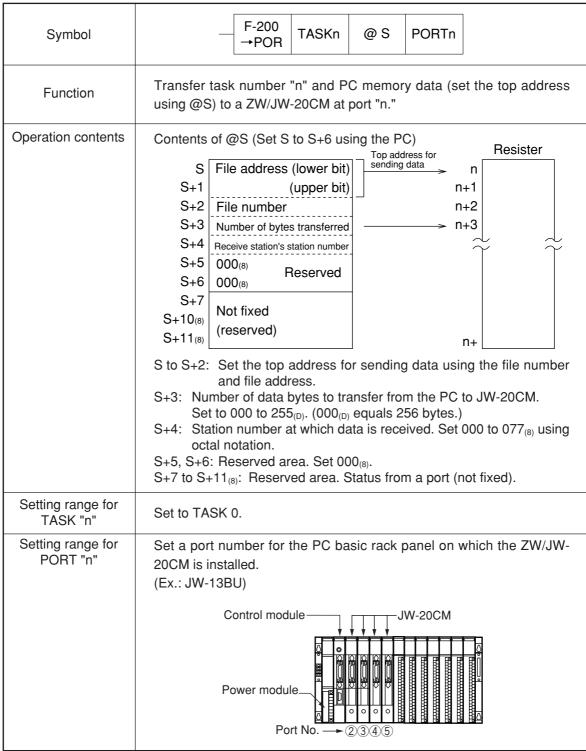
If file number is 1, file address shall be within 000000 to 037777(8).

13-5 Instructions used with the F200 and F201 link function

(1) F-200

F-200 Write to a port

→ PORT [* 1]



Setting range for "S"	PC model name W701H/100H		JW50/7	0/100, J\	N50H/70	H/100H
	Setting range 30000 to 31566		⊐0000 to ⊐1566			
	[※ 2] b0000 to b1766			b0000 to	o b1766	
		09000 to 09766		09000 to	0 09766	
		19000 to 19766	99000 to 99766			
				E0000 to	o E1766	
Operation conditions	· Rising edge of the input signal (OFF to ON) [※ 3]					
	· S+3 to S+11 ar	re transferred regardle	ss of the	input sigi	nal condi	tion.
Flag	Co	ntonto	Non-carry	Error	Carry	Zero
i lag	Co	ntents	07354	07355	07356	07357
	No ZW/JW-20CM	on the option board	0	1	0	0
	Waiting for a data	transfer to a ZW/	1	0	0	0
	JW-20CM on the	'	0	U		
	Completed a data transfer to a ZW/		0	0	1	0
	JW-20CM on the	option board				U
	None of the above).	0	0	0	0

- [* 1] The description for this instruction is for the ZW/JW-20CM only. It is different from the contents in the PC programming manual. The F-200 instruction can only be used for one ZW/JW-20CM module.
- [% 2] Use $\lnot 0730$ to $\lnot 0737$ for special relays.
- [% 3] When the F-200 instruction is turned ON, the non carry (07354) will be kept ON until the data transfer to the number 2 port memory is complete. If the F-200 instruction is turned ON while the non carry is ON, the data following this instruction will be invalid.
- Note: The F-200 instruction will not receive a response from the opposite station. Use the data link information for the response. Or, create a system for the data receive station to respond to the reception of the F-200 instruction.

F-201 PORT →

Read from a port

— F-201 POR→ TASKn PORTn @ D							
Transfer task number "n" and PC memory data (set the top address using @S) to a ZW/JW-20CM at port "n."							
Contents of @S (Set S to S & using the PC)							
Contents of @S (Set S to S+6 using the PC) D							
D+11 ₍₈₎ : Reserved area. Status from a port (not fixed). M							
Set to TASK 1.							
Set a port number for the PC basic rack panel on which the ZW/JW-20CM is installed. (Ex.: JW-13BU) Control module Power module Port No. — 2 3 4 5							

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Setting range for "S"	PC model name	W70H/100H	JW50/70/100, JW50H/70H/1			H/100H
	Setting range	⊐0000 to ⊐1566		⊐0000 t	o ⊐1566	
	[※ 2] b0000 to b1766 b0000 to b1766					
		09000 to 09766				
		19000 to 19766		29000 to	o E1766	
Operation conditions	· Rising edge of the input signal (OFF to ON) [% 3]					
Flag	Cor	Non-carry	Error	Carry	Zero	
[%4]	COI	07354	07355	07356	07357	
[,,, 1]	No ZW/JW-20CM	0	1	0	0	
	Waiting for a data JW-20CM	1	0	0	0	
	Completed a data JW-20CM	transfer from a ZW/	0	0	1	0
	None of the above).	0	0	0	0

- [* 1] The description for this instruction is for the ZW/JW-20CM only. It is different from the contents in the PC programming manual. The F-201 instruction can only be used for one ZW/JW-20CM module.
- [$\ \%$ 2] Use $\ 30732$ to $\ 30737$ for special relays.
- [% 3] When the F-200 instruction is turned ON, the non carry (07354) will be kept ON until the data transfer to the number 2 port memory is complete. Even if the JW-20CM receives data from an other station using the F-200 instruction, it will remain inside the ZW/JW-20CM until the F-201 input signal changes ON from OFF, and the following data sent by the F-200 instruction will not be received. If the PC power is turned OFF, the data currently being received will be turned OFF.
- [$\t \%$ 4] If the JW-20CM receives data using a continuous stream of F-200 instruction, the receive completion flag D+10₍₈₎ may not turn OFF. In this case use both the receive completion flag and the carry (07356) when programming.

13-6 Application instruction using instruction system

(1) F-202

F-202 OPCH

Open Channel

Symbol	F-202 PORT file N n							
Function	Specify the target station for inter-PC data communications to be performed across the satellite net (ZW/JW-20CM). These instructions are used in conjunction with the F-204 (SEND) or F-205 (RCV) instructions.							
Range of PORT	Input the port number of rack panel that installed on ZW/JW-20CM. Example: JW-13BU Control module Power module Port No. — 2 3 4 5 6 7							
Range of CH	0 to 3: Channel number for the specified port number. Available for use four times by classifying the same port numbers into CH0, CH1, CH2, and CH3 in the PC program.							
Range of ST	00 to 77 ₍₈₎ : Communication target station number. Set by octal.							
Range of file N	0 to 7 : Specify the PC data area (file number) of the communication target station. [*]							
Range of n	000000 to 177777(8): Specify the PC data top address (file address) of the communication target station. [※]							
Condition	When an input signal is ON, keep it ON until the flag is changed.							
Flag	Refer to F-204 and F-205 for the combination of F-204 and F-205. [※]							

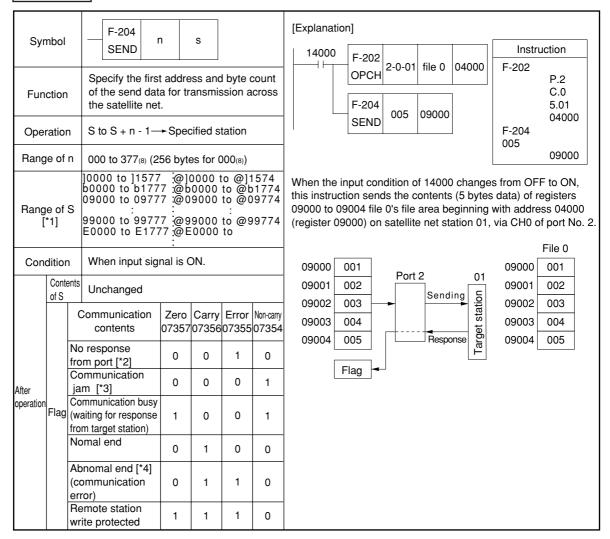
After turning ON the input signal of F-202, keep it ON until the finish of the execution of the
instruction. If the input signal is turned OFF during execution of the instruction, the instruction
ends in an incomplete condition. Under this condition, next, when an F-202 instruction is given, it
will come to a "communication jam," and the instruction will not be executed. Turn the power OFF
and then ON again for recovery.

^[*] F-202 instructions must always be used in conjunction with the F-204 (SEND) or F-205 (RCV) instruction.

(2) F-204

F-204 SEND

Send Data



- Even addresses must always be used for indirect addressing (@¬0001, @b0173, etc. are prohibited).
- For details of indirect addressing, see PC's programming manual.
- F-204 instruction must always be used in conjunction with the F-202 (OPCH) instruction.
- After turning ON the input signal of F-204, keep it ON until the finish of the execution of the instruction. If the input signal is turned OFF during execution of the instruction, the instruction ends in an incomplete condition. Under this condition, next, when an F-204 instruction is given, it will come to a "communication jam," and the instruction will not be executed. Turn the power OFF and then ON again for recovery.
- [*1] Setting range of "S" is for JW model PCs. For ZW model PCs, setting range is ⊐0000 to 19777
- [*2] In case that the network module of the assigned module number is not installed.
- [*3] In case that the channel is used with the other SEND/RECEIVE instruction.

 This instruction is executed after end of execution of the previously given instruction, and flag sign is changed into "communication busy" from "communication jam."
- [*4] In case that response from the target station does not come within the time-out time.

F-205 RCV

Receive Data

Syn	Symbol F-205 n D					[Explanation] Instruction	
	RCV						STR F-202 P.2
Fun	ction	Specify the of the receivacross sate	e data	for tran	•		F-202 OPCH 2.0.04 0 04000 C.0 S.04 0
Oper	Operation Specified station → D to D + n - 1			+ n - 1		F-205 RCV 006 19000 F-205 04000 006 19000	
Rang	nge of n 000 to 377 ₍₈₎		(256 b	ytes fo	000(8)		
0000 to]1577 :@]0000 to @]1574 b0000 to b1777 :@b0000 to @b1774 09000 to 09777 :@b0000 to @09774 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :				@0900 @9900	0 to @ : 0 to @	09774 99774	When the input condition of 14003 changes from OFF to ON, this instruction reads 6 bytes of data from file 0's file area beginning with file address 04000 on satellite net station 04, via CH0 of port No. 2. The data read is stred to registers 19000 to 19005.
Cond	Condition When input signal is ON.						
	Contents of D	Unchanged	,				Specify target station
		munication ontents	Zero 07357	Carry 07356	l .	Non-carry 07354	Received data Port 2 04 File 0
		nodule [*2]	0	0	1	0	09000 01
After operation	jam [*3		0	0	0	1	09002 07
	(waiting	inication busy for response get station)	1	0	0	1	09004 20 09004 20
	Nomal	end	0	1	0	0	09005 30 Flag 09005 30
		nal end [*4] nunication	0	1	1	0	

- Even addresses must always be used for indirect addressing (@∫0001, @b0173, etc. are prohibited).
- For details of indirect addressing, see PC's programming manual.
- F-205 instruction must always be used in conjunction with the F-202 (OPCH) instruction.
- After turning ON the input signal of F-205, keep it ON until the finish of the execution of the
 instruction. If the input signal is turned OFF during execution of the instruction, the instruction
 ends in an incomplete condition. Under this condition, next, when an F-205 instruction is given, it
 will come to a "communication jam," and the instruction will not be executed. Turn the power OFF
 and then ON again for recovery.
- [*1] Setting range of "S" is for JW model PCs. For ZW model PCs, setting range is ⊐0000 to 19777.
- [*2] In case that the network module of the assigned module number is not installed.
- [*3] In case that the channel is used with the other SEND/RECEIVE instruction.

 This instruction is executed after end of execution of the previously given instruction, and flag sign is changed into "communication busy" from "communication jam."
- [*4] In case that response from target station does not come within the time-out time.

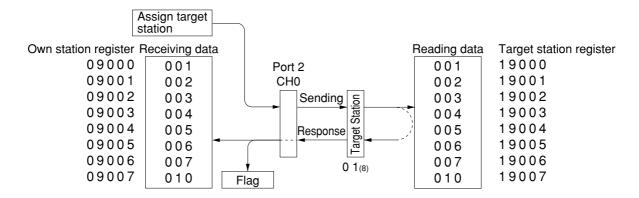
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[Example 2] In case of reading data of 8 bytes to slave station 01(8)

Module number installing own station JW-20CM : 2 Channel number using own station JW-20CM : 0 Data area of slave station 01(8) : 0 (file number)

Send top address of slave station 01(8): Register 19000 (file address 05000(8))

Receive data top address of own station: 09000



■ PC program

—|— 07356

